

დარეჯან გურასაშვილი

ტესტების კრებული ინგლისურ ენაში  
აბიტურიენტებისთვის

პასუხი

20 TESTS+CD  
A1+A2

NEW EDITION



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ტესტების კრებული ინგლისურ ენაში

აბიტურიენტებისათვის

პასუხებით

„ნაწილობრივი“ ს. ლტდ

თბილისი

2018

აღნიშნულ კრებულში წარმოდგენილია 20 ტესტი, რომელიც ამოწმებს გრამატიკის, ლექსიკის, წერის, კითხვისა და მოსმენის უნარ-ჩვევებს. კრებულში მოცემული ტესტური დავალებები შეესაბამება ინგლისური ენის ცოდნის ელემენტარულ და საშუალო დონეს. (Elementary and Pre-Intermediate). წიგნს თან ერთვის ტესტების პასუხები და დისკი.

წიგნი განკუთვნილია უფროსკლასელთათვის, აბიტურიენტებისა და მასწავლებლებისათვის.

გისურვებთ წარმატებებს !!!

რედაქტორი-შემდგენელი

დარეჯან გურასაშვილი

კომპიუტერული უზრუნველყოფა

დარეჯან გურასაშვილი

## TEST 1

### TASK 1: LISTENING

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

#### Text One

1. What was the weather like when the holidays began?  
A. rainy  
B. sunny  
C. cloudy
2. What was the weather like the last day of the holiday?  
A. cloudy  
B. rainy  
C. sunny

#### Text Two

3. What did Peter buy today?  
A. T-shirt  
B. hat  
C. jeans
4. how much did Peter spend?  
A. 20 pounds  
B. more than 20 pounds  
C. 10 pounds

#### Text Three

5. what does the woman want?  
A. coffee  
B. to pay  
C. menu
6. How much does the woman pay?  
A. 25 pounds  
B. 5 ponds  
C. 55 ponds

#### Text Four

7. Why is the boy worried?  
A. he is not ready for the georgraphy lesson  
B. he lost his book  
C. he is angry with the girl
8. Which is the boy's next lesson?  
A. Georgraphy  
B. Music  
C. Maths

#### Text Five

9. What will the woman do first?  
A. paint the walls  
B. clean the windows  
C. clean the floor
10. What are the man and woman going to do in the room ?  
A. paint the walls  
B. make new curtains  
C. repair the door



## TASK 2: READING

Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F)

### My trip to Canada by Tessa Watts

I had a great time on my adventure trip to Canada. I went with two teachers and all my classmates. I missed my family at first but by the end of the holiday, I didn't want to go home!

On my favourite day, we went on a really long walk in the mountains. We had to carry all our things in bags on our backs which was hard work but we never got bored because we all chatted the whole time. We had a rock climbing lesson just before our picnic lunch and later that afternoon we arrived at a lake where we camped for the night. Three of my classmates tried to fish, without success! I helped build the fire. The teachers and two of the older students made supper, then we sat in our blankets around the fire and sang songs and made wishes in the dark.

We decided not to sleep inside the tents, but outdoors because we wanted to look at the stars. Some of the boys made "bear" noises trying to make us afraid, but we were still laughing at midnight because we were having so much fun. I'll never forget that day.

T/F

1. Tessa travelled to Canada on her trip.
2. Tessa felt happy on the first day because she was with her family.
3. Tessa didn't talk a lot with other people on the walk.
4. After the picnic lunch, the group had a lesson in rock climbing.
5. The students caught three fish in the lake.
6. The older students helped the teachers make supper.
7. The students didn't sing songs because they left the guitar at home.
8. The group slept outside so they could look up at the sky.
9. Boys made frightening noises.
10. The day was unforgettable.

## TASK 3: READING

Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question. Some paragraphs correspond to more than one statement.

- A. \_\_ Jake woke up in his hotel in Paris and looked at his alarm clock. It was 8.30. It was late! He had a flight to Milan at 10.30, and an important meeting with Signor Rossini.
- B. \_\_ He didn't have time to have a shower. He got dressed quickly, didn't eat any breakfast, packed his bag and hurried downstairs.
- C. \_\_ As he checked out of the hotel, the receptionist gave him a message but he didn't look at it. He put it in his pocket, ran out of the hotel and got into a taxi.
- D. \_\_ The traffic on the way to the airport was terrible and the taxi cost a lot of money. He didn't arrive at the airport until ten past ten. He checked in, showed his boarding pass and ticket and rushed to the plane. He got on the plane the last moment.
- E. \_\_ He found his seat and sat down. A minute later the plane took off. He remembered the message in his pocket, he took it out and read it.
- F. \_\_ It was from his secretary and the message was: 'Don't go to Milan today'!

Which paragraph...

1. tells us that Jake left the hotel without having a shower?
2. states that in a hurry Jake didn't read the message?
3. describes the traffic to the airport?
4. could have the title: "Haste Makes Waste"?
5. mentions the person with whom Jake had an important meeting?

6. could have the title: "Just in Time" ?
7. could have the title : "Forgotten message Read at last"?
8. tells us what was the message about?

#### TASK 4: READING

Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.

I am Carol and I'm twelve. I live in Italy but I'm not Italian. I'm English. I have got a brother and a sister. My brother Paul is two years older than me. He can play the piano, the drums and the guitar. He plays in the school band. Paul is their guitarist.

Our sister Susan is younger than us. Her hair is short and curly. I haven't got curly hair. Mine is long and straight. I've a lot of friends. We go to the same school. My best friend is called Jane. Jane and I are good at Art but Maths is difficult for us. We like reading books and our favourite subject is Literature.

Jane and I live in the same street. Their house is bigger than ours and there is a wonderful garden behind it. When we were kids we played together there but now it's different. We like sitting and chatting under the trees.

1. Carol is ... .

- a. English
- b. Italian
- c. French

2. Her brother is ... .

- a. ten years old
- b. twelve years old
- c. fourteen years old

3. Paul plays the ... in the school band.

- a. guitar
- b. drums
- c. piano

4. Carol has got ... hair.

- a. long and straight
- b. short and curly
- c. long and curly

5. Carol and Jane's favourite subject is ... .

- a. Art
- b. Maths
- c. Literature

6. Carol's house is ... .

- a. bigger than Jane's
- b. smaller than Jane's
- c. the biggest in the street

7. Carol and Jane like ... .

- a. sitting in the garden
- b. playing games
- c. chatting in the house

8. The best title for the text is:

- a. Carol's family
- b. Carol's family and friends
- c. Carol's best friend

#### TASK 5: VOCABULARY

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once. Two words are extra.

dreamed (A)  
famous (B)  
died (C)  
married (D)  
born (E)

exhibited (F)  
mirror (G)  
bored (H)  
artist (I)  
accident (J)

changed (K)  
talent (L)  
world (M)  
century (N)

#### Frida Kahlo

Frida Kahlo is one of the most \_\_\_\_\_ (1) female artists in the world. She was \_\_\_\_\_ (2) on 6th July 1907 in Coyoacán, Mexico.

As a child, Frida \_\_\_\_\_ (3) of becoming a doctor and in 1922 she began studying Medicine. Unfortunately, at the age of 18, Frida was in a bus \_\_\_\_\_ (4) and spent a long time recovering in bed. It was then that she taught herself to paint. She even had a \_\_\_\_\_ (5) above her bed so she could paint herself. Frida's style combined Mexican folk art with surrealism. When Frida was 21, she met the famous \_\_\_\_\_ (6) Diego Rivera. He recognised her \_\_\_\_\_ (7) and encouraged her to keep painting. Diego and Frida got \_\_\_\_\_ (8) in 1929, but it was a difficult marriage. Nine years later, Frida had her first exhibition in New York City. She also \_\_\_\_\_ (9) her work in Paris. Frida was weak throughout her life and she \_\_\_\_\_ (10) in her hometown on 13th July, 1954. She was one of the most famous artists of the 20th \_\_\_\_\_ (11), not only in Mexico, but all around the \_\_\_\_\_ (12).

#### TASK 6: GRAMMAR

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.  
Do not copy the words from the text on the answer sheet.

#### QUEEN ELIZABETH I OF ENGLAND

Queen Elizabeth I of England was born \_\_\_\_\_ (1) Greenwich on September 7, 1533. She became \_\_\_\_\_ (2) queen when she was 25. Elizabeth studied well and learned to speak Latin, French, Italian, Greek and English, of course! She was intelligent, energetic \_\_\_\_\_ (3) brave. She was the first British monarch with \_\_\_\_\_ (4) English mother and an English father. But she never married and never had children. Many men wanted to marry her, \_\_\_\_\_ (5) she said no to all of them. Elizabeth was the Queen \_\_\_\_\_ (6) 44 years. This period is called \_\_\_\_\_ (7) Golden Age \_\_\_\_\_ (8) England became a rich and powerful country for the first time. It was a Golden Age for literature, discoveries and heroes too. Elizabeth was the queen of William Shakespeare, the great writer, of Sir Walter Raleigh, \_\_\_\_\_ (9) travelled to America and imported potatoes and coffee, and of Francis Drake, the pirate who destroyed \_\_\_\_\_ (10) "Spanish Armada".

#### TASK 7: GRAMMAR

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

**Hello, my dear friend!**

I (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ to you from Wales. Now I am on holiday with my family. We (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ my cousin Simon. He (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ in a lovely town called Tenby. The town is very old. It (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ a fortress and a wall around it.

We (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ here every year. Sometimes it (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ here in September but this time the weather is beautiful and the sun (7.) \_\_\_\_\_. Tenby is a very quiet place and it (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ nice to go for walks on the beach or have picnics in the countryside. This week we are very busy, because there is a special celebration on Saturday. The town is going to have a street party. Everyone (9.) \_\_\_\_\_ very hard to decorate the streets and to build a stage for dancing and playing music. All the women cook delicious food and make cakes. I (10.) \_\_\_\_\_ a really good time.

See you soon.  
Love, Sandra



**TASK 1: LISTENING**

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Text One**

1. What music will they have at the party?
  - A. guitar
  - B. piano
  - C. CD
2. What is wrong with the guitar?
  - A. it's out of tune
  - B. it's broken
  - C. it's dirty

**Text Two**

3. Why can't the man go on holiday in June?
  - A. his daughter is ill.
  - B. his parents are coming
  - C. his parents aren't staying home
4. When will the man go on holiday?
  - A. August
  - B. July
  - C. June

**Text Three**

5. What color is Mary's coat?
  - A. yellow
  - B. blue
  - C. brown
6. How many bags has Mary got?
  - A. two
  - B. one
  - C. three

**Text Four**

7. What did the woman repair?
  - A. chair
  - B. shelf
  - C. desk
8. What did they buy?
  - A. a new chair
  - B. a new desk
  - C. a new book

**Text Five**

9. What are they going to buy for Pam?
  - A. book
  - B. plant
  - C. chocolate
10. What did they buy for Pam last year?
  - A. a pair of shoes
  - B. a pair of scissors
  - C. a pair of books



## TASK 2: READING

Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T.) or False (F.)

*The Wizard of Oz* is one of my favourite films. It is as popular now as it was in the past. It stars Judy Garland and Frank Morgan and was directed by Victor Fleming. *The Wizard of Oz* was taken from a book called *The Wonderful Wizard of Oz*.

In this film Judy Garland plays Dorothy Gale, an American girl from Kansas. Dorothy lives on a farm. One day a strong wind blows her to the Land of Oz. It is beautiful and strange but Dorothy wants to go home. She is told to find the Wizard of Oz, who will help her.

Dorothy walks to the city of Oz along a long yellow road. She meets many strange characters: flying monkeys, a lion who wants to be brave, a man made of tin who hasn't got a heart, and a bad magician. After many adventures Dorothy meets the Wizard of Oz and uses magic shoes to return to her farm.

You must get the video of this film or try to see it on TV. The film is fantastic, funny and frightening. The music is wonderful and Judy Garland dances and sings amazingly. This is a great film for people of all ages.

### T/F

- 1 *The Wizard of Oz* is still a popular film.
- 2 Victor Fleming is one of the stars of *The Wizard of Oz*.
- 3 *The Wizard of Oz* was a film before it was a book.
- 4 Dorothy Gale is English.
- 5 The Land of Oz is beautiful.
- 6 Dorothy travels on a long road.
- 7 Dorothy meets a brave lion.
- 8 Dorothy isn't able to go home.
- 9 There are songs in *The Wizard of Oz*.
- 10 *The Wizard of Oz* is interesting for children and adults.

## TASK 3: READING

Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question. Some paragraphs correspond to more than one statement.

A. Have you ever been in the jungle? Jungles are very beautiful places but they can be dangerous as well- You should be well prepared when you go to the jungle. Remember these important tips in case you get lost. They can help you and others in your group survive.

Climb a hill so that you can see over the top of the trees. When you've found a hill, look to see if there is a river. You can follow the river out of the jungle to safety.

B. Find a dry place, but don't camp very near trees. It isn't safe to camp near trees because trees and branches can sometimes fall.

C. Wear strong insect repellent to keep dangerous insects away. Always look in your shoes before you put them on. Some insects like to hide in shoes and they will bite or sting you.

D. It's hot in the jungle, so it's important to drink enough water. Have you run out of water? Boil some water from a river to make it clean and safe to drink.

E. It's very important to stay cheerful. Think about how you will feel when you are safe with your family again. Try not to worry too much.

F. The sun and the stars can help you to find your way out of the jungle. Remember these tips and your trip to the jungle will be a lot safer!

Which paragraph...

1. Could have the title: "what do you know about jungles"?
2. Suggests to make a safe camp?
3. Tells us why we should find a hill?
4. Explains why it is necessary to drink lots of clean water?
5. Could have the title: "Look up at the sky"?
6. Says that it is important to think happy thoughts?
7. Has information about insects?
8. Warns us to check our shoes before we put them on?

#### TASK 4: READING

Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.

Barack Obama is the forty-fourth President of the United States, but the first black American President in the history of the country. He was born in Hawaii in 1961. His father was a black Kenyan, and his mother a white American from Kansas.

Barack is married to Michelle, and they have daughters, Malia Anne and Natasha, known as Sasha. The children go to a private school in Washington. The girls have a dog called Bo.

Michelle is an attorney (an American lawyer). She doesn't work now because her husband is President. She says her most important job is as mother to their children.

Barack Obama loves basketball. He has his own indoor basketball court in the White House, and he often invites professional basketball players to come and play with him. He also goes to the gym and sometimes plays golf. In the evening he sometimes plays billiards. He and Michelle like going to restaurants and the cinema, and visiting friends for dinner. The family goes to church every Sunday.

The President and his family live in the White House. It has 132 rooms. On the first floor there are lots of offices. Mr Obama works in the Oval Office in the White House. He often works more than sixteen hours a day. The President's home is on the second and third floors. There's a swimming pool and a cinema for the President and his family. One hundred people work for him. His chefs make his favourite food-chilli and pasta. Outside there are five big gardens. Bo loves playing there.

#### 1. Barack Obama is about...years old.

- A. thirty-nine
- B. forty-four
- C. fifty-three
- D. sixty-one

#### 2. Barack Obama is...

- A. the first President of the USA
- B. the 44<sup>th</sup> President of the USA
- C. the first black President of Kenya
- D. the second black President of the USA

#### 3. There are...people in Barack Obama's family.

- A. two
- B. three
- C. four
- D. five

#### 4. In his free time, Barack Obama likes playing...

- A. golf
- B. cards
- C. baseball
- D. cricket

#### 5. Barack Obama works...

- A. about seventeen hours a day
- B. in the church
- C. in the square Office
- D. in the White House

#### 6. Michelle Obama...

- A. is a teacher
- B. is the President's wife
- C. works as a lawyer
- D. looks after her sons

#### 7. Choose the true sentences.

- A. There are over a hundred and fifty rooms in the White House.
- B. Mr Obama's daughters go to a private school in Washington.
- C. Mr Obama and his family live in a block of flats.
- D. Barack Obama was born in Kenya.

#### 8. ....loves playing in the garden

- A. The President
- B. The President's dog
- C. The President's children
- D. The President's wife

#### ★ TASK 5: VOCABULARY

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once. Two words are extra.

Sunday	(A)	breakfast	(F)	dog	(K)
prepare	(B)	day	(G)	crazy	(L)
film	(C)	hours	(H)	downstairs	(M)
country	(D)	family	(I)	bed	(N)
sleep	(E)	dad	(J)		

Sunday is always a perfect \_\_\_\_\_ (1) for me. The best part about Sundays is that I get to \_\_\_\_\_ (2) late! Before I get out of bed, I think about what I will do that day. Then, I get up and go \_\_\_\_\_ (3) where mum always has a big \_\_\_\_\_ (4) waiting for me. After breakfast, I take a book and go out into our garden. I sit and read for a few \_\_\_\_\_ (5) and then I take my \_\_\_\_\_ (6), Jeff, to the park for a nice long run. After that, I walk home and I go and have lunch with my \_\_\_\_\_ (7) in our favourite restaurant. In the afternoon, \_\_\_\_\_ (8) takes us for nice long drives in the \_\_\_\_\_ (9). In the evenings, we all watch a \_\_\_\_\_ (10) together and then we go to \_\_\_\_\_ (11). Sometimes I think it's sad that \_\_\_\_\_ (12) only comes once a week!

#### TASK 6: GRAMMAR

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.

Do not copy the words from the text on the answer sheet.

Last weekend Tom was camping \_\_\_\_\_ (1) his friends. They did not want to go home \_\_\_\_\_ (2) they were having a good time. But on \_\_\_\_\_ (3) last night they were all very tired so they all went to sleep early. In the middle \_\_\_\_\_ (4) the night a strange noise woke Tom up. He heard a bang, like a gun. He was very scared, \_\_\_\_\_ (5) he got up and looked outside his tent. He couldn't see anything \_\_\_\_\_ (6) it was so dark. He decided to go outside \_\_\_\_\_ (7) look round. He found a stick to use as a weapon \_\_\_\_\_ (8) put on his coat because it was raining very heavily. Then he saw a bright light and \_\_\_\_\_ (9) big man was walking towards him. He screamed. The man put his hand \_\_\_\_\_ (10) his shoulder, Tom. Tom! It's me, Dad! 'Tom looked up. "It was raining so we came to get you. Tom was very surprised, but happy!

#### TASK 7: GRAMMAR

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Dear Bridget,

Greetings from Spain! My family and I (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ a wonderful time in Malaga. The weather is perfect! We (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ to the beach every day. We (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ at a beautiful hotel. At the moment, I (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ at the hotel cafe and eating my favourite ice-cream. My mum and dad (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ in the sea and my little brother, Jack, (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ sandcastles. The food is great here, too! We (7.) \_\_\_\_\_ local dishes every night at one of the seaside restaurants. My favourite dish is paella. After dinner, we usually (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ for a walk around the port. We (9.) \_\_\_\_\_ to the hotel late in the evening. How is it in Italy? (10.) \_\_\_\_\_ you/enjoy your holiday? Can't wait to hear from you!

Christina





## TEST 3

### TASK 1: LISTENING

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

#### Text One

1. How long is the woman going to stay in the hotel?
  - A. two days
  - B. six nights
  - C. six days
2. Which room will the woman stay in?
  - A. 6
  - B. 23
  - C. 43

#### Text Two

3. What will the boy wear in the race?
  - A. short running trousers
  - B. shorts and a hat
  - C. long running trousers
4. What is the weather like?
  - A. hot
  - B. cold
  - C. warm

#### Text Three

5. Where did Minnie and Richard first meet?
  - A. at school
  - B. on tennis courts
  - C. in the neighbourhood
6. Since when has Richard known Minnie?
  - A. since they became friends
  - B. since they became classmates
  - C. since they became neighbours

#### Text Four

7. Where will Susan buy her eggs?
  - A. little shop
  - B. farm
  - C. market
8. Susan prefers to buy ....?
  - A. fresh eggs
  - B. a dozen of eggs
  - C. old eggs

#### Text Five

9. How will the man travel to London?
  - A. by coach
  - B. by car
  - C. by train
10. Why didn't the man take fast train?
  - A. it's too expensive
  - B. it's too slow
  - C. it's too fast

## TASK 2: READING

Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F).

Cris Hinds from Middleborough saw an amazing thing yesterday afternoon.

He was walking along the bank of the river Tees with his son Neil. It was a fine afternoon and they were enjoying the walk. In front of them they could see a dog. It was sitting on the path. Chris could see that it had a broken leg.

When he and Neil went towards the dog, it tried to run away, but it couldn't, and it fell into the river.

The water was moving very fast and soon the dog was fifty metres from the bank.

Suddenly, Chris and his son saw a seal. It was swimming round the dog. When the dog's head went under the water, the seal went into action! It pushed the dog to the river bank. Then it swam back to the middle of the river and waited. Chris ran along the bank and pulled the dog on to the path. At that moment the seal disappeared.

Chris couldn't believe his eyes. 'You only see that sort of thing in Disney films, but I saw it in real life. It happened right in front of me!' he said. 'I couldn't believe my eyes!'

T/F

1. Chris Hinds lives in Middleborough.
2. He was walking along the river because he wanted to find his dog.
3. The weather was good.
4. The dog came towards Chris and his son.
5. Chris didn't know that the dog had a broken leg.
6. Suddenly the dog's head disappeared.
7. The seal pushed the dog's head under the water.
8. When Chris pulled the dog onto the path, the seal disappeared.
9. The seal saved the dog's life.
10. Chris and Neil were at the cinema.

## TASK 3: READING

Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question. Some paragraphs correspond to more than one statement.

A. \_\_ What was New York like in 1900? It was very different to New York today. Let's see!

In 1900 New York was a very big city. There were more than three million people. It was the biggest city in the USA.

B. \_\_ In New York today there are lots of very tall buildings, called skyscrapers. In 1900 there weren't any very tall skyscrapers, but there were some big buildings.

C. \_\_ There was The Statue of Liberty in New York harbour. You can still see the Statue of Liberty in New York today.

D. \_\_ The biggest houses had electric lights, but lots of houses and flats had candles. Some people had phones, but there weren't any computers so people didn't have email. There weren't any microwaves. People had big cookers.

E. \_\_ There were lots of theatres in New York, but there weren't any cinemas. People didn't have TVs, but they had books.

F. \_\_ Lots of people had horses and carriages, but some people had cars. There were taxis in New York in 1900 and buses and even underground trains. There weren't any planes and there wasn't an airport. There were big boats that came to New York from Europe.

### Which paragraph...

1. Names the tallest statue in New York City?
2. Has information about New York City electricity in 1900 ?
3. Tells us about the cultural life of New York?
4. Tells us about New York population in 1900?
5. Could have the title: " New York City transportation" ?
6. States that New Yorkers lived without any modern technology ?
7. Explains how people travelled from Europe to New York?
8. Could have the title: " New York City Buildings" ?

### TASK 4: READING

Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Dear Annie,**

I can't wait to tell you the news! Mum and I arrived here in Bulgaria yesterday afternoon. Our plane was a little late because it was snowing and the weather was awful. A bus was waiting at the airport and it took us to the hotel in the mountains. This is a beautiful small hotel. Our room is large and very warm. When I look out of the window, I can see the great white mountains all around us.

This morning we went skiing. It was fantastic! Some people went higher up the mountains but I didn't because I am not very good at skiing. You can ski all day but I got very tired and came back to the hotel about 3:00.

The food at the hotel is wonderful. Last night we had some traditional Bulgarian dishes. I really liked the banitsa. I met some nice people yesterday. They are a little older than me. Some of them are very good skiers. Tomorrow we are going to the nearby town. First, we are going shopping. Then we are going to eat at a special Bulgarian restaurant and finally, we are going to a concert. Two famous Bulgarian drummers are going to perform. I am having a wonderful time here. Bye for now.

Love,  
Nelly

**1. The plane was late because ... .**

- a. the bus was late
- b. the weather was bad
- c. it was too slow

**2. Nelly got to the hotel ... .**

- a. by car
- b. by bus
- c. by train

**3. Nelly didn't go higher up in the mountain to ski because...**

- a. she isn't a very good skier
- b. she doesn't like skiing
- c. she was very cold

**4. The girl ... the food at the hotel last night.**

- a. didn't really like
- b. didn't try
- c. liked very much

**5. Nelly is ... .**

- a. older than her new friends
- b. as old as her new friends
- c. younger than her new friends

**6. Nelly is going to the nearby town ... .**

- a. alone
- b. with her new friends
- c. with her mum

**7. In the nearby town, Nelly is going first to the ... .**

- a. shops
- b. concert hall
- c. restaurant

**8. Nelly thinks that her holiday is ... .**

- a. awful
- b. boring
- c. great

### TASK 5: VOCABULARY

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once. Two words are extra.

Kitchen	(A)	Breakfast	(F)	Stick	(K)
Surprise	(B)	House	(G)	Answered	(L)
Cook	(C)	Good	(H)	Electric	(M)
Things	(D)	Job	(I)	Bulb	(N)
Meals	(E)	Engineer	(J)		

A cook, who wanted to get a \_\_\_\_\_ (1), came to speak to Mrs Smith's house. She asked her what dishes they liked to have and the mistress said they had three \_\_\_\_\_ (2) a day and liked to have ham and eggs for \_\_\_\_\_ (3), a vegetable soup and beefsteak for lunch, chicken or fish for dinner. Then Mrs Smith took the cook to the \_\_\_\_\_ (4) and showed her the \_\_\_\_\_ (5) cooker, the washing and drying machines, a wash-disher, a microwave and other \_\_\_\_\_ (6).  
4. It won't be difficult for you to \_\_\_\_\_ (7) in our house," she said. "I don't think so," \_\_\_\_\_ (8) the cook and began to put on her coat. She was going to leave the \_\_\_\_\_ (9) when Mrs Smith asked in \_\_\_\_\_ (10), "Aren't you going to stay?" "No," said the cook, "your kitchen isn't \_\_\_\_\_ (11) for me. It's an \_\_\_\_\_ (12) you want, not a cook."

### TASK 6: GRAMMAR

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.  
Do not copy the words from the text on the answer sheet.

#### LIONEL MESSI

Lionel Messi is \_\_\_\_\_ (1) Argentinian footballer. Many people think that he is one of the best players in \_\_\_\_\_ (2) world. He was born on June 24, 1987 in Argentina. He has two brothers \_\_\_\_\_ (3) a sister. When Messi was five he started playing football. When he was only 11 doctors found \_\_\_\_\_ (4) he was ill. \_\_\_\_\_ (5) his parents didn't have enough money to pay for medicine.

The family decided to go to Europe. \_\_\_\_\_ (6) Europe directors of the famous football club Barcelona saw his talent. They gave him enough money \_\_\_\_\_ (7) medicine and Messi started playing for the team. He scored more than a hundred goals for FC Barcelona, and helped the team win \_\_\_\_\_ (8) championship four times, and the European Champions League twice. He helped his national team win the gold medal \_\_\_\_\_ (9) the 2008 Olympics in Beijing. Lionel Messi is the first footballer \_\_\_\_\_ (10) won the Golden Ball four times.

### TASK 7: GRAMMAR

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Paul lives in a small village in the south of England. He has an older brother and two sisters. His brother is at university in Scotland, but his two sisters still (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ at home. Paul's mother is a journalist for the local newspaper but she (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ at the moment. Paul's father (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ French in a college and so he (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ to France quite often with his students. Last year the whole family (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ go to Paris and (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ The Eiffel Tower. Where are they going this year? They (7.) \_\_\_\_\_ to America but Paul (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ to go because he (9.) \_\_\_\_\_ flying! He always (10.) \_\_\_\_\_, "next time, maybe."

1	A	lives	B	live	C	was living	D	lived
2	A	isn't working	B	wasn't working	C	didn't work	D	has not worked
3	A	taught	B	is teaching	C	teaches	D	was teaching
4	A	went	B	was going	C	goes	D	had gone
5	A	had gone	B	went	C	is going	D	was going
6	A	saw	B	has seen	C	had seen	D	is seeing
7	A	were flying	B	flew	C	has flown	D	are flying
8	A	didn't want	B	doesn't want	C	don't want	D	has wanted
9	A	doesn't like	B	didn't like	C	hadn't Liked	D	won't like
10	A	will say	B	would say	C	said	D	says

### TASK 8: WRITING

The advertisement given below is taken from an online newspaper.

Read the advertisement and write an email to ask for more information about the details which are indicated.

**CROWN EVENING LANGUAGE SCHOOL FOR**  
 Children, teenagers, adults **Languages:** *Chinese, German, English, French, Italian.*  
**4-weeks course**  
 Starts: October, 2  
 Ends: October, 29

*How many hours a week?* →

*How much?* →

*Teach Spanish?* →

Dear Sir/Madam,

I read your advertisement in the online newspaper. \_\_\_\_\_

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### TASK 10: WRITING

Read the essay task and write between 100-120 words.

**"If you find 100\$, is it yours to keep?"**

State your opinion and support it with reasons and examples.

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**TASK 1: LISTENING**

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Text One**

1. Which platform does the woman's train leave from?
  - A. platform 2
  - B. platform 6
  - C. platform 10
2. When does the woman's train leave?
  - A. at 5:10 am
  - B. at 2:00 am
  - C. at 7:10 am

**Text Two**

3. Where is the woman going?
  - A. to the market
  - B. to the airport
  - C. to the train station
4. How is Susan going to get there?
  - A. by coach
  - B. by train
  - C. by taxi

**Text Three**

5. When is Kim's birthday party?
  - A. June 16
  - B. June 30
  - C. June 11
6. How old is Kim now?
  - A. 15
  - B. 11
  - C. 16

**Text Four**

7. What will Sam do?
  - A. telephone
  - B. send a postcard
  - C. write a letter
8. Why won't Sam do as mother asks?
  - A. he will have no time
  - B. he is lazy
  - C. he won't have a phone

**Text Five**

9. What are on the floor?
  - A. some lemonade
  - B. pieces of glass
  - C. pieces of sugar
10. What has the girl broken?
  - A. a lemonade bottle
  - B. a glass
  - C. a picture

## **TASK 2: READING**

**Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F)**

### **William Caxton**

William Caxton is the first English printer. He was born in Kent in 1422. His father was a farmer. William did not want to become a farmer like his father. So his father sent him to London. He worked in an office which traded with different countries. William liked to read new books which were printed in Europe.

When William Caxton was thirty, after his master's death he started his own business in Belgium. In 1471 he left his business and began to translate French books into English. He became interested in printing and at last he learnt it. William wanted to have his own press one day and he did.

In 1476 he brought his printing-press to London. Printing was something new at that time and most people thought that it was the work of the devil. Some of the people wanted to break his press. Caxton printed his first book in 1477. It was the first book printed in the English language. The book was Caxton's translation of the French 'Tales of Troy'.

William Caxton printed about eighty books. He translated thirty one books from French. Caxton died in 1491.

### **T/F**

1. William Caxton is the first English writer.
2. He was born in the 15th century.
3. William came from a very rich family.
4. He liked the profession of his father.
5. The boy studied at university in London.
6. A lot of books were printed in England at that time.
7. William's master died when William was thirty.
8. William started his own business in England.
9. William printed his first book in Belgium.
10. People were afraid of his printing press.

## **TASK 3: READING**

**Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question. Some paragraphs correspond to more than one statement.**

**A.** Paella is a famous Spanish dish. It's rice with chicken and fish. It's very tasty. Tapas are also very popular in Spain. They are snacks— small dishes served between meals. They are warm or cold. They are delicious.

**B.** Scottish people like fish and chips very much. It's great and easy to cook. Peel and cut some potatoes. Fry the potatoes and some fish. Serve with some salt and salad.

**C.** Pizza and pasta are from Italy but they are popular around the world. Pizza first appeared in the United States with the arrival of Italian immigrants in the late 19th century and was very popular among large Italian populations in New York City, Chicago, Philadelphia, and Saint Louis.

**D.** Spaghetti with tomato sauce is very tasty. Boil spaghetti for a few minutes. Put it on a plate, put some sauce and some cheese on top. Eat with a spoon and fork.

**E.** People in many countries like chicken, fish, pasta or chips. But in some countries you can try very unusual dishes. France is famous for croissants and pancakes, but also for snails. In Asia, people eat many different things. Rice, vegetables, seafood and soups are very popular. But they also eat insects. You can buy fried grasshoppers at the markets.

**F.** People in South America also eat insects. You can buy popcorn with roasted ants or ants in chocolate. Scientists say that insects are very healthy.

**Which paragraph...**



1. Describes how to cook fish and chips?
2. Tells us about the origin of Pizza?
3. Could have the title: "Unusual Dishes"?
4. Has a detailed description how to cook spaghetti?
5. mentions insects in chocolate?
6. Tells us what Spaniards like to eat?
7. Could have the title : " Pizza in America"?
8. What France is famous for?

#### TASK 4: READING

Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.

Alain Robert comes from France. He's married and he's got two children. He always calls his children when he's finished work for the day. But Alain's job is very unusual - he's a climber. When he was young, he climbed the rocks and mountains near his home, but now he climbs skyscrapers! And he only uses his hands and special climbing shoes - he doesn't even use a rope!

So far, Alain has climbed more than eighty of the world's tallest buildings.

He has climbed the Taipei 101 skyscraper, which is over 500 metres high, the Eiffel Tower in Paris (300 metres high) and the Empire State Building in New York (443 metres high).

He has had two accidents, but they were very bad! In 1982 he fell fifteen metres and couldn't walk for two months. The same year he fell fifteen metres again and this time he didn't wake up for five days. There is one building that Alain hasn't climbed - the Petronas Twin Towers in Kuala Lumpur (Malaysia), which are 452 metres high. But he's going to climb one of the towers one day. He tried to do it in 1997 and 2007 but he had to stop. He didn't ask before he climbed, so the police were waiting for him at the 60<sup>th</sup> floor and they arrested him. On March 28, 2011 Alain climbed the tallest building in the world, the 828-metre Burj Khalifa tower in Dubai. It took him over six hours to complete the climb. In June 1999, Alain climbed the Marriott Hotel in Warsaw (140 metres high).

#### 1. Alain Robert is...

- A. American
- B. France
- C. French
- D. Malaysian

#### 2. There are...people in Alain's family.

- A. two
- B. three
- C. four
- D. five

#### 3. Alain always talks to...after work.

- A. his children
- B. the police
- C. his friends
- D. his wife

#### 4. The tallest structure which Alain climbed is ...

- A. the Empire State Building
- B. the Eiffel Tower
- C. the Taipei 101
- D. the Burj Khalifa

#### 5. Alain had two serious accidents about... years ago.

A. four

B. twelve

C. fourteen

D. thirty three

#### 6. Alain hasn't climbed the... yet.

- A. Petronas Towers
- B. Marriott Hotel
- C. Burj Khalifa
- D. Eiffel Tower

#### 7. Alain uses...when he climbs.

- A. a rope
- B. a harness
- C. his hands
- D. climbing equipment

#### 8. Choose the correct sentence.

- A. Alain has never climbed in Poland.
- B. Alain has climbed more than eighty of the world's tallest buildings.
- C. Alain hasn't climbed the highest building in the world yet.
- D. Alain has never climbed the mountains.

### TASK 5: VOCABULARY

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once. Two words are extra.

orange	(A)	eats	(F)	changed	(K)
dangerous	(B)	blood	(G)	biggest	(L)
spiders	(C)	than	(H)	frogs	(M)
people	(D)	smallest	(I)	find	(N)
live	(E)	widow	(J)		

There are more than 32,000 different types of \_\_\_\_\_ (1) in the world. Most \_\_\_\_\_ (2) hate them because they run very fast or sit in the bath but that's just small spiders. What about the really scary spiders?

Tarantulas are the \_\_\_\_\_ (3) spiders in the world. They can grow to 25 cm long (including their legs). They \_\_\_\_\_ (4) in South America and are brown, \_\_\_\_\_ (5) and hairy. Many people think they are very \_\_\_\_\_ (6) but you can't die from a tarantula bite. Their hairs give you a rash and it is very painful. Tarantulas live for 25 years. They can eat birds and \_\_\_\_\_ (7). The most dangerous spider is the black \_\_\_\_\_ (8) spider. It is much smaller \_\_\_\_\_ (9) a tarantula and is only 2.5 cm long. It is called a black widow because it kills its mate and \_\_\_\_\_ (10) it. You can die from a black widow spider bite. It injects poison into your \_\_\_\_\_ (11) and you can die in twenty-four hours! The \_\_\_\_\_ (12) spider is 0.5 mm long. Spiders have between 6 and 12 eyes. They eat their webs.

### TASK 6: GRAMMAR

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.

Do not copy the words from the text on the answer sheet.

#### RICHARD SMITH

Richard Smith was a farmer \_\_\_\_\_ (1) a school teacher. But when he was 60 he decided to write books \_\_\_\_\_ (2) children. Now, he is 67 years old. Every day he goes \_\_\_\_\_ (3) his study and writes. \_\_\_\_\_ (4) the evening he asks his wife to read his works. She tells him what she likes and what she doesn't like. Richard says: "I have seven grandchildren. They don't live \_\_\_\_\_ (5) us, they all live in the city, but they also read my stories and say if they are good \_\_\_\_\_ (6) bad". So Richard knows what young children like to read.

He likes to write \_\_\_\_\_ (7) animals especially dogs, \_\_\_\_\_ (8) they are very clever and learn quickly. His favourite book is "The Sheepdog". It is about a farmer and the dog \_\_\_\_\_ (9) helps him. Last year this book was made into a film. Richard was very pleased with the film. "Sometimes filmmakers change books, \_\_\_\_\_ (10) they didn't change mine and I love the film".

### TASK 7: GRAMMAR

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Jane lives London. She (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ as a travel writer for a magazine. She (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ abroad five or six times a year. So far she (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ most of the European countries.

Last year she (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ three months in Asia, and she (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ it so much that she (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ to come home.



**TASK 1: LISTENING**

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Text One**

1. What will Fiona wear to the dance?  
A. trousers  
B. dress  
C. skirt
2. When is Fiona going to dance?  
A. tomorrow  
B. in the evening  
C. tonight

**Text Two**

3. What homework is the girl doing now?  
A. science  
B. english  
C. maths
4. What is the boy doing now?  
A. Maths  
B. English  
C. Literature

**Text Three**

5. What does mother want to make?  
A. Juice  
B. cake  
C. salad
6. What is David going to buy?  
A. oranges  
B. juice  
C. apples

**Text Four**

7. What time is it?  
A. 2:10  
B. 2:20  
C. 2:30
8. What is wrong with the man's watch?  
A. it's 10 minutes fast  
B. it's ten minutes slow  
C. it's stopped

**Text Five**

9. What is Michael going to read?  
A. a letter  
B. a book  
C. a newspaper
10. What does the man want to read?  
A. a newspaper  
B. a book  
C. a letter

## TASK 2: READING

Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F)

### The cow is eating the roof

Jon Dafydd was a farmer who lived in an old house with a grass roof. He often said to his wife, Beth, 'I work harder than you.' One day Beth replied, 'We should change jobs for a day.' Jon said yes.

Before Beth went out she said to John, 'Don't forget. Take care of the baby, clean the house, cook lunch, collect the eggs, feed the goat and take the cow to the field.'

First Jon put the meat in the oven and washed the floor. Then the baby woke, so Jon sang but the baby didn't sleep again. Then he remembered to feed the goat. The goat was hungry and ran to Jon who fell over the goat. While he was getting up, the goat ate its food and ran away.

Next Jon collected the eggs. Before he finished, he heard the baby crying and ran to the house. There was earth on his shoes so he made the floor dirty. He put the eggs on a chair to feed the baby who was hungry. He got the baby some milk and sat on the eggs which all broke. Then he smelled the meat in the oven. It was burning.

At that moment Beth arrived. 'Why is the cow eating the roof?' she asked.

#### T/F

- 1 Jon's house was made of grass.
- 2 Jon is married.
- 3 Jon didn't want to change jobs with his wife.
- 4 There were lots of jobs in the house for Jon.
- 5 Jon didn't clean anything.
- 6 Jon collected the chicken eggs.
- 7 Jon sang a song to the baby.
- 8 Jon forgot about the meat in the oven.
- 9 Jon answered all of Beth's questions.
- 10 Jon thinks his work is easier than Beth's.

## TASK 3: READING

Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question. Some paragraphs correspond to more than one statement.

### The Snowman

A. \_\_ Once upon a time there was a boy called James. One cold winter morning in December, James woke up and looked out of the window. "Great!" he shouted. "It's snowing!" He got dressed quickly. He put on his red pullover and his blue jeans. "Mum! Can I go outside, please?" he asked. "Yes, James. But don't forget to put on your boots," she said. So James put on his black boots, his red hat and his red gloves and ran outside into the cold white snow.

B. \_\_ James started to make a snowball. Then he had a brilliant idea. "I know," he said, "I'll build a snowman!" First he made a big body. That was difficult work so he had a cup of tea. Then he put a second snowball onto the body to make the snowman's head, and then he made his arms.

C. \_\_ "I know!" thought James. "He needs a hat and a scarf. Mum! Can I have a hat and a scarf for my snowman, please?" He put them on the snowman, gave him a carrot for a nose and pieces of coal for his eyes.

Finally, he drew a line for his mouth. "Finished!" said James. "What a wonderful snowman!"

D. \_\_ "Tea time!" called James's Mum. James went inside and had some toast. He couldn't stop thinking about the snowman. Soon it was time for bed. He brushed his teeth and put on his pyjamas. "Goodnight, James. Sleep well." "Goodnight, Mum."



E. James fell asleep but he soon woke up and got out of bed to look at the snowman. It was midnight. He could not go back to sleep. He put on his pullover, jeans and slippers, walked downstairs and opened the door. He couldn't believe his eyes...

F. The Snowman moved! He took off his hat. He was a very polite Snowman. "How do you do!" said James. The Snowman walked slowly up to James and shook his hand. "I'm James," said James. "Please come in." James showed the Snowman the house and different things in the rooms. They talked a lot. Then they had a tasty midnight supper.

In the morning it was time to say goodbye. James went upstairs. Tired and happy, he fell asleep. When he woke up, his room was full of bright sunlight. "The Snowman!" he cried. He ran downstairs and into the garden. Where was the snowman? Only a hat, a scarf, a carrot and some pieces of coal were on the ground...

**Which paragraph...**

1. could have the title: "Two snowballs for a body"?
2. has information about a sad morning?
3. could have the title : " Great Job"?
4. describes James' sleepless night?
5. tells us that James finds a new friend ?
6. describes how James is getting ready for Winter Fun"?
7. shows what James does before going to bed?
8. tells us what made James happy on a cold December morning?

#### **TASK 4: READING**

**Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.**

For over 12.000 years, dogs have lived with people and helped us in our daily lives. In ancient Egypt the Pharaohs built statues of dogs and thought they were like gods. Today there are about 400 types of dog of different sizes and shapes. Dogs have the same five senses as people, but their sense of smell and hearing is much stronger. People train dogs to help and work for us. A dog's sense of smell is very helpful to the police. Dogs can find people, bombs and dangerous gases. When a dog starts barking, it's often because they've heard something. A dog's sense of hearing is very good and they can hear things that humans can't.

Dogs can also help blind people and become their 'eyes'. They can lead a blind person to the shops, onto buses, or just help them live a normal life.

For many people, dogs are just good company and make perfect family pets. They can be Friendly animals, but are usually expensive to keep and you must have the time to take them for walks, if you look after your dog, it can be a really good friend!

**1. Dogs have lived with people...**

- A for more than 12.000 years
- B since the 15<sup>th</sup> century
- C for 400 years

**2. In ancient Egypt people thought that dogs...**

- A were Pharaohs.
- B were statues.
- C were like gods.

**3. A dog's sense of smell...**

- A. is the same as ours.
- B. is very good.

C. is better than their sense of hearing.

**4. A dog might help the police to...**

- A. find a thief.
- B. train other policemen.
- C. make a bomb.

**5. Dogs often bark...**

- A. before they hear a noise.
- B. when they hear a noise.
- C. when they have smelt dangerous gases.

**6. Dogs help blind people to...**

- A do their shopping.
- B hear for them.

- C. live a normal life.  
**7. Having a pet dog can...**  
 A. cost a lot of money.  
 B. give you lots of free time.  
 C. make you feel friendly.

- 8. If you have a pet dog, you should...**  
 A. make a lot of friends.  
 B. take care of it.  
 C. give it lots of food.

#### TASK 5: VOCABULARY

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once. Two words are extra.

child	(A)	century	(F)	saved	(K)
angry	(B)	champion	(G)	much	(L)
boys	(C)	eating	(H)	meat	(M)
mother	(D)	athlete	(I)	shops	(N)
tragedy	(E)	sports	(J)		

Babe Didrikson Zaharias was one of the most extraordinary athletes of all time. She was a \_\_\_\_\_ (1) in basketball, track and field, and golf. She also swam, boxed, played baseball, and many other \_\_\_\_\_ (2). In 1950, she was named the greatest woman \_\_\_\_\_ (3) of the first half of the 20th \_\_\_\_\_ (4). This story happened to Babe when she was a \_\_\_\_\_ (5). She liked to play ball very \_\_\_\_\_ (6). One day, when she was in elementary school, her mother sent her to the \_\_\_\_\_ (7) to buy meat for dinner. On the way home, Babe met some \_\_\_\_\_ (8) playing baseball. She put her bag with \_\_\_\_\_ (9) under the tree and joined the game. An hour later, her angry \_\_\_\_\_ (10) came up, looking for the meat. Babe pointed to the place where she'd left it. A dog was happily \_\_\_\_\_ (11) up the last of the meat! The mother was very \_\_\_\_\_ (12) — she didn't know yet that her daughter was a future champion!

#### TASK 6: GRAMMAR

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.

Ronaldinho is a very famous sportsman. He comes from Brazil \_\_\_\_\_ (1) plays football for Barcelona. His name means 'little Ronaldo.' Sports fans love him \_\_\_\_\_ (2) he plays very well and scores lots of goals.  
 Ronaldinho has long, curly hair. He has big teeth and people sometimes say that he is ugly. Ronaldinho says \_\_\_\_\_ (3) he is not good-looking, but it is not important because he is a footballer, not a model. He always trains with his team and is slim and strong.  
 Ronaldinho is easy-going and often meets his fans. He talks \_\_\_\_\_ (4) them and they take photographs of him. \_\_\_\_\_ (5) his free-time, he likes being \_\_\_\_\_ (6) his family and especially with his son. He listens \_\_\_\_\_ (7) music, goes to concerts and sometimes plays \_\_\_\_\_ (8) drums with his close friends. When he is bored, he plays computer games.  
 Ronaldinho gets a lot of money from his job, \_\_\_\_\_ (9) prefers spending time with his friends and family. He enjoys his life and wants to play football \_\_\_\_\_ (10) many years.

#### TASK 7: GRAMMAR

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Dear Diary,

It's 11 pm and I (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ this in bed! I have a wonderful birthday. This morning Mum and I (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ shopping. She (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ me a super new handbag. In the afternoon I

(4.) \_\_\_\_\_ to the amusement park with Dad and my sister Betty. Betty (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ scared on some of the rides but I (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ they were fun. I usually (7.) \_\_\_\_\_ a party on my birthday, but most of my friends are away at the moment. So, Dad (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ us all out for a Chinese meal. My best friend Amelia (9.) \_\_\_\_\_ too. She (10.) \_\_\_\_\_ Chinese food so she ordered a steak! I had a fabulous day!

1	A	was writing	B	am writing	C	ill be writing	D	ha been writing
2	A	went	B	has gone	C	is going	D	will go
3	A	buys	B	has bought	C	bought	D	will buy
4	A	will go	B	is going	C	will be going	D	went
5	A	was	B	will be	C	has been	D	Is
6	A	think	B	thinks	C	is thinking	D	was thiking
7	A	had	B	have	C	is having	D	was having
8	A	takes	B	is taking	C	was taking	D	took
9	A	came	B	is comking	C	come	D	was coming
10	A	doesn't like	B	won't like	C	didn't like	D	hasn't liked

#### TASK 8: WRITING

The advertisement given below is taken from an online newspaper.

Read the advertisement and write an email to ask for more information about the details which are indicated.

**THE EXTREME SPORTS COMPANY** Offers summer sports  
**SAND SKIING**  
 a new sport from the USA June-August: 100\$ a 2 weeks course in California  
**DIVING**  
 200 \$ a 2 weeks course in Egypt  
**SNOWBOARDING**  
 All the year round: 350\$ a 2 weeks course in Switzerland

Who? teach?

Pay for? transport and equipment?

Who? for?

Dear Sir/Madam,

I read your advertisement in the online newspaper. \_\_\_\_\_

#### TASK 9: WRITING

Read the essay task and write between 100-120 words.

“ My favourite holiday.”

Do you agree or disagree with this opinion? State your opinion and support it with reasons and examples.



**TASK 1: LISTENING**

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Text One**

1. What does the woman want to buy?
  - A. some petrol
  - B. some medicine
  - C. some tickets
2. Where is the nearest petrol station?
  - A. 2 kms
  - B. 4 kms
  - C. 10 kms

**Text Two**

3. What did Monika do at the weekend?
  - A. went cycling
  - B. went out in her friend's new car
  - C. watched TV
4. What did Monika say about the car?
  - A. she liked it
  - B. she didn't like it
  - C. she said it was old

**Text Three**

5. Which fruit does the woman want to buy?
  - A. apples
  - B. bananas
  - C. grapes
6. Which fruit does the woman buy?
  - A. banans
  - B. apples
  - C. oranges

**Text Four**

7. Where is the man going next year?
  - A. China
  - B. Japan
  - C. Thailand
8. How many times has the man visited Thailand?
  - A. two times
  - B. twice
  - C. three times

**Text Five**

9. What type of sould does the man want to have?
  - A. onion soup
  - B. tomato soup
  - C. fish soup
10. What type of soup is he going to have?
  - A. chicken soup
  - B. tomato soup
  - C. onion soup

## TASK 2: READING

Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F)

### PANCAKE DAY

As far as everyone knows, English people have got a lot of nice traditions and holidays. One of them is called Pancake Day. It is usually in March. On this day Englishmen eat a plenty of tasty pancakes! They have pancakes not only at home, but at school as well. But they not only eat pancakes, they run with them.

This holiday takes place in most of English places every year. These races are run by housewives. There are special rules about pancake races: housewives must wear aprons, hats or scarves on their heads. They must run about 415 yards (410 metres).

A bell rings twice before the race. With the first bell the women must make their pancakes. With the second bell they start running with a pancake in a frying-pan. While running the race, they must toss the pancakes three times and catch it back on a frying-pan. If the pancake falls down, the runner must pick it up and toss it again.

The other members of the families watch the runners and cheer: "Run, Mum, run, run quickly!"

T/F

1. Pancake Day is in May.
2. English people eat a lot of pancakes this day.
3. They dance with pancake.
4. Only men take part in races.
5. Racers must run about 410 metres.
6. A bell rings twice before the race.
7. With the first bell the women mustn't make their pancakes.
8. With the second bell they don't start running with a pancake in a frying-pan.
9. If the pancake falls down, the runner may pick it up and toss it again.
10. The other members of the families watch the runners and cheer their mothers.

## TASK 3: READING

Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question. Some paragraphs correspond to more than one statement.

A. \_\_ Sarah Turner has an unusual job. She trains sharks at the Sea Life Centre. This is what she says about her job. I've always loved sharks. They're amazing creatures and they're very clever. Lots of people are scared of them, of course. I want to learn more about them so that I can teach people not to be scared.

B. \_\_ I usually feed, study and train the sharks. The sharks live in huge tanks. I also study sharks in their natural habitat. You need to be brave to dive with a video camera to film the sharks in the sea!

C. \_\_ We teach them to touch a special button to get food. There is a different button for every species of shark here. Every button is a different colour and has a different pattern on it. The sharks learn to recognize their button and press it with their noses when they are hungry. We move the buttons around the tank so that the sharks learn to follow them.

D. \_\_ What does this teach us about sharks? \_\_ Many things. It tells us that sharks can understand and remember. They understand that one button means "food", although it doesn't look like food. And when we put the button in a different place, they still remember it.

E. \_\_ Sharks usually stay in groups. We want to teach the sharks to come to special places so that we can study them and check their health. We start by teaching them to come to different places to get food. We have to teach them one thing at a time. Sharks get scared when you try to do lots of things at once.

F. \_\_ I've learnt a lot about their eating habits and routines. I've also learnt that all sharks have different personalities. One of the young sharks here likes to chase the bigger sharks. She also likes

to play with her food. I hope my work will teach people that sharks are not monsters. They are often clever, funny creatures.

### Which paragraph...

1. tells us about sharks' personality?
2. says that you need to be brave to train sharks?
3. states that sharks are intelligent animals?
4. gives the answer to the following question : "what things has Sarah learned about sharks?"
5. Could have the title: "Why Sarah Became a Shark Trainer" ?
6. describes how sharks are trained?
7. could have the title: "What Sarah Does at Work" ?
8. names the place where sharks are trained?

### TASK 4: READING

Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.

*Harry Land is British, but he works at a university in South Africa and studies crocodiles. He describes his work with some of the most dangerous animals in the world.*

I work in a team. We study the crocodiles' behaviour and look for their nests. We also watch their feeding habits, and weigh and measure them. We are looking for changes in their size or their habits in the last few years. We don't kill or hurt them and we try to make sure they don't kill or hurt us!

We catch crocodiles either with ropes or traps. We usually catch the smaller crocodiles at night from boats. We use a rope and pull them onto the boat. Then we immediately tie up their mouths. Crocodiles have got very sharp teeth! We also watch out for their strong tails. Some crocodiles are too big to catch in this way. Instead we use traps on land.

Crocodiles are interesting creatures, but they are also very frightening. Neither males nor females like humans, but females are especially dangerous. This is because mothers get very angry when people go near their nests. Luckily, they don't like large groups of people. I certainly wouldn't go near a mother on my own. I'm not brave enough! Small crocodiles have bitten me a few times and once a big crocodile charged our boat. That experience was really frightening. But, I've never fallen in the water and I never want to! So I try to be careful. On a hot day in the middle of a group of hungry crocodiles, you would really be in trouble!

#### 1. Harry Land works ...

- A. in different places around the world
- B. at a school
- C. in the United Kingdom
- D. in South Africa

#### 2. Harry's team ...

- A. find out how long the crocodiles live
- B. study what the crocodiles hide
- C. find out how funny the crocodiles are
- D. study how the crocodiles behave

#### 3. When Harry catches a crocodile, he usually...

- A. kills it
- B. sends it to a zoo
- C. studies it
- D. sells it

#### 4. Harry's team catch crocodiles ...

- A. with rods
- B. with bare hands
- C. from the beach
- D. with hidden traps

#### 5. A crocodile has...

- A. bitten Harry
- B. attacked Harry in the water
- C. pulled Harry into the water
- D. attacked Harry's friend

#### 6. Female crocodiles...

- A. defend their nests from people
- B. have very sharp beaks
- C. are never scared
- D. are less dangerous than male crocodiles

#### 7. Harry's team ...

- A. catch all the crocodiles from boats

- B. pulls out crocodiles' teeth  
C. catch crocodiles in different ways  
D. never catch crocodiles on land  
8. Harry is ...

- A. brave  
B. careful  
C. lazy  
D. strict

### TASK 5: VOCABULARY

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once. Two words are extra.

Friends	(A)	notice	(F)	surprised	(K)
number	(B)	television	(G)	lost	(L)
strange	(C)	book	(H)	watch	(M)
happened	(D)	Italian	(I)	times	(N)
phone	(E)	together	(J)		

What \_\_\_\_\_ (1) with me seems unbelievable. I was sitting at home one evening watching \_\_\_\_\_ (2) when the phone rang and a voice asked, in Italian, "Is that the book shop in via del Corso?". I'm Italian and I spoke to her in \_\_\_\_\_ (3) and told her it was a London number. I don't know why, but I had this \_\_\_\_\_ (4) feeling. Her voice was so familiar for me. Anyway I just said, "Cristina, is that you?" She sounded really \_\_\_\_\_ (5) and then she said, "Maria, is that you?" We couldn't believe it. We were \_\_\_\_\_ (6) in Italy and we used to work \_\_\_\_\_ (7). I moved to London five years ago and we \_\_\_\_\_ (8) touch. She didn't have my new phone \_\_\_\_\_ (9) because I've moved several \_\_\_\_\_ (10) since I first came to England. It was so strange. She dialed the number of a \_\_\_\_\_ (11) shop in Italy and for some reason my \_\_\_\_\_ (12) rang in London!

### TASK 6: GRAMMAR

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.

#### THE GREAT FIRE OF LONDON

The summer of 1666 was very hot \_\_\_\_\_ (1) there was not any rain. One night \_\_\_\_\_ (2) September a strong wind started to blow.

The fire started in a baker's shop, where a baker made bread on a fire in a big oven. Soon \_\_\_\_\_ (3) fire was very big. In those days the streets of London were very narrow. The houses were wooden and, \_\_\_\_\_ (4) of the hot weather, they were very dry. \_\_\_\_\_ (5) fire went quickly from house \_\_\_\_\_ (6) house and from street to street.

Many people ran \_\_\_\_\_ (7) from the city. But some of them stayed in London. They took water from the river to fight the fire. The fire burned \_\_\_\_\_ (8) three days and three nights. Many houses and buildings burned down. After the fire many people lived in tents \_\_\_\_\_ (9) the fields near London. It was a terrible fire. How many people died, do you think? A hundred? A thousand? No. \_\_\_\_\_ (10) answer is: six.

### TASK 7: GRAMMAR

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Dear Kate,

I'm sorry I (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ for ages, but I (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ home for a few weeks. I was in Spain and I (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ home yesterday.

I (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ a great time in Spain! (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ there? I really (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ myself and I needed the rest after working so hard last year. I (7.) \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of museums

on the trip, but I (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ much time on the beaches. I also took lots of photos. I (9.) \_\_\_\_\_ some of them with this email. Let me know what you think! (10.) \_\_\_\_\_ a place so much before. I'll probably go back for my holidays next year too.

Are you interested?

See you soon,

Owen

### TASK 8: WRITING

**You have left you mobile phone at your friend Emily's house. Write a note to Emily.**

- **Describe** your phone:
- **Ask** if she has found it:
- **Ask when** you can come and get it.

Write **35-50** words.

### TASK 9: WRITING

**Read the essay task and write between 100-120 words.**

**“The person I admire most.”**

**State your opinion and support it with reasons and examples.**

*[The page contains faint horizontal lines, suggesting it was part of a lined notebook or document.]*

**TASK 1: LISTENING**

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Text One**

1. What is the date of the concert?
  - A. February 5<sup>th</sup>
  - B. February 7<sup>th</sup>
  - C. February 9<sup>th</sup>
2. What did the man decide to do in the end?
  - A. to go to the meeting
  - B. to go to the concert
  - C. not to go to the concert

**Text Two**

3. Where did the woman have lunch?
  - A. in the car
  - B. in the cafe
  - C. in the park
4. Where is the cafe?
  - A. near the school
  - B. at the park
  - C. at the station

**Text Three**

5. What were the boys going to do?
  - A. to play football
  - B. to play basketball
  - C. to play tennis
6. What is David doing now?
  - A. playing tennis
  - B. studying
  - C. riding a bike

**Text Four**

7. Which instrument is the girl learning to play?
  - A. the piano
  - B. the violin
  - C. the guitar
8. What other instrument is she going to learn next?
  - A. drums
  - B. guitar
  - C. violin

**Text Five**

9. What are they watching on TV now?
  - A. football match
  - B. police story
  - C. quiz show
10. What does father offer to watch later ?
  - A. song contest
  - B. talk show
  - C. football match



## TASK 2: READING

Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F)

### A LACONIC ANSWER

The Lacons lived in the part of Southern Greece which was called Laconia. The people who lived there were very brave. They loved their Motherland and defended it from all the enemies. Their life was very simple. They tried to follow the laws of their country and never spoke long. "The shorter the better" was their rule. "Never use more words than you need", was another rule. And nowadays as you probably know a very short answer is often called a laconic answer, because the Lacons usually gave short answers.

In Northern Greece there was a land called Macedonia. King Philip ruled there. He was not very clever and he was not very brave, but he wanted to become king of all Greece. So, he collected a great army and soon he became master of all Greece. Only Laconia was not conquered. Then king Philip wrote a letter and sent it to the brave Lacons. The letter said: "If I win the battle with your army, I will become your king and ruin your great city".

A few days later an answer was brought back to him. King Philip found only one word in it. The word was very short, and that was "If".

### T/F

1. King Philip lived in Macedonia.
2. He was very clever and brave.
3. His dream was to conquer Laconia.
4. The Lacons usually gave long answers.
5. There was only one word in the Lacons' letter to Philip.
6. In Northern Greece there was a land called Macedonia.
7. King Philip ruled in Macedonia.
8. The Lacons didn't love their Motherland and didn't defend it.
9. The Lacons usually gave short answers.
10. The word was very short, and that was "When".

## TASK 3: READING

Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question. Some paragraphs correspond to more than one statement.

A. \_\_ Most of the teenagers in this small town usually stay in bed or go shopping with friends on Saturday morning. But last Saturday was an unusual day for them. They all got up before 9 o'clock. They washed dishes, made beds, ironed clothes, washed cars.

B. \_\_ Most teenagers don't usually want to do these things, but this was different. They were raising money for charities for children. It was the idea of 15-year-old Patricia Walker. She organized everything. The idea was simple.

C. \_\_ In the morning, teenagers from the neighbourhood helped in hotels, restaurants, garages, and shops. The shop owners gave each group £25 for a charity. Patricia said, "It was a fabulous day for everyone. I don't usually like housework, but today I went to the Lion Hotel and made 100 beds."

D. \_\_ Then I went to the hotel restaurant and washed dishes for two hours. I was with two friends, so it was fun. We laughed a lot. But now my mum wants me to make all the beds and wash all the dishes at home, for no money!" Other young people worked in the local garage and washed cars, or worked in the local shops.

E. \_\_ In the afternoon and evening the teenagers organized a show. They sang, danced, and played instruments. A local pop group, the Shiners, came too and helped to raise money.

F. \_\_ Finally, at 9 o'clock in the evening, they had a barbecue in the town centre. At the end of the day there was more than £400 for charity. The young people of the neighbourhood were very happy. They want to organize another charity day before Christmas.

## Which Paragraph?

1. Mentions the name of a teenager who organized everything?
2. Describes an unusual Saturday morning?
3. Names a local pop group that helped teenagers?
4. Explains why teenagers enjoyed the day?
5. Has information about the amount of money they raised for charity?
6. Could have the title: "Singing and Dancing"?
7. Has information about where everyone ate after the charity evening?
8. Could have the title: "Mums Want Us To Work For No Money" ?

### TASK 4: READING

Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.

Debbie Sullivan is a very busy woman. She's got ten children. Every morning she wakes up at six o'clock. The older children get up at six-thirty and start school at eight-thirty. Debbie spends most days at home with her babies, cooking and cleaning. She doesn't have time to go out to work, but she doesn't mind her life. She'd like to have more children. Debbie's husband Bob, works in an office. He doesn't enjoy it, but he earns lots of money. Debbie spends most of it on food and clothes for the children.

Debbie likes the evening best. After dinner, she sits down in the living-room and tells the children a story before they go to bed. She doesn't read from a book, because these are her own stories. Every week she tells a different story that starts on Monday and ends on Sunday. Once the children are asleep, Debbie can relax. But she doesn't sit and watch TV with Bob. She writes her latest story in a notebook before she forgets it.

Bob sent one of Debbie's stories to a competition in a newspaper and it won. They said she should become a writer, but Debbie wasn't sure that she was good enough. But the children thought it was a good idea, so she decided to try. She took them to a zoo. They liked the elephant best, so Debbie wrote a story about it. The book company loved it. You can now buy this story in the bookshops.

#### 1. Debbie would like to...

- A. work in an office.
- B. go out more .
- C. get a job.
- D. have another baby.

#### 2. Debbie's husband...

- A. earns very little money.
- B. doesn't like his job.
- C. doesn't give her any money .
- D. works as a carpenter.

#### 3. Debbie tells children a story...

- A. before they go to bed.
- B. in the afternoon.
- C. at dinner time.
- D. to send them to sleep

#### 4. Every night, Debbie...

- A. watches a lot of TV.
- B. reads from the same book.
- C. tells a part of a story.
- D. starts a new story.

#### 5. After telling a story, Debbie...

- A. goes to bed.
- B. watches television.

C. tries to remember it.

D. tells Bob about it.

#### 6. Debbie decided to become a writer because...

- A. her children wanted her to.
- B. she knew she could do it.
- C. she wanted to win a competition.
- D. her husband asked her to.

#### 7. Debbie wrote a story about the elephant, because...

- A. the book company loved it.
- B. it's her favourite animal
- C. the book company told her to
- D. her children liked it

#### 8. Choose the correct sentence...

- A Debbie doesn't tell children a story on Saturday.
- B. You can't buy Debbie's a story about the elephant yet.
- C. Once Debbie's story won a competition.
- D. Debbie's children start school at quarter past eight.



### TASK 5: VOCABULARY

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once.

flowers	(A)	people	(F)	beaches	(K)
potatos	(B)	terrible	(G)	thousand	(L)
living	(C)	volcano	(H)	student	(M)
island	(D)	science	(I)	ran	(N)
house	(E)	food	(J)		

Hello. I'm Penny. I'm a high school \_\_\_\_\_ (1) from Montserrat in the West Indies. I'm good at \_\_\_\_\_ (2) and I want to be a scientist. I hope to study volcanoes.

Montserrat is a nice \_\_\_\_\_ (3). It's got a volcano, but it's also got beautiful \_\_\_\_\_ (4), green trees and colourful birds and \_\_\_\_\_ (5). The weather is great, too.

West Indian people like \_\_\_\_\_ (6) from Montserrat. We usually eat \_\_\_\_\_ (7), fish, rice and fruit. A lot of people are farmers and they grow food for their families. Other people work with tourists.

In 1990 there were eleven thousand \_\_\_\_\_ (8) in Montserrat. Now there are about five \_\_\_\_\_ (9) people. A lot of people left because the volcano erupted. Ash from the \_\_\_\_\_ (10) covered our house in the capital.

I'm \_\_\_\_\_ (11) in London at the moment with my mum, brother and sister. My dad is in Montserrat. He's building a new \_\_\_\_\_ (12) for us. I feel sad that he is not with us.

### TASK 6: GRAMMAR

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.

Dan Radcliffe is \_\_\_\_\_ (1) actor. He plays Harry Potter in \_\_\_\_\_ (2) Harry Potter films. He lives with his parents in London, the capital city \_\_\_\_\_ (3) the United Kingdom. He goes to a boys' school in London. He doesn't go to Hogwarts. Dan starts school \_\_\_\_\_ (4) twenty to nine every day and finishes at four o'clock. Then he does his homework. When his homework is ready he likes meeting friends \_\_\_\_\_ (5) the park. They play football, ride a bike or just talk. Later in the evening, Dan plays games on his computer. He goes to bed at quarter past nine every evening. \_\_\_\_\_ (6) Saturday afternoon, he goes \_\_\_\_\_ (7) a walk with his parents and their dog. Dan loves the school holidays. Then he has time to play in films. His favourite food is fish but he doesn't like chips. \_\_\_\_\_ (8) breakfast he has fruit juice, cereal and a cup of hot chocolate. His favourite snack is diet cola \_\_\_\_\_ (9) a chocolate bar. Dan likes music very much. He likes rock \_\_\_\_\_ (10) punk but he doesn't like rap.

### TASK 7: GRAMMAR

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Harry was at Peter's house yesterday. The two boys were in Peter's room. They (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ a computer game when Mrs Hardy, Peter's mum opened the door. "Dinner's ready!" she said. When Peter and Harry went to the kitchen, Lucy was putting the plates on the table. Harry (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ down at the table. Mrs Hardy (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ a big bowl with spaghetti and tomato sauce and (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ it to Peter. While he (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ the bowl to the table, Peter tripped and the bowl (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ into the air. Unfortunately, the spaghetti landed on Harry! Harry went to his house next door and changed clothes, but it wasn't his lucky day! While he (7.) \_\_\_\_\_ back to Peter's house, it (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ to rain. He (9.) \_\_\_\_\_ an umbrella so he ran back to his house. While he (10.) \_\_\_\_\_, he slipped and fell into a pool of muddy water!

1	A	were playing	B	was playing	C	will be playing	D	Is playing
2	A	sit	B	sat	C	was sitting	D	were sitting
3	A	was filled	B	filled	C	was filling	D	has filled
4	A	gives	B	was giving	C	gave	D	is giving
5	A	were carrying	B	is carrying	C	has carried	D	was carrying
6	A	was flying	B	were flying	C	has flown	D	flew
7	A	walked	B	is walking	C	was walking	D	will walk
8	A	starts	B	started	C	is starting	D	was starting
9	A	didn't have	B	doesn't have	C	won't have	D	wouldn't have
10	A	was going	B	is going	C	has been going	D	will be going

### TASK 8: WRITING

The advertisement given below is taken from an online newspaper.

Read the advertisement and write an email to ask for more information about the details which are indicated.

#### Shakespeare's Birthplace and Shakespeare's Exhibition Henley Street

• Exhibition illustrating the play writer's life & career

Mon-Sat: 9.00 a.m.-5 p.m.

Special prices for groups and families

Tel: 01 224 99 66 33

Prices for children?

Exact address?

Snacks available?

Dear Sir/Madam,

I read your advertisement in the online newspaper.

### TASK 9: WRITING

Read the essay task and write between 100-120 words.

"How does learning a foreign language change you?"

State your opinion and support it with reasons and examples.

**TASK 1: LISTENING**

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Text One**

1. What job does the boy want to do?
  - A. doctor
  - B. teacher
  - C. journalist
2. Why can't the boy make a doctor?
  - A. He doesn't want to be a doctor
  - B. His mom doesn't want him to be a doctor
  - C. He is not good at science

**Text Two**

3. What is wrong with the boy?
  - A. He fell off his bike
  - B. he hurt his finger
  - C. he has a headache
4. Which part of the boy's body hurts the most?
  - A. leg
  - B. head
  - C. hands

**Text Three**

5. Which activity did the boy not do?
  - A. horse riding
  - B. climbing the hill
  - C. playing football
6. how does the boy feel about the activity?
  - A. he liked it
  - B. he didn't like it
  - C. he says he will never take part in it

**Text Four**

7. What will the girl buy?
  - A. trousers
  - B. jacket
  - C. dress
8. How does the girl want to look at the party?
  - A. same as other girls
  - B. different
  - C. strange

**Text Five**

9. What did the girl like best about the college?
  - A. swimming pool
  - B. art room
  - C. computer department
10. How long can students have a laptop ?
  - A. for a month
  - B. for a year
  - C. for some days

## **TASK 2: READING**

**Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F).**

### **THE ADVENTURES OF ERIK AND LEIF**

Erik the Red was born in Norway in 950, but he moved to Iceland when he was a boy. People called him "the Red" because of his red hair. Life in Iceland was hard and it was a very cold place. Erik had many enemies, and he killed two men. After that, he decided to leave Iceland to escape from his enemies.

In 982, Erik sailed West and discovered a new country. It was cold, icy and snowy, but Erik wanted people to come to this new country, so he called it Greenland. Later, he returned to Greenland with more people in 986. The boats were very small, but they had cows, pigs, sheep and hens with them. Later, Leif continued his travels to South. He discovered another green and beautiful place. It was warm and sunny and there were different fruit, including grapes. This was a part of the modern United States. Leif and his men were probably the first Europeans who visited North America. Leif, Erik's son, was born in 975 and lived with his father in Greenland. Like his father, he wanted to travel. In summer of 1002, Leif sailed West to look for another country. This was Canada.

#### **T/F**

1. Erik moved to Iceland when he was an adult.
2. His hair was dark.
3. He decided to leave Iceland to escape from his enemies.
4. Erik's boats were big and full of different animals.
5. Leif, Erik's son, liked to travel.
6. Erik sailed West and discovered a new country.
7. Erik the Red was born in Norway in 950.
8. He returned to Greenland with more people in 986.
9. The new country which Eric discovered was Canada.
10. Eric was a brave man.

## **TASK 3: READING**

**Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question.**

#### **Which paragraph...**

1. could have the title: "God's punishment"?
2. describes the earth without people?
3. describes God's only rule?
4. shows how Adam and Eve disobeyed God?
5. could have the title "Temptation"?
6. shows Adam's careless life in the Garden of Eden?
7. states that Adam is not lonely anymore?
8. first mentions the evil snake?

#### **Adam and Eve**

**A.** Once upon a time there were no people on the earth. There were only animals, birds and plants. God wanted to make Man. He created the first human in his image. He called the man Adam. Adam lived in the Garden of Eden. This was a wonderful, heavenly place. It was warm

and green. Adam had everything that he needed, but he was lonely. He said, "God, this garden is lovely. I am happy here, but I am lonely too."

**B.** Then God decided to make Woman. He called the woman Eve. She was beautiful. She lived in the garden with Adam and they were very happy. They talked together. They played with the animals.

**C.** God said, "Live here together in my Garden of Eden. You are my children. I want you to be happy. I give you only one rule. You can do everything here, but never eat an apple from my apple tree." Adam and Eve stayed in the garden. They obeyed God's rule.

**D.** One day Eve walked by the apple tree. There was a snake near the tree. The snake was evil. He wanted to tempt Eve. He said, "Eve, taste this apple. It is a delicious apple." Eve answered, "No. God said that we cannot eat the apples from this tree. I cannot disobey him." The snake talked to her again. He said that the apple was delicious. He said this many times.

**E.** Eve finally believed the snake. She tasted the apple. It was wonderful. She wanted Adam to try it too. Adam came to the tree. He was shocked, but he agreed. He tasted the apple.

**F.** God learned that Adam and Eve disobeyed him. He was very angry. He said, "You are bad and dishonest. I said (hat you can never eat these apples. You must leave the Garden now. You cannot live here." Adam and Eve were embarrassed and sorrowful. They never lived in the Garden of Eden again. Their lives were sad and full of pain.

#### **TASK 4: READING**

**Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.**

#### **Rio de Janeiro Carnival**

Carnivals first started in Ancient Rome and quickly spread to other Italian cities and then to other European countries. Nowadays Carnival celebrations take place in towns and cities all over the world. The Carnival is a celebration or colourful parade with some elements of a circus and public street party. People often dress up or put on masks during these celebrations. The amazing Carnival in Rio de Janeiro takes place between late February and early March. It is the most famous holiday in Brazil. More than one million tourists from Brazil and all over the world visit Rio de Janeiro to enjoy this unforgettable celebration. Carnival Sunday is seven weeks before Easter Sunday. The main event – the Samba Parade – starts at 9 p.m. on Sunday. This samba marathon is more than an explosion of music and brilliant colours, it is also a competition. Thousands of excited participants arrive in the city. They dance in the streets and watch the parade lasting all night. The focus of the main parade are the samba dance schools. They work hard to prepare their costumes and to find the best music for their show. In front of Copacabana beach, dancers in colourful costumes demonstrate their dancing skills and have fun. The whole city, from the youngest children to the oldest men and women, takes part in this colourful celebration. This is the ideal time for the whole family to have a good time together. A lot of people say the Carnival in Rio is the greatest party on earth.

**1. The first carnivals took place in ... .**

- A. Brazil
- B. Italian big cities
- C. Ancient Rome

**2. All participants wear ... .**

- A. costumes and masks
- B. costumes or masks
- C. only masks

**3. The carnival in Rio de Janeiro takes place...**

- A. before Easter
- B. after Easter
- C. during Easter holiday

**4. The central event of the carnival is ... .**

- A. the preparation
- B. the street party
- C. the samba marathon

**5. The Samba Parade is ... .**

- A. only a marathon of dancing
- B. just a demonstration of costumes
- C. a show and a competition as well



6. ... are the focus of the parade.

- A. The samba dancers      B. The tourists  
C. The best musicians

7. Samba dancers demonstrate their skills in front of....

- A. the theatre    B. Copacabana beach

C. the City Hall

8. ... take part in the celebration.

- A. Only professional dancers  
B. All people of all ages  
C. Only grown up men and women

#### TASK 5: VOCABULARY

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once.

accident	(A)	visited	(F)	bought	(K)
meetings	(B)	understand	(G)	cycling	(L)
need	(C)	flat	(H)	noise	(M)
speaks	(D)	car	(I)	fashion	(N)
family	(E)	pleasant	(J)		

#### RAUL

Raul works in the \_\_\_\_\_ (1) industry. He designs clothes. He's from Brasilia, the capital city of Brazil. He's got a large \_\_\_\_\_ (2) with two elder brothers and a younger sister. Raul \_\_\_\_\_ (3) Portuguese and English. He can also \_\_\_\_\_ (4) Italian. His sister, Maria, loves travelling and she is fluent not only in Portuguese but also in German and Italian. For holiday they go to Italy where Raul can practise his favourite sports like \_\_\_\_\_ (5) or swimming. Last year Raul \_\_\_\_\_ (6) Argentina where he also had some important \_\_\_\_\_ (7) and fashion shows. Raul is 32 now but he is still single. Recently he has \_\_\_\_\_ (8) a dog - it's a poodle. He says that his dog is his family. He's got a flat but he hasn't got a \_\_\_\_\_ (9). Last year he had a jeep but he had an \_\_\_\_\_ (10) and he crashed it. He's not going to buy a new car. "I don't like driving," he says, "and it's not far from my \_\_\_\_\_ (11) to work. In fact it's about 10 minutes' walk. I don't \_\_\_\_\_ (12) a car."

#### TASK 6: GRAMMAR

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.

#### BRITISH MEALS

A traditional English breakfast is a very big meal. People eat sausages, bacon, eggs, tomatoes, mushrooms... \_\_\_\_\_ (1) today many people just have only cereal with milk \_\_\_\_\_ (2) sugar, or toast with marmalade, jam \_\_\_\_\_ (3) honey. Marmalade and jam are different things!

Marmalade is made \_\_\_\_\_ (4) oranges and jam is made from other fruit. The traditional breakfast drink is tea. Many people have it \_\_\_\_\_ (5) cold milk. For many people lunch is a quick meal. For lunch workers usually go to sandwich bars. School children can have a hot meal \_\_\_\_\_ (6) school, but many just take \_\_\_\_\_ (7) snack from home. The evening meal is \_\_\_\_\_ (8) main meal of the day for many people. They usually have it quite early, between 18:00 and 20:00, and often \_\_\_\_\_ (9) whole family eats together. The British like food from other countries too, especially Italian, French, Chinese



\_\_\_\_\_ (10) Indian. People often get take-away meals – you buy the food at the restaurant and then bring it home to eat.

### TASK 7: GRAMMAR

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Dear Clare,

I (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ from the beautiful Italian island of Capri. Every day the weather is warm and sunny so we (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ most days on the beach. My family and I (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ in the main town. Right now, I (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ sit by the swimming pool and listening to music on my MP3 player. My parents are in town. They (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ souvenirs. Tomorrow, I (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ to visit Ana Capri, a town up in the mountains. You (7.) \_\_\_\_\_ there by bus. Then, a chairlift (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ you up to Mount Solaro. The view from there is breathtaking. Hope you (9.) \_\_\_\_\_ a good time back in England. (10.) \_\_\_\_\_ there now?

See you soon.

Ada

1	A	am writing	B	is writing	C	was writing	D	has been writing
2	A	am spending	B	are spending	C	was spending	D	will be spending
3	A	is staying	B	was staying	C	will stay	D	are staying
4	A	is sitting	B	was sitting	C	am sitting	D	will be sitting
5	A	was buying	B	are buying	C	will be buying	D	were buying
6	A	wants	B	wanted	C	want	D	would want
7	A	has travelled	B	was travelling	C	is travelling	D	travel
8	A	takes	B	took	C	will take	D	is talking
9	A	is having	B	are having	C	was having	D	will be having
10	A	was it raining	B	has it rained	C	will it rain	D	is it raining

### TASK 8: WRITING

Your friend asked you to do some shopping with him/her this weekend. Write a note to him/her.

- Say that you can help him/her;
- Ask what he/she is going to buy;
- Ask where you will meet.

Write 25-35 words.

### TASK 9: WRITING

Read the essay task and write between 100-120 words.

“All schools should have their dress codes.”

Do you agree or disagree with this opinion? State your opinion and support it with reasons and examples.

**TASK 1: LISTENING**

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Text One**

1. **How does the man travel to Liverpool?**
  - A. by train
  - B. by car
  - C. by bus
2. **Why does the man choose to travel by this transport ?**
  - A. it's cheaper
  - B. it's faster
  - C. it's more convenient

**Text Two**

3. **Which bill has just arrive?**
  - A. gas
  - B. water
  - C. electricity
4. **Which is the worse bill?**
  - A. this one
  - B. the one they got 2 months before
  - C. the one they got last month

**Text Three**

5. **What will they do tomorrow afternoon?**
  - A. go to the beach
  - B. go shopping
  - C. go climbing
6. **When will they go shopping?**
  - A. in the morning
  - B. in the afternoon
  - C. some other time

**Text Four**

7. **How is the weather now?**
  - A. rainy
  - B. windy
  - C. sunny
8. **What will the weather be like in the afternoon?**
  - A. rainy
  - B. sunny
  - C. cloudy

**Text Five**

9. **What time will she take the train?**
  - A. 3:45
  - B. 4:50
  - C. 5:10
10. **Where does the woman want to go?**
  - A. Boston
  - B. London
  - C. Liverpool

## TASK 2: READING

Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F)

### Eton

Eton is one of the oldest and best-known public schools for boys, in the town of Eton on the river Thames. Its students are largely from aristocratic and upper class families. The school was founded in 1440. Boys usually stay at Eton for five years (between the ages 13 and 18). Eton gives good knowledge in science, languages, computing and design. There are two major libraries, College Library and School Library, but also a lot of subject libraries in Eton.

Sport plays a very important part in the life of Eton. The most popular games are rugby, football and cricket. Athletics, swimming, golf, tennis, fencing, judo and karate are all very popular. Boys can attend art, sculpture, woodwork, metalwork and silverwork clubs in their free time.

Besides, almost any musical instrument can be learned. There are also fifty clubs run by the boys themselves. Many famous people of Britain studied at Eton, among them twenty of Britain's Prime Ministers. There were future writers among the students of Eton. Among them Thomas Gray, Percy Bysshe Shelley and Henry Fielding.

### T/F

1. The town stands on the river Thames.
2. Only rich pupils study at Eton.
3. The school was built in the 15th century.
4. The children study there for ten years.
5. They go to study to Eton at the age of seven.
6. There is one good library in Eton.
7. The pupils at Eton can do a lot of different sports.
8. Musical instruments cannot be learned at this school.
9. Many famous politicians studied at Eton.
10. A lot of well-known sportsmen were the students of this school.

## TASK 3: READING

Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question. Some paragraphs correspond to more than one statement.

### David and Goliath

A. \_\_David lived in Bethlehem. He was a shepherd. He worked every day in the fields. He watched his father's sheep and protected them from wild animals. David was also a very holy man. He prayed to God regularly. He believed that God protected him when he was with his sheep. King Saul was the king of Israel. He was in a war with the Philistines. The Philistines were evil people. They did not believe in God. They had many soldiers in their army. Many of the soldiers were scary giants. The largest giant was named Goliath.

B. \_\_Every day Goliath shouted to the Israeli soldiers across the river. He said, "Choose a man to fight me. I am big and strong. No one can defeat me." Everyone was afraid of Goliath. No Israeli soldier wanted to fight him.

Three of David's brothers were soldiers. They were with King Saul's army. David went one day to the battlefield. He wanted to bring food to his brothers. He wanted them to fight well.

C. \_\_David arrived at the soldiers' camp. He heard Goliath shout. All of the soldiers were afraid of him. David said that he would fight Goliath. King Saul said that David was too small and too weak. "Goliath is a giant. He is a professional soldier. You cannot win, David. You are weak and you have no training as a soldier."

D. \_\_David knew that God would help him. "God protects me with my sheep. I killed lions and bears because of God's help. I will fight Goliath. God will help me." David took his sling with him. He also took five rocks from the river. He did not wear armour. He went to Goliath.

E. \_\_Goliath thought that David was weak. "You cannot kill me," he said. But David took his sling. He fired a rock and hit Goliath in the head. Goliath fell onto the ground. David quickly grabbed his sword. He stabbed Goliath with the sword and killed him.

F. \_\_All of the Philistines were frightened. God helped David kill their giant. They ran away quickly. David was a hero in Israel. The people of Israel made David their King when King Saul died.

**Which paragraph...**

1. Describes a boastful giant?
2. Could have the title "A War with Giants"?
3. Has information about David's brave decision?
4. Expresses David's belief in God?
5. Could have the title "Fight and Victory"?
6. Could have the title "Food for Brothers"?
7. Describes a shepherd's life?
8. Explains why people were grateful?

#### **TASK 4: READING**

**Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.**

On Sunday morning, 2 September 1666 the fire started in London. A baker in Pudding Lane forgot to put out his oven fire before he went to bed. In the early morning, sparks from the oven fell onto some wood.

Soon the baker's house was on fire. The fire spread quickly through the city. It was called the Great Fire of London. After many weeks of hot weather and no rain, everything was very dry. The fire burned for a long time because it was windy, the wooden houses with thatched roofs were close together and the streets were narrow. People ran away from the fire across the River Thames or to the hills in the north of London. They could see flames for miles around from the hills. Luckily, strong winds stopped the fire from spreading south of the river. The fire burned until Thursday night. It destroyed over two square kilometres of the city: 13,200 houses and 87 churches (including St Paul's Cathedral) were burnt down. About 200,000 thousand people lost their homes.

Officially, only six people died because many managed to escape. The fire in 1212 killed 3,000 people. Today, the place of the bakery in Pudding Lane is marked by a tall column, the Monument. The architect Christopher Wren designed it. It was built between 1671 and 1677 to **commemorate** the Great Fire of London. In the 17<sup>th</sup> century scientists used the Monument as a laboratory for experiments on gravity. If you climb 311 steps to the top, you get a certificate.

**1. The Great Fire of London lasted...days.**

- A. three                      B. four  
C. five                        D. six

**2...were the reason of the quick spread of the fire.**

- A. Brick houses            B. Weather conditions  
C. Wide streets            D. Tiled roofs

**3. The Great Fire of London started...**

- A. in the thirteenth century  
B. at a bakery  
C. in the sixteenth century

D. nearly three hundred and five years ago

**4... people died in the Great Fire of London.**

- A. Six                        B. Eighty-seven  
C. Three thousand  
D. Two hundred thousand

**5...was the last day of the Great Fire of London.**

- A. Saturday                B. Sunday  
C. Wednesday            D. Thursday

**6. The Monument..**

- A. helped people understand gravity
  - B. is a scientific laboratory
  - C. contains over two hundred steps inside
  - D. was built by Christopher Warren
- 7. Choose true sentences.**
- A. St Paul's Cathedral survived the Great Fire of London.

- B. Huge number of people became homeless after the Great Fire of London.
  - C. The fire in the 13<sup>th</sup> century killed less people than the Great Fire of London.
  - D. The fire in 1666 crossed the River Thames.
- 8. The word commemorate means...**
- A. celebrate
  - B. forget
  - C. start
  - D. leave

#### TASK 5: VOCABULARY

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once.

singing	(A)	singer	(F)	again	(K)
laugh	(B)	talent	(G)	saved	(L)
win	(C)	programme	(H)	liked	(M)
dream	(D)	presenter	(I)	shopping	(N)
pop	(E)	pleasant	(J)		

#### A Dream Come True

When Fern Nelson was at school, she loved \_\_\_\_\_ (1) and her dream was to be a \_\_\_\_\_ (2). She was fourteen when she took part in a \_\_\_\_\_ (3) show on TV. She performed well but she didn't \_\_\_\_\_ (4). However, the audience and TV judges all \_\_\_\_\_ (5) Fern. She enjoyed talking and made people \_\_\_\_\_ (6). After the Talent show she was offered the chance to work on TV as a \_\_\_\_\_ (7). She began presenting a children's TV show every Saturday morning. Fern says it was the most exciting time of her life. While her friends went \_\_\_\_\_ (8), she went to the TV studios but she didn't mind. When she left school, she started a full-time job and presented a music \_\_\_\_\_ (9) for teenagers. She met lots of exciting \_\_\_\_\_ (10) stars and song-writers. One day a well-known pop star heard Fern sing and told her to start singing \_\_\_\_\_ (11). Now Fern has made her first CD and hopes to be a famous singer one day. 'I always wanted to write songs' says Fern, 'and now my \_\_\_\_\_ (12) has come true'.

#### TASK 6: GRAMMAR

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.

Christmas is a home \_\_\_\_\_ (1) family celebration in Britain. Those \_\_\_\_\_ (2) live away try to get back home. Christmas is \_\_\_\_\_ (3) biggest holiday of the year. As Christmas nears, everyone buys Christmas presents for friends and relatives. Christmas people try to give children everything they want. Children count the weeks, then \_\_\_\_\_ (4) days to Christmas. \_\_\_\_\_ (5) Christmas Eve, families and friends gather \_\_\_\_\_ (6) the festivities. Housewives are busy preparing food, and children are sent \_\_\_\_\_ (7) bed. They are told \_\_\_\_\_ (8) if they don't go to sleep, Father Christmas will not bring them any presents. Then, when they are asleep, the parents come \_\_\_\_\_ (9) their bedrooms and leave the presents near their beds, or under the Christmas tree, \_\_\_\_\_ (10) in a stocking hanging up somewhere in the room.

#### TASK 7: GRAMMAR

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Hi Danny,



I'm so excited that you (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ with us on the Highlands tour tomorrow! The bus (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ at eight, so make sure you're up in time. Don't worry about breakfast because we (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ at a motorway cafe at nine o'clock, so we can eat then. I (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ exactly what is included in this tour, but I think we (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ at least three or four castles - they're on the website.

I know we are visiting Loch Ness because I (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ it on the programme. We might see the monster! In fact, according to the programme, we (7.) \_\_\_\_\_ half an hour at the Loch Ness Monster exhibition in the afternoon.

It often rains in the Highlands at this time of year so it (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow, but (9.) \_\_\_\_\_ an umbrella - I don't want to carry it around all day! I don't know what time the tour ends but it (10.) \_\_\_\_\_ dark by seven o'clock, so I think we will be home by then.

See you tomorrow.

Michaela

1	A	are coming	B	were coming	C	was coming	D	will be coming
2	A	was picking up	B	were picked up	C	has picked up	D	is picking up
3	A	is stopping	B	was stopping	C	are stopping	D	were stopping
4	A	didn't know	B	don't know	C	doesn't know	D	hadn't known
5	A	will probably see	B	would see	C	probably saw	D	would probably see
6	A	had seen	B	have seen	C	saw	D	sees
7	A	were spending	B	is spending	C	was spending	D	are spending
8	A	will probably rain	B	had rained	C	is raining	D	would probably rain
9	A	is not taking	B	am not taking	C	was not taking	D	were not taking
10	A	would be	B	was	C	will be	D	has been

#### TASK 8: WRITING

You are on holiday. You are writing a postcard to an English-speaking friend. Tell your friend:

- Where you are;
- What the weather is like there;
- What you did yesterday and if you liked it;
- What are your plans for tomorrow.

Write about 35-50 words.

#### TASK 9: WRITING

Read the essay task and write between 100-120 words.

" My favourite genre of music."

Do you agree or disagree with this opinion? State your opinion and support it with reasons and examples.

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**TASK 1: LISTENING**

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Text One**

1. Which man is the bodyguard? The man with ...
  - A. a bag
  - B. sunglasses
  - C. car keys in his hands
2. Which man is the actor? The man with ...
  - A. sunglasses
  - B. beard, mustache and long hair
  - C. beard and mustache

**Text Two**

3. Where does Christie want to spend Friday night?
  - A. In the movie
  - B. in the theatre
  - C. in the library
4. Where does her sister prefer to go?
  - A. to a concert
  - B. to the Theatre
  - C. to school

**Text Three**

5. What did the girl have in the restaurant ?
  - A. spaghetti
  - B. pizza
  - C. hamburger
6. How did the girl like pizza?
  - A. she liked it
  - B. she didn't like it
  - C. she didn't have it

**Text Four**

7. What did the girl do yesterday?
  - A. some shopping
  - B. some research
  - C. some housework
8. Where are the people talking?
  - A. Swimming pool
  - B. In the college
  - C. In the supermarket

**Text Five**

9. What is the news about ?
  - A. an essay competition
  - B. the longest text message
  - C. a young champion
10. What is Maggie good at?
  - A. singing
  - B. texting
  - C. writing

## TASK 2: READING

Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F)

Life hasn't always been easy! I know people might look at me now and think I've got everything but I've certainly had to work very hard to get where I am today.

When I was a child I knew that one day I would have my own company and my parents were great because they always encouraged me to 'think big'. As a child, I always wanted to be top of the class so I worked very hard and didn't go out much with my friends. And, of course, I always tried to organise everyone when we were playing games in the playground!

When I was 18, I went to university to do modern languages because they had been my favourite subjects at school. I spent four years studying French and German and then decided to become a flight attendant with an international airline company. I loved every minute of it, although it was hard work and we had some difficult passengers. But I travelled all over the world and saw some fantastic places. I also learned some very important lessons, which help me now.

If you are never at home, it's impossible to have a family, so after a few years I decided to change careers, get married and have children. At the beginning I ran my own business from the living room, which wasn't easy with a husband and two small children. Then when I started to make more money, I found an office and employed a secretary. Now I have 200 employees and both of my children work with me. We really have a family business and I hope that we will continue for many years to come.

When people ask me what the secret of success is, I always say that it's a mixture of good luck, hard work and positive thinking.

T/F

- 1 Jackie has had an easy life.
- 2 She's always wanted to be famous.
- 3 She studied a lot at school.
- 4 She did French and German because she wanted to be a flight attendant.
- 5 She enjoyed the job very much.
- 6 She travelled throughout Europe.
- 7 She studied while she worked.
- 8 She gave up the job to start a family.
- 9 She started her business with her husband.
- 10 She says the secret of success is a combination of many things.

## TASK 3: READING

Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question. Some paragraphs correspond to more than one statement.

### Johnny Appleseed

A. \_\_ Who was Johnny Appleseed? Was he just in stories? No, Johnny was a real person. His name was John Chapman. He planted apple trees — lots and lots of them. So people called him Johnny Appleseed.

Johnny was young when our country was young. Back then many people were moving West. There were no towns, no schools, not even many houses. And there were no apple trees. None at all. Johnny was going West, too. He wanted to plant apple trees. He wanted to make the West a nicer place to live.

B. \_\_ So Johnny got a big, big bag. He filled it with apple seeds. Then he set out. Johnny walked for days and weeks. On and on. Soon his clothes were rags. His feet were bare. And what kind of hat did he wear? A cooking pot! That way he didn't have to carry it.

Snow came. Did Johnny stop? No. He made snowshoes. Then he walked some more. Spring came. Johnny was out West now. He stopped by a river. He dug a hole. Inside he put an apple seed. Then he covered it with dirt. Someday an apple tree would stand here.

C. Johnny set out again. He had lots more seeds to plant. Johnny walked by himself. But he was not alone. The animals were his friends. Most people were afraid of wild animals. They had guns to shoot them. But not Johnny. One day a big black bear saw Johnny go by. It did not hurt Johnny. Maybe the bear knew Johnny was a friend.

D. The Indians were Johnny's friends, too. They showed him how to find good food — berries and plants, and roots.

Where did Johnny sleep? Under the stars. Johnny liked to lie on his back and look up. The wind blew softly. Owls hooted. The stars winked down at him.

E. Many years passed. Johnny planted apple trees everywhere. People started to call him Johnny Appleseed.

One day he came back to where he had planted the first seed. It was a big tree now. A girl was swinging in it. That night Johnny stayed with the girl's family. He told stories. Everybody liked Johnny. "Stay with us," they said. "Make a home here." But Johnny did not stay. "I have work to do," he said. "I am happy. The whole world is my home."

F. More and more people came out West. Johnny planted more and more trees. In the spring, the trees bloomed with white flowers. In the fall, there were apples — red, round, ripe apples.

People made apple pies. And apple butter for their bread. And apple cider to drink. And children had apple trees to climb. It was all thanks to Johnny Appleseed.

**Which paragraph...**

1. Describes John's plan to make the country nice?
2. States that dreams come true?
3. Could have the title : " Not Feeling Lonely?"
4. Has a description of John's days and nights?
5. Suggests that John can't stop his work?
6. Describes John's strange hat?
7. Could have the title: "A Funny Nickname"?
8. Has information about the first seed in the west?

#### **TASK 4: READING**

**Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.**

#### **The USA**

The United States of America is the fourth largest country in the world after Russia, Canada - its North American neighbour, and China. The USA is larger than Australia, India and Brazil. There are fifty states in the United States. Some of the eastern States, like Rhode Island, Delaware and Maryland are quite small, but others, like Alaska, Texas, California and Montana, are much larger. Each state has got its own government and its own capital city.

The capital city for the whole of the country is Washington DC. Barack Obama, the President of the USA lives there, in the White House.

The flag of the USA is called the 'Stars and Stripes'. On the flag there is one star for each of the fifty states. The thirteen stripes are for the original thirteen states. These states formed the USA in 1776.

There are five time zones in the USA. So, when it's twelve o'clock in New York, it's only eight o'clock in Alaska. The Mississippi—Missouri River is the third longest river in the world. The Nile and the Amazon are longer than it.

The USA is the richest country in the world. It produces more food, iron, cars, aeroplanes, books, computers and TV programmes than any country in the world.

The USA has a population of about 300 million people. Most of them live in cities. The largest city is New York. About 10 million people live there.

The second largest city is Los Angeles and the third largest is Chicago. The first settlers in the USA came from Britain. One of the first groups of British people, now called the Pilgrims, went to America four hundred years ago. The Pilgrims took their language to America and now English is the native language there, although the USA has people from all over the world.

**1. The USA is a larger country than...**

- A. China
- B. Russia
- C. Australia
- D. Canada

**2...is smaller than Poland.**

- A. Montana
- B. Maryland
- C. Texas
- D. California

**3. The USA became an independent country about...years ago.**

- A. 1776
- B. 1200
- C. 750
- D. 239

**4. The White House is a place where...**

- A. the US President lives
- B. only refugees live
- C. everybody can live
- D. the President of Poland lives

**5. There (1)....and (2)...stripes on the American flag.**

- A. (1) is 1 star; (2) 13
- B. (1) are 13 stars; (2) 50

C. (1) are 50 stars; (2) 50

D. (1) are 50 stars; (2) 13

**6. The third largest city in the USA is....**

- A. New York
- B. Chicago
- C. Washington DC
- D. Los Angeles

**7. When it's twelve o'clock in Alaska, it's....in New York.**

- A. four o'clock p.m.
- B. it's eight o'clock in the morning
- C. it's eight o'clock in the evening
- D. five o'clock p.m.

**8. Choose the true sentence.**

- A. The first settlers came to North America in the 18th century.
- B. The Mississippi-Missouri River is the longest river in the world.
- C. Canada is the largest country in America.
- D. There are some countries which produce more food and TV programmes than the USA

## TASK 5: VOCABULARY

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once. Two words are extra.

finally	(A)	mixed	(F)	little	(K)
prepare	(B)	creature	(G)	died	(L)
street	(C)	empty	(H)	scared	(M)
late	(D)	around	(I)	opened	(N)
decided	(E)	worried	(J)		

It was Halloween night, so my brothers and I \_\_\_\_\_ (1) to go trick or treating. We were very excited. By the time we got to the last house in the street, it was very \_\_\_\_\_ (2) and we were tired. The house looked \_\_\_\_\_ (3), but we knocked anyway. The door \_\_\_\_\_ (4) on its own. Although we were \_\_\_\_\_ (5), we decided to go in and have a look. Suddenly, we heard a loud noise and a huge \_\_\_\_\_ (6) jumped out in front of us. "Don't be afraid, it's just an owl." said a voice from behind us.

We turned \_\_\_\_\_ (7) and saw an old lady at the bottom of the stairs. She rushed over and introduced herself. "Hello, I'm Mrs Shade. Let me give you some treats you naughty \_\_\_\_\_ (8) ghosts!"

When we \_\_\_\_\_ (9) got home, our Mum was very \_\_\_\_\_ (10). "Where were you?" she shouted, the moment we walked in.

"Don't worry mum. We were at Mrs Shade's house, you know the big one at the end of the \_\_\_\_\_ (11). She gave us treats and ..."

Mum looked puzzled. "What on earth are you talking about?" she said. "Mrs Shade \_\_\_\_\_ (12) ten years ago!"

#### TASK 6: GRAMMAR

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.

Do not copy the words from the text on the answer sheet.

#### Leonardo da Vinci

Leonardo da Vinci was \_\_\_\_\_ (1) artist, sculptor, architect \_\_\_\_\_ (2) inventor. He drew early designs for many of the things we use today. He was born \_\_\_\_\_ (3) 1452 and as a child he lived in Vinci, a small town near Florence, Italy. When he was 14, he started working \_\_\_\_\_ (4) a local artist. He was clever and creative, so people soon began to ask him to paint \_\_\_\_\_ (5) them. In 1482, he moved from Florence \_\_\_\_\_ (6) he wanted to work for the Duke of Milan. During this time, he continued to paint and he also designed buildings \_\_\_\_\_ (7) weapons. Leonardo moved back to Florence in 1500 and painted the Mona Lisa, \_\_\_\_\_ (8) most famous painting in the world. At the age of 65, Leonardo went to live in Cloux, France. He died there three years later, in 1519. To this day, people go to see Leonardo da Vinci's amazing work \_\_\_\_\_ (9) museums and galleries all around \_\_\_\_\_ (10) world.

#### TASK 7: GRAMMAR

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Hi Antonio,

I hope you (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ a good time. I (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ at the summer camp in Sardinia a few days ago. Everyone is very friendly. I (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ a few friends already. They're pretty cool. It is a very nice place with lots of things to do. We (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ at 7 am for breakfast and then we have to go to English lessons. After lunch, we can do whatever we like, but we mustn't leave the camp without a group leader. If we (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ that, we (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ leave the camp. We can choose from a lot of activities. Tomorrow morning we ( 7.) \_\_\_\_\_ horse riding, and canoeing. There is also a small beach here. Yesterday, we spent the whole day there. I (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ a bit sunburnt. In the evening, we play video games or watch films or just hang out. I'm having a great time. The only problem is that we have to be in bed by midnight. Anyway, (9.) \_\_\_\_\_ next year? I am sure you (10.) \_\_\_\_\_ it here.

See you soon,

Enrico

1	A	are having	B	were having	C	was having	D	has been having
2	A	arrived	B	arrives	C	has arrived	D	was arriving
3	A	has made	B	have made	C	had made	D	makes
4	A	got up	B	is getting up	C	get up	D	was getting up
5	A	did	B	done	C	was doing	D	do
6	A	would have to	B	has to	C	had to	D	will have to
7	A	are going	B	was going	C	were going	D	had been going
8	A	gets	B	got	C	get	D	is getting
9	A	were you coming	B	came	C	are you coming	D	will be coming
10	A	would love	B	loved	C	loves	D	will love



### TASK 8: WRITING

The advertisement given below is taken from an online newspaper.

Read the advertisement and write an email to ask for more information about the details which are indicated.

#### LONDON WALKS

Thursdays: **In the footsteps of Sherlock Holmes**

Starts: 2.00 p.m.

*places that attracted Holmes and Watson, follow their adventures in Charing Cross and Covent Garden!*

Finishes: at Baker Street. Sherlock Holmes' Study

Tel. 0171 624 3978

Who guide?

Ticket /price?

Where/ start?

Dear Sir/Madam,

I read your advertisement in the online newspaper.

### TASK 9: WRITING

Read the essay task and write between 100-120 words.

**"Extreme sports should be banned."**

Do you agree or disagree with this opinion? State your opinion and support it with reasons and examples.



**TASK 1: LISTENING**

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Text One**

1. Where are Kelly's neighbours going?
  - A. to the zoo
  - B. to a jazz concert
  - C. on an excursion
2. What is Kelly doing on Monday?
  - A. dancing
  - B. painting
  - C. babysitting

**Text Two**

3. The conversations takes place ...
  - A. at the doctor's
  - B. on the playing field
  - C. in the classroom
4. Why will the teacher be angry?
  - A. because he twisted his angle
  - B. because he is not ready for the lessson
  - C. he is going to be late for the lesson

**Text Three**

5. Mum thinks Tom needs...
  - A. something elegant for a special occasion
  - B. another shirt and suit for school
  - C. a new pair of jeans and a T-shirt
6. Tom prefers to buy....
  - A. a new pair of jeans and a t-shirt
  - B. a swimming trunk
  - C. a fashionable jacket

**Text Four**

7. Where is the concert ticket?
  - A. on the bed
  - B. at the computer
  - C. on the shelf
8. Where did the boy leave his ticket?
  - A. on his desk
  - B. in his bag
  - C. on his bed

**Text Five**

9. What is next to the Regal?
  - A. supermarket
  - B. bank
  - C. restaurant
10. Where are they going?
  - A. to the bank
  - B. to the museum
  - C. to the restaurant

## TASK 2: READING

Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F)

Daniel Defoe was born in London in 1660. By the way, his surname is also known as De Foote. He was the third child and the first son of James and Mary Defoe. Daniel received a very good education. His father hoped he would become a priest, but Daniel wasn't interested in this profession.

His mother died when the boy was only ten, and his father sent him to school in 1670, after school Daniel Defoe went to Marlon's Academy. He was an excellent student and got good knowledge in geography, history, astronomy. He also knew several foreign languages. By 1683 Daniel became a successful young merchant. He married a young girl, Mary Tuffey and they had seven children: two sons and five daughters.

Later Daniel travelled for three years and wrote very bold poetry which King, James II, didn't like. But unfortunately Daniel became poor. Writing was more and more important in his life. In 1701 Daniel Defoe wrote a poem called "A True-Born Englishman".

This poem became very famous. Daniel Defoe was in prison several times because of his political poems and pamphlets. In 1707 Daniel Defoe was a spy for the English government. He returned to Scotland and started a newspaper in Edinburgh.

Daniel Defoe had an exciting life as a journalist and a spy. He died at the end of April, in 1731. But even today a lot of people read his books. He is one of the most famous English writers.

### T/F

1. Daniel Defoe lived in the sixteenth century.
2. He was the third son in the family.
3. His father wanted him to become a sailor.
4. Daniel Defoe wasn't interested in the profession of a priest.
5. He was a little boy when his mother died.
6. Daniel Defoe studied at school and at university.
7. He knew one foreign language.
8. Daniel Defoe became a successful sailor.
9. He travelled for three years.
10. Daniel Defoe wrote only poems and pamphlets.

## TASK 3: READING

Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question. Some paragraphs correspond to more than one statement.

A. \_\_ Clocks are used to measure time. Clocks are used to show the time. Clocks are used so that people can agree on the time.

People use clocks to measure units of time that are shorter than natural units- Natural units are the day, the month, and the year. The sun rises at the beginning of each day. The moon is new at the beginning of each month. The sun appears at the same place in the sky at the beginning of each year.

B. \_\_ The clock is a very old invention. Sundials were the first clocks used in ancient times. Sundials work by measuring shadows that are cast by the sun.

C. \_\_ Candle clocks were used a very long time ago. They work by measuring the time it takes for the wax to melt. Hourglasses are similar to candle clocks. Hourglasses work by measuring the time it takes for sand to pour through a small opening into a glass.

D. \_\_ Mechanical clocks appeared in the 13<sup>th</sup> century in Europe. They work with a system of moving gears. The gears always move at the same speed. Pendulum clocks work with a swinging weight. The swinging weight is called a pendulum. The pendulum makes the clock parts move.

Now people typically use mechanical clocks or digital clocks. Digital clocks show numbers on a screen. The numbers represent the time. Some people use auditory clocks.

**E.** Auditory clocks use language to tell the time aloud. Computers also use clocks. Computers use internal clocks in order to work properly.

**F.** In today's world, clocks are everywhere — in homes, schools, offices, and public places. Many people live their lives according to the clock. People go to work and return home according to the clock. School days start and end according to the clock. Airplanes take off and land according to the clock. It is fun to imagine a world without clocks!

**Which paragraph...**

1. has information about how sundials work?
2. shows the role of clocks in today's world?
3. tells us how mechanical clocks are different from digital clocks?
4. explains what natural units are?
5. states that sundial was the first clock invented?
6. names the clock which tells the time aloud?
7. tells us why clocks are used?
8. describes how hourglasses are similar to candle clocks?

#### **TASK 4: READING**

**Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.**

The capital city of the United Kingdom is London. It's the biggest city in Europe. About 8 million people live there. 30% were not born in the UK. London lies on the River Thames. There are 33 bridges over the river and 4 tunnels under it. 27 million tourists visit London every year. It is the world's most popular tourist destination. They come to London from all over the world to visit its attractions: The Houses of Parliament have 1,100 rooms and 5 kilometres of corridors. Tourists admire Big Ben, which isn't the name of the famous clock but the bell inside the tower. The clock is the biggest in the UK.

Its diameter is 7.5 metres. The hour hand is 2.7 metres long. The London Eye is a huge wheel situated next to the river, opposite the Houses of Parliament. It's 136 metres high and the views from the top are fantastic. One ride lasts half an hour. The Tower of London is visited by most tourists. It was built in the 11th century. It was a fortress, a palace and a prison. Now it's a museum where you can admire the famous crown jewels. Not far from the Tower, there is Tower Bridge which was built 120 years ago.

At Greenwich there are famous old ships and a line on the ground which marks 0° longitude. There you can stand with one foot in the eastern hemisphere and the other in the western hemisphere. Foreign tourists love visiting Madame Tussaud's, a museum where they can see wax models of famous people from the past to the present day.

The city has a fantastic underground system, which is the oldest in the world. London is also famous for its black old-fashioned taxis and red double-decker buses.

**1. Nearly...Londoners weren't born in Britain.**

- A. 50 000                      B. 2 500 000  
C. 8 000 000                D. 27 000 000

**2. Tourists can see the crown jewels in...**

- A. The Tower of London  
B. Chelsea  
C. the Houses of Parliament  
D. Tower Bridge

**3. There are ... bridges over the Thames in London.**

- A. four                      B. thirty-three  
C. a hundred and thirty-six

D. two hundred

**4. 0° longitude is marked at...**

- A. Madame Tussaud's  
B. the Wimbledon stadium  
C. the River Thames  
D. Greenwich

**5. Tower Bridge was built...**

- A. in the 11th century  
B. in 2000  
C. in the 19th century  
D. a thousand years ago

**6. You can see famous wax models at**

- A. the Houses of Parliament
- B. Greenwich
- C. Madame Tussaud's
- D. the London Eye

**7. Find one true sentence.**

- A. Tower Bridge is older than the Tower of London.
- B. London is the biggest city all over the world.

- C. Big Ben is the name of the famous clock.
- D. London taxis are black.

**8. You can see fantastic views from the top of...**

- A. Big Ben
- B. the Tower
- C. Tower Bridge
- D. the London Eye

**TASK 5: VOCABULARY**

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once.

jumped	(A)	door	(F)	sweater	(K)
brave	(B)	speed	(G)	nervous	(L)
noise	(C)	strange	(H)	watch	(M)
reading	(D)	inside	(I)	move	(N)
around	(E)	find	(J)		

Last night, Daniel was sitting on his bed, \_\_\_\_\_(1) a book. Around 10 o'clock, he heard a very strange scratching \_\_\_\_\_(2). The noise was very close to him and it sounded like it was coming from \_\_\_\_\_(3) Daniel's room. Daniel looked \_\_\_\_\_(4) his room but he couldn't find where the noise was coming from, so he continued to read his book and then he fell asleep. Suddenly, in the middle of the night Daniel \_\_\_\_\_(5) out of his bed because he heard the \_\_\_\_\_(6) noise again. This time, however, the noise was louder. He turned on all the lights, but he didn't \_\_\_\_\_(7) anything. The next morning Daniel woke up and opened his wardrobe to look for his favourite \_\_\_\_\_(8). As he was looking for his sweater, the scratching noise started again. Daniel started to feel \_\_\_\_\_(9) and even a little scared. He found his sweater on the bottom of the wardrobe, but the sweater started to \_\_\_\_\_(10). Daniel screamed and then he saw his black cat, Tabby, coming out from under his sweater. Apparently, Tabby went into Daniel's wardrobe the night before and when she couldn't get out, she started scratching at the \_\_\_\_\_(11). Daniel was very relieved when he realised that it was only his cat making the noise and not something scarier. Although Daniel was a \_\_\_\_\_(12) young man, this was one experience that really made him nervous.

**TASK 6: GRAMMAR**

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.

Rebecca Stevens was \_\_\_\_\_(1) first woman to get to the top of Mount Everest. Before that she was a journalist \_\_\_\_\_(2) lived in a small flat in south London. In 1993, Rebecca left her job and travelled to Asia \_\_\_\_\_(3) some friends. She says \_\_\_\_\_(4) life on Everest is hard "You must carry everything in your bag, so you can take only what you need. You can't wash on the mountain, \_\_\_\_\_(5) there is no water, only snow." It was \_\_\_\_\_(6) best moment in her life when Rebecca was on the top \_\_\_\_\_(7) Mount Everest in May, 1993. Suddenly she became famous. She wrote a book about the trip and people often ask her to talk \_\_\_\_\_(8) it. Now she works on television. Rebecca is well known today and she has more money, \_\_\_\_\_(9) she still lives in the little flat \_\_\_\_\_(10) London. In her flat she has many pictures and books about mountains!

**TASK 7: GRAMMAR**

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Yesterday I (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ my two nieces, when I (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ asleep on the sofa. "You look pretty!" they said when I (3.) \_\_\_\_\_. "Thank you," I said, and then I took the girls to the shopping mall to meet their mum. When my aunt saw me, she (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ laughing. "Mel! (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ in a mirror?!" she said. I (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ to the toilets. Well, I (7.) \_\_\_\_\_ drawings all over my face, including a moustache, a beard and big red circles on my cheeks! I (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ so embarrassed in my life! My naughty nieces did it, of course, while I (9.) \_\_\_\_\_. What about you, bloggers? (10.) \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ embarrassed like that?

1	A	is babysitting	B	were babysitting	C	babysits	D	was babysitting
2	A	fall	B	fell	C	has fallen	D	had fallen
3	A	wakes	B	woke	C	is waking	D	was waking
4	A	bursts out	B	burst uot	C	is bursting out	D	has burst out
5	A	had looked	B	you looked	C	you are looking	D	have you looked
6	A	ran	B	rans	C	is running	D	were running
7	A	had	B	has	C	was haivng	D	were having
8	A	has never been	B	have never been	C	is never	D	were never
9	A	were sleeping	B	is sleeping	C	was sleeping	D	has been sleeping
10	A	had you been	B	has been	C	will be	D	have you ever been

#### TASK 8: WRITING

You have just got home after staying with your English friend's family for the winter holidays.

Write a thank-you letter to your friend.

- Thank your friend and his/ her family.
- Say what you especially liked about your stay and why.
- Describe your way home and say whether it was easy or difficult.
- Express the hope that your friend will visit you next year.

Write 35-50 words.

#### TASK 9: WRITING

Read the essay task and write between 100-120 words.

"If you see someone cheating on a test, should you tell the teacher?"

State your opinion and support it with reasons and examples.

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**TASK 1: LISTENING**

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Text One**

1. **What are the speakers discussing?**
  - A. a book by a new author
  - B. a book they have both read
  - C. a book by an author they both know
2. **What does the man want to do next?**
  - A. to read the book the woman is reading
  - B. to wait for the next book of the author
  - C. to write a new book

**Text Two**

3. **What is the young woman's opinion of the festival?**
  - A. everything about it was excellent
  - B. the dance music was better than last year
  - C. most of it was ok
4. **What was about the festival that the man liked the least?**
  - A. organization
  - B. dance music
  - C. bands

**Text Three**

5. **What will the man be doing next wednesday?**
  - A. celebrating Thanksgiving at home
  - B. getting ready for an interview
  - C. going away on holiday
6. **Why can't the man join them ?**
  - A. because of his illness
  - B. because of the job interview
  - C. because of the bad weather

**Text Four**

7. **Where is the bottle bank?**
  - A. to the right of the school
  - B. in the car park
  - C. by the supermarket
8. **Where does this conversation take place?**
  - A. at school
  - B. in the theatre
  - C. in the street

**Text Five**

9. **Who are the speakers?**
  - A. doctor and patient
  - B. patient and receptionist
  - C. receptionist and a doctor
10. **When will the speaker visit the doctor?**
  - A. 10:30 on Friday
  - B. 12:30 on Friday
  - C. 2 :30 on Friday



## TASK 2: READING

Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F)

### Teach your children at home

In Britain it is legal to educate children at home, and now more parents than ever before are choosing to teach their children on their own. One of them is Jane Lowe who used to be a secondary school teacher. Her husband, Paul, is a business systems analyst and they have two children, Helen, 12, and Lawrence, 10. Jane tells their story.

'My children have never been to school. Helen was a very early reader and a very intelligent child who asked a million questions every day. She learned very quickly in this way. In fact, one day we realised that when she went to school she wouldn't learn so much and so fast. So we decided to keep her at home a bit longer.

Then her brother came who is 20 months younger. They had a wonderful relationship. Helen taught Lawrence to read – I can't remember doing it myself! Our home became a very happy, natural learning environment.

Educating children at home is a 24-hour-a-day job. Parents have little time or place for themselves. It is important to be patient and creative all the time, which is sometimes difficult. But educating children at home also means a lot of positive things. We have worked out a very good relationship with my husband who often comes to 'teach' or 'learn' with us. I also think we are now very close as a family: we talk a lot in the atmosphere of good friendship.

Every parent should think hard before he or she decides to educate their child at home. My advice for them is: never do it only because you suddenly get angry with a school system in your country! Think twice. And be prepared for a very messy house: there is not much time for cleaning, and those models of the solar system or figures of dinosaurs are not just left behind the classroom door!

### T/F

1. In the past fewer parents taught their children at home.
2. Helen could read at a very early age.
3. Helen did not go to school because she was not intelligent enough.
4. Helen's brother is older than her.
5. If you teach your children at home, you usually have classes in the morning.
6. To teach your children at home you need to have a lot of ideas all the time.
7. Teaching children at home does not bring the whole family together.
8. Educating children at home should be a careful decision.
9. Parents should teach children at home when they are not satisfied with their school.
10. Children who learn at home are very messy.

## TASK 3: READING

Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question.

### An unforgettable journey

A. \_\_ The most unforgettable journey I have ever made was in Egypt in 1999. I was with six other tourists travelling through the Sinai desert. To look after us there were seven Bedouin Arabs and to help us travel through the rocky desert were seven camels. Riding a camel is a strange experience and after the first day my friends and I were in quite a lot of pain. After two or three days it becomes an enjoyable experience and you are free to appreciate the fantastic scenery around you.

B. \_\_ After four days we reached a special area called Rainbow Canyon. It is a beautiful narrow valley and the rock is of many different colours. We rode in the early morning before it got too hot and then rested at midday.

C. \_\_ On the fifth day we stopped at an oasis. The camels drank huge quantities of water, not knowing when they could drink again. We put more sun cream on our pale skins. Then we were off.

again – across sand dunes and along dry river beds up to our next camp. I remember standing and watching one evening as the sun sank below the horizon.

**D.** The Egyptian sun is much bigger than the European sun and it is also considerably warmer – in summer it is sometimes 50 degrees Celsius. The Bedouin sang a song, a very simple song, 'The ship goes away. The ship comes back. The ship brings sugar and tea.' We joined in and sang with them as the stars came out and filled the sky with millions of tiny lights.

**E.** In total we spent a week riding through the Sinai. We saw scorpions, lizards, snakes, and on one occasion a desert fox. We slept under the stars -it was too hot to sleep in our tents.

**F.** Now, back in Europe, when I see the stars at night I remember that trip to Egypt, the camp fire at night, the very sweet tea we all drank, and the simple but beautiful song, "The ship goes away. The ship comes back. The ship brings sugar and tea."

### **Which paragraph...**

1. compares Egyptian sun to European?
2. tells us about the exotic animals in Egypt?
3. describes the fourth day of the journey?
4. states that riding a camel isn't an easy experience?
5. names the place where the camels drank water?
6. could have the title: "Nice Memories"?
7. could have the title: "singing with the Bedouins"?
8. tells us when the author travelled through the Sinai desert?

### **TASK 4: READING**

Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.

### **Have you ever wondered why fast food is so attractive to young people?**

Adults eat there because it's convenient, quick to prepare and cheap. Teenagers go to fast food restaurants for completely different reasons. Mick goes there because fast food places have been part of his life ever since he remembers. His dad took him there for the first time when he was four. He still has the toy he got with his meal somewhere in the attic. Then he had his 5<sup>th</sup> birthday party organised there. Later on, whenever a friend of his had a birthday, he would be invited to a fast food place to celebrate. Mick knows it's unhealthy food but he doesn't eat there every day. Oh, and one more thing, his first date was in a fast food restaurant. Can you believe it? Mick loves traditional English breakfast: bacon and eggs, sausages, beans, fried mushrooms, toast, jam, orange juice and coffee. Visitors to the UK often talk about the English breakfast as an example of how terrible British food is. The same breakfast is often the meal that British people miss most when they go abroad. So what do people eat for breakfast in other countries? The healthiest breakfast can be found in Bulgaria, where a typical breakfast includes fresh bread and butter, sheep's milk, cucumbers, olives, tomatoes, eggs and homemade yoghurt. In China the same food is eaten for breakfast, lunch and dinner. This is usually rice with meat and vegetables. In Vietnam they like soups and spicy food - like Xoi, which is sticky rice eaten with peanuts and beans. It might be difficult to find more fattening breakfast than the English breakfast but Spain come close. There you can eat fried doughnuts covered in sugar and served with a mug of thick hot chocolate. Delicious! At present, people in many countries try to eat really healthy breakfast: just cereal with milk and fruit juice.

### **1. Fast food restaurants are popular with young people because ....**

- a. the food is prepared quickly
- b. they are an important part of young people's life
- c. the food is healthy and tasty
- d. they are cheap

### **2. Adults sometimes eat in fast food restaurants because .....**

- a. they love junk food
- b. the food isn't expensive
- c. they can eat slowly there
- d. they are not teenagers anymore

### **3. Choose the false sentence.**

- a. Mick went to a fast food place with his girlfriend.
- b. Mick still has a toy from a fast food restaurant in his bedroom.
- c. Mick is fully aware that junk food is served in fast food restaurants.
- d. Mick celebrated his birthday in a fast food restaurant.

**4. "Breakfast" is eaten three times a day in**

- a. England
- b. Bulgaria
- c. China
- d. Spain

**5. Breakfast in.....consists of dairy products and vegetables.**

- a. Vietnam
- b. China
- c. England
- d. Bulgaria

**6. Spanish breakfast....**

- a. is very sour.

- b. includes a kind of cake and warm sweet drink.

- c. is very healthy.

- d. is not tasty.

**7. The Vietnamese like eating... for breakfast.**

- a. sticky rice with nuts and beans

- b. food without flavour.

- c. meat and vegetables

- d. potatoes

**8. English breakfast...**

- a. is really healthy and helps get slimmer.

- b. always includes bacon and eggs.

- c. is missed when British people are in the country

- d. includes nothing sweet.

**TASK 5: VOCABULARY**

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once.

supper (A)

noises (B)

look (C)

fun (D)

tragedy (E)

songs (F)

adventure (G)

favorite (H)

chatted (I)

classmates (J)

afraid (K)

afternoon (L)

decided (M)

water (N)

I had a great time on my \_\_\_\_\_ (1) trip to Canada. I went with two teachers and all my classmates. I missed my family at first but by the end of the holiday, I didn't want to go home!

On my \_\_\_\_\_ (2) day, we went on a really long walk in the mountains. We had to carry all our things in bags on our backs which was hard work but we never got bored because we all

\_\_\_\_\_ (3) the whole time. We had a rock climbing lesson just before our picnic lunch and later that \_\_\_\_\_ (4) we arrived at a lake where we camped for the night. Three of my

\_\_\_\_\_ (5) tried to fish, without success! I helped build the fire. The teachers and two of the older students made \_\_\_\_\_ (6), then we sat in our blankets around the fire and sang

\_\_\_\_\_ (7) and made wishes in the dark.

We \_\_\_\_\_ (8) not to sleep inside the tents, but outdoors because we wanted to \_\_\_\_\_ (9) at the stars. Some of the boys made "bear" \_\_\_\_\_ (10) trying to make us \_\_\_\_\_ (11), but

we were still laughing at midnight because we were having so much \_\_\_\_\_ (12). I'll never forget that day.

**TASK 6: GRAMMAR**

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.

**THANKSGIVING**

In 1620 a group of people \_\_\_\_\_ (1) were called the Pilgrims came to America. They wanted to find a better life, \_\_\_\_\_ (2) life was not easy at first. They had little food \_\_\_\_\_ (3)

the winter was very cold. Some of them died during the first winter. Indians, who lived in America, helped them to build houses and told how to grow fruit and vegetables. Also they gave them medicine \_\_\_\_\_ (4) their illnesses. Pilgrims were very thankful \_\_\_\_\_ (5) Indians. So

next year in November 1621, when they had food and home they invited Indians and made a dinner \_\_\_\_\_ (6) them. That dinner was \_\_\_\_\_ (7) first Thanksgiving.

Nowadays, people in \_\_\_\_\_ (8) USA celebrate Thanksgiving every year on the fourth Thursday \_\_\_\_\_ (9) November. They celebrate it with family and friends. For dinner they prepare a big meal. Usually it is a turkey, potatoes and \_\_\_\_\_ (10) pumpkin pie.

### TASK 7: GRAMMAR

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Mozart was born in 1756, the son of a professional musician. His father soon gave up composing when he recognized his son's musical talent. By the age of three, the young Mozart (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ to play several pieces of music. While he and his father (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ round Europe, Mozart met many famous musicians and composers. Before he was 17, he (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ several operas. While he (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ the Vatican in Rome, he listened to a piece of music which, up to this point, the Vatican authorities (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ secret. No one (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ a copy of the piece before, but Mozart (7.) \_\_\_\_\_ to write it down from memory after he (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ to it once. By the age of 30 he (9.) \_\_\_\_\_ one of the most famous composers in Europe, and had a large apartment in Vienna, which is now a tourist attraction. It was here that he wrote his famous opera *The Marriage of Figaro*. In 1791, while he (10.) \_\_\_\_\_ on his Requiem, he fell ill and died at the age of 35.

1	A	had learnt	B	has learnt	C	learns	D	learned
2	A	was traveling	B	were travelling	C	is traveling	D	has been traveling
3	A	has composed	B	is composed	C	had composed	D	were composed
4	A	were visiting	B	is visiting	C	has visited	D	was visiting
5	A	had kept	B	has kept	C	is kept	D	has been kept
6	A	has published	B	had published	C	will publish	D	has been published
7	A	manages	B	will manage	C	managed	D	has managed
8	A	has listened	B	will listed	C	is listening	D	had listened
9	A	has become	B	had become	C	had become	D	will become
10	A	was working	B	were working	C	is working	D	will be working

### TASK 8: WRITING

The advertisement given below is taken from an online newspaper.

Read the advertisement and write an email to ask for more information about the details which are indicated.

Free time activities at

**SUMMER CLUBS FOR TEENAGERS**

Readers' Club

Swimming Club

Aerobics

Football Club

Chess Club

*Open: every day*  
*(Main Building Room 24 afternoon)!*

Opening hours?

Any drama clubs?

Who/contact?

Dear Sir/Madam,

I read your advertisement in the online newspaper. \_\_\_\_\_

### TASK 9: WRITING

Read the essay task and write between 100-120 words.

**"Some people think that it is better to live in a village than in a big city."**

Do you agree or disagree with this opinion? State your opinion and support it with reasons and examples.



**TASK 1: LISTENING**

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Text One**

1. What is the problem with the woman ?  
 A. it's cold in the room  
 B. the phone doesn't work  
 C. she needs some medicine
2. When is Chris repairing the heating?  
 A. Wednesday  
 B. Thursday  
 C. Friday

**Text Two**

3. What are the speakers going to do first?  
 A. listen to music  
 B. buy some meat  
 C. play tennis
4. Where is the barbeque going to be?  
 A. by the river  
 B. far from tennis courts  
 C. in the village

**Text Three**

5. Where is Jane's party?  
 A. at home  
 B. at the bowling centre  
 C. at the disco club
6. Who is Mandy going to the party with ?  
 A. Jane  
 B. Jane and her sister  
 C. Jane's sister

**Text Four**

7. Where does this announcement take place?  
 A. at the seaside  
 B. at the station  
 C. at the supermarket
8. Who is the speaker?  
 A. principal  
 B. firefighter  
 C. lifeguard

**Text Five**

9. What does the man want?  
 A. his papers  
 B. his books  
 C. his shoes
10. Where are they?  
 A. under the chair  
 B. next to the bed  
 C. under the bed



## **TASK 2: READING**

**Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F)**

Robert Burns, a Scottish national poet, was born on January 25, 1759 in the north of Scotland. His father William Burns was a fanner.

There were seven children in the family and Robert was the eldest. Although he was poor, William Burns wanted to give his children the best education he could. So Robert went to local school and for a short time had a teacher at home. He learned English, English literature, French and Math. His mother had a wonderful voice and knew many Scottish songs and ballads which she sang to her children. At thirteen Robert was in the fields all day helping his father. At fifteen he did most of the work on the farm. At this time he began to write his first poems. They were about his native country and about the life of poor people.

Robert was 24 when his father died. Robert and his brother became fanners after his father's death but they were not successful. Burns published his first book of poems in 1786. It was very popular. Robert became famous in Scotland but he was as poor as he had been before and had to work hard on the farm again to support his family.

R. Burns died at the age of 37 in poverty. He became famous in Great Britain and in other countries only after his death. Burns' Night, the day of poet's birth, is celebrated all over the world by Scotsmen. It is the festival of poetry and music.

### **T/F**

1. Robert Burns was a famous Scottish poet.
2. He lived in the 18-th century.
3. Robert came from a rich family.
4. Robert was the youngest son in the family.
5. Robert's father sent his children to university.
6. Robert Burns worked as a teacher at home.
7. He learned French and Italian.
8. His mother was a good singer.
9. Robert Burns began to write first poem when he was twenty four.
10. Robert became a rich farmer.

## **TASK 3: READING**

**Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question. Some paragraphs correspond to more than one statement.**

**A.** \_\_ "Red tape" is a complicated and annoying set of rules. A person found doing something wrong is said to have been "caught red-handed". If someone is "in the red" they owe the bank money. Red also suggests excitement.

**B.** \_\_ Black is also associated with bad things. A "black day" is a day on which a disaster takes place, e.g. black Monday. A "black look" shows anger or hatred. But seeing a black cat is said to bring luck. Somebody who sees things in black and white thinks everything is either good or bad.

**C.** \_\_ Green is traffic lights means "go" and if a person is given the "green light" they have permission to do something. Green is associated with nature, and people who are good at growing plants are said to have a "green thumb" or "green fingers".

**D.** \_\_ Yellow is a warning colour. In the US schools buses are also yellow. Americans tie a yellow ribbon round a tree in their garden to remember somebody who has gone to fight in a war.

**E.** \_\_ Blue is associated with value: a blue chip (counter) has a high value in poker, and blue chip stocks are a good place to invest money. A blue ribbon is given for first prize in a show. Something that happens once in a blue moon is very rare.

**F.** \_\_ White colour is associated with Christmas and snow. Halloween is celebrated with orange, pink is associated with St. Valentine's Day. On Independence Day, everything is red, white and blue, the colors of the American flag.

### Which paragraph...

1. could have the title: "you are in debt"?
2. shows that you have a particular celebration?
3. suggests that a soldier used to live there?
4. names the animal associated with luck?
5. shows that if you like this colour you will make a good gardener?
6. Could have the title: "you have got an award"?
7. mentions the colour of the bus that takes children to school?
8. names different colours associated with different festivals?

### TASK 4: READING

Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.

#### A VERY DEAR CAT

Mrs. Eleanor Ramsay, a very rich old lady, shares a big flat with her cat, Rastus. She has lived with him for many years. She is so fond of her cat Rastus that she is ready to do anything for him. The cat leads a usual way of life and has regular habits. He usually sleeps all day and takes a short walk in the evenings and always returns home by seven o'clock, drinks some milk and goes to his soft bed.

One evening, however, he didn't come back and Mrs. Ramsay got very worried. She looked everywhere for him but could not find him. She waited for him for a very long time but he didn't come back.

Three days passed when Mrs. Ramsay received an anonymous letter. The writer claimed that Rastus was in safe hands and nothing bad would happen to him. He promised to return him immediately if Mrs. Ramsay paid 1000 pounds. Mrs. Ramsay was instructed to place the money in a small box and to leave it outside her door.

At first, Mrs. Ramsay decided to go to the police, but she was afraid that she would never see Rastus again – that was said quite clearly in the letter. So she changed her mind. First she went to her bank, took 1000 pounds, found an old box, put the money in it, left the box in front of the door and began waiting. Nothing happened that night. The next morning, the box wasn't there but the cat didn't appear. However, Mrs. Ramsay was sure that the man would keep his word and would give the cat back.

That evening Rastus arrived at seven o'clock sharp as he does every time. He looked very well, but he was quite thirsty. He drank half a bottle of milk and went to sleep.

The police were very surprised when Mrs. Ramsay told them the story. She explained that Rastus was very dear to her. Considering the amount she paid for the cat, he was dear in more than one way!

#### 1. Mrs. Ramsay ...

- A. is rather strict with her cat.
- B. likes her cat very much.
- C. has no interest in her cat.

#### 2. The cat ...

- A. does the same things every day.
- B. has very unusual habits.
- C. doesn't like milk very much.

#### 3. When the cat disappeared, the old lady

...

- A. didn't care much.
- B. tried to find him.
- C. looked for another cat.

#### 4. Mrs. Ramsay got ..... from the man who stole her cat.

- A. a small box    B. money    C. instructions

#### 5. The old lady didn't go to the police because ...

- A. she was afraid for her cat's life.
- B. she didn't have enough money.
- C. the cat returned right away.

#### 6. On the following morning the box with the money was taken ...

- A. and the cat appeared at once.
- B. but the cat still didn't come.
- C. and a man came with the cat.

#### 7. Mrs. Ramsay paid ..... for her cat.

- A. one hundred pounds
- B. one thousand pounds
- C. one million pounds
- 8. Rastus came back home ...

- A. during the night of the same day when he disappeared.
- B. in the evening of the third day after he disappeared.
- C. in the evening after the money was taken.

#### TASK 5: VOCABULARY

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once. Two words are extra.

move	(A)	promise	(F)	hot	(K)
happy	(B)	slowly	(G)	short	(L)
lived	(C)	sleeping	(H)	story	(M)
catch	(D)	children	(I)	enough	(N)
place	(E)	believed	(J)		

#### A Legend from New Zealand

Maui was a boy who \_\_\_\_\_ (1) In New Zealand many years ago. Every day the sun rushed across the sky. So the days were very \_\_\_\_\_ (2). The men didn't have \_\_\_\_\_ (3) time to catch fish, the women didn't have enough time to make clothes and the \_\_\_\_\_ (4) didn't have enough time to play. Maui said. Let's \_\_\_\_\_ (5) the sun! We will frighten him and then he will move slowly.' His friends were frightened. No, no!' they said. The sun is too \_\_\_\_\_ (6). He will hurt us.' But Maui made a net while the sun was \_\_\_\_\_ (7). He and his friends waited. Soon they could see the sun's big yellow face. The sun prepared to rush across the sky. The children could feel his hot breath. They waited.

The sun went into the net and the children pulled hard. The sun could not \_\_\_\_\_ (8). 'You have tricked me!' said the sun. Let me go!

'You must \_\_\_\_\_ (9) to move slowly.' said Maui. 'Then I will let you go!'

The sun fought hard, but he couldn't get out of the net. 'You have won.' he said. 'I will move \_\_\_\_\_ (10). I promise.'

Maui took the net away and the sun went very slowly across the sky. After that the people were \_\_\_\_\_ (11). They had enough time to work and to play. They had enough time to tell the \_\_\_\_\_ (12) of Maui and the sun.

#### TASK 6: GRAMMAR

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.

##### Secret codes

It is very important to know what your enemy is doing. It is also important that your enemy does not know what you are doing! All through history people have used codes to send messages. A Spartan designed one of \_\_\_\_\_ (1) first codes by writing letters inside a belt. The Greeks invented a code \_\_\_\_\_ (2) changed letters into numbers. Julius Caesar developed a code \_\_\_\_\_ (3) moved each letter of the alphabet three places so, \_\_\_\_\_ (4) example, A became D and B became E. To find out what a code is you need to be good \_\_\_\_\_ (5) Maths and have lots \_\_\_\_\_ (6) patience! One way to begin is to look for certain letters \_\_\_\_\_ (7) see how often they appear \_\_\_\_\_ (8) a message. These days computers are often used to break codes, \_\_\_\_\_ (9) it still needs human skill to find \_\_\_\_\_ (10) clues.

#### TASK 7: GRAMMAR

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

I (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ to Britain every year and I (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ Buckingham Palace more than once. But last summer I went to Sandringham, the Queen of England's country house in Norfolk. Some tourists (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ about this place even though it's quite near London. Last June, my family and I (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ a guided tour of the house. I (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ such amazing antique furniture and paintings. In Sandringham's huge garden, the Queen (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ lots of fruit and vegetables. On our visit it was full of flowers. It was so hot we (7.) \_\_\_\_\_ very far. Instead, we had a tractor ride round the grounds past the big lake. After lunch at the Visitor Centre we decided to see the Museum. My dad (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ the vintage cars and the old red fire engine were really cool! Next year we (9.) \_\_\_\_\_ Woburn Abbey Safari Park! Dad (10.) \_\_\_\_\_ the tickets!

1	A	go	B	went	C	is going	D	has gone
2	A	has visited	B	have visited	C	is visiting	D	had visited
3	A	didn't know	B	doesn't know	C	don't know	D	hasn't known
4	A	takes	B	will take	C	would take	D	took
5	A	have never seen	B	has never seen	C	had never seen	D	will never see
6	A	went	B	grows	C	is going	D	has gone
7	A	doesn't know	B	don't know	C	didn't walk	D	won't know
8	A	thought	B	is thinking	C	will think	D	thinks
9	A	are visiting	B	were visiting	C	was visiting	D	has been visiting
10	A	had booked	B	will book	C	booked	D	has already booked

#### TASK 8: WRITING

Read the note from your friend Maria. Write a note to answer her questions.

Hi, Anna,  
Thank you for asking your sister to meet me at the train station next Friday. What does she look like? What will she wear? Where will she wait for me?  
See you soon!  
Maria

Write 35-50 words.

#### TASK 9: WRITING

Read the essay task and write between 100-120 words.

**"Kids should have their own credit card."**

Do you agree or disagree with this opinion? State your opinion and support it with reasons and examples.

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**TASK 1: LISTENING**

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Text One**

1. **What is Mandy doing?**
  - A. working with Steve
  - B. apologizing
  - C. inviting her to dinner
2. **Why can't Mandy's husband come to dinner?**
  - A. he is ill
  - B. he is leaving the city
  - C. he is working

**Text Two**

3. **Why is the speaker buying a card?**
  - A. it's her birthday
  - B. she likes flowers
  - C. she helped him recently
4. **Who is the man buying a card for?**
  - A. for his mother
  - B. for his wife
  - C. for his friend

**Text Three**

5. **What is the relationship between Margaret and Pat?**
  - A. they are sisters
  - B. they are friends
  - C. they are cousins
6. **What did Pat do?**
  - A. called all her relatives
  - B. sent invitation cards
  - C. organised a party

**Text Four**

7. **What is Mary's dad going to do?**
  - A. babysit for Mary
  - B. take alex to school
  - C. go to the dentist
8. **What is wrong with alex?**
  - A. he is late for school
  - B. he is ill
  - C. he is upset

**Text Five**

9. **Where is the speaker?**
  - A. in London
  - B. on a train
  - C. at a railway station
10. **According to the announcement where should the passengers go ?**
  - A. over the footbridge
  - B. to the waiting room
  - C. to platform 16



## TASK 2: READING

Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F)

### The Rose Is Red

Caddie went back to school in February. She was glad to be back at school in time for Valentine's Day, because that was always fun. On that day children gave each other comics and the girls got pretty Valentine's greeting cards. There were many of them at Dunville shop. Caddie had a dollar and she also saved six pennies for the Valentine's cards. Her friend Tom envied her, because he didn't have money for the holiday.

On February thirteenth Caddie started for the Dunville shop. She bought six penny comics for her friends. Then she saw the most beautiful card with roses and violets, and in the centre of a pink heart was printed:

The rose is red, the violet's blue, sugar is sweet, and so are you. Caddie was sorry she had left her dollar at home. "How much is it?" she asked the shopkeeper.

"Fifty cents", Mr Adams answered, "but it's sold, Caddie. There's a young man in the back room here peeling potatoes to pay for it". "Oh!" said Caddie. Now she knew. It was Tom! But was it for her, this lovely Valentine? Tom always gave her comics. But who was a better friend to Tom than she?

The next day the best Valentine in the Dunville shop was on Katie Hyman's desk. It was her first Valentine, because she was so shy that no one gave her penny comics. Everyone wanted to know who sent it, but there was no name on it anywhere. Caddie walked home slowly. She was thinking: "I do everything with Tom. I'm much more fun than Katie. Why, she's afraid of horses and snakes and she can't swim across the river. But she's what you call a little lady, and I'm not".

T/F

1. Children had a lot of fun at school in February.
2. Tom wanted to have some money to buy some flowers on Valentine's Day.
3. Caddie went to the shop to buy presents for her friends.
4. Caddie had a dollar and wanted to spend it on the most beautiful Valentine card.
5. Caddie thought they were good friends with Tom.
6. Tom got the Valentine card without money.
7. Caddie received the 'rose is red' Valentine and was happy.
8. Katie Hyman was a very shy girl and she didn't get any Valentine card.
9. Everybody knew that the card was sent by Tom.
10. Everybody called Caddie a little lady.

## TASK 3: READING

Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question.

### Strange Noises

A. \_\_ There was something strange about Mr Hyde's old house on the east coast of Canada. Many people thought that there was a ghost in the rooms on the east side. On windy nights people heard strange noises there. They thought it was a baby crying. But there wasn't a baby in the house. For years many people tried to find the answer to the mystery.

B. \_\_ Finally people said, "Sell the house." Mr Hyde sold the house to Thomas McMullen. But the strange noises continued. After some time, Mr McMullen said, "I think the noises come from the old apple tree next to the house. Its branches hit the east side of the house when there's a strong wind." He cut down the old apple tree.

C. \_\_ But the strange noises continued. "Move the house," people said. Wooden houses are easy to move, and Mr McMullen was a rich man. He called in some workmen. "Move my house to a new place, in Part Street," he said.

D. While the workmen were moving the house, they found an old box under the floor. There was a child's skeleton in the box. Many people said that the child's ghost made the strange noises. "Rebury the child," they said. Mr McMullen reburied the child.

E. But on windy nights the strange noises continued. When Thomas McMullen died, his son Frank lived in the house. Frank didn't believe in ghosts. Some time later there was a fire in the house. It burnt part of a room on the east side. Frank McMullen called in some workmen.

F. "Repair the room," he said. While the workmen were repairing the room, they discovered something. In one of the chimneys, they found a wind harp. "The builders put the harp into the chimney to make music on windy days," they told Frank. "Now it's old and instead of music, it makes a crying sound like a baby." The workmen removed the harp from the chimney. After that there were no more strange noises.

### Which paragraph...

1. has information about strange noises in the old house?
2. tells us what was found in one of the chimneys?
3. could have the title "Mystery uncovered"?
4. could have the title: "Unsolved Mystery"?
5. mentions a skeleton in the box?
6. tells us who moved the house to a new place?
7. mentions the person who didn't believe in ghosts?
8. explains why the house owner cut down the apple tree?

### TASK 4: READING

Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.

#### OPENING A RESTAURANT

Twelve months ago Robin Parker left his job at an insurance company. He now runs a restaurant which is doing very well since it opened four months ago.

Opening a restaurant was a big change for Robin. He loves travelling and all his favourite television programmes are about cooking. One day, he read in a newspaper about a doctor who left her job and moved to Italy to start a restaurant. He thought, 'I can do that!' His wife wasn't very happy about the idea, and neither was his father. But his brother, a bank manager, gave him lots of good ideas.

Robin lived in Oxford and had a job in London. He thought both places would be difficult to open a restaurant in, so he chose Manchester because he knew the city from his years at university. He found an empty building in a beautiful old street. It was old and needed lots of repairs but all the other buildings were expensive and he didn't have much money.

Robin loves his new work. It's difficult being the boss, but he has found an excellent chef. He says he enjoys talking to customers and some of them have become his good friends. He gets up at 6am and often goes to bed after midnight. It's a long day but he only starts to feel really tired when he takes time off on Saturdays and Sundays.

Robin's restaurant is doing so well that he could take a long holiday. But he's busy with his new idea to open a supermarket selling food from around the world. He's already found a building near his restaurant.

#### 1. Robin started his own business...

- A. a year ago.
- B. a month ago.
- C. four months ago.

#### 2. Robin's restaurant started doing well...

- A. 4 months after it opened.
- B. not long ago.

C. from the beginning.

#### 3. Robin decided to open a restaurant after he...

- A. read a newspaper story.
- B. saw a TV programme.
- C. visited Italy.

#### 4. What helped him a lot was ...

- A. his wife's ideas.
- B. his brother's advice.
- C. his father's example.

**5. Robin has a restaurant in...**

- A. London.
- B. Oxford.
- C. Manchester.

**6. Robin chose the building his restaurant is in because it was...**

- A. beautiful.

- B. cheap.
- C. empty.

**7. Robin likes ...**

- A. being a good boss.
- B. meeting his customers.
- C. trying the chef's dishes.

**8. Robin feels most tired...**

- A. in the mornings.
- B. in the evenings.
- C. at weekends.

**TASK 5: VOCABULARY**

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once.

passenger	(A)	problems	(F)	terrible	(K)
difficult	(B)	broke	(G)	grow	(L)
storm	(C)	tradition	(H)	died	(M)
good	(D)	night	(I)	uncomfortable	(N)
meet	(E)	travelling	(J)		

The \_\_\_\_\_ (1) on board the Mayflower had a very \_\_\_\_\_ (2) voyage from England. The ship was only the size of a tennis court, and there were 102 passengers ! While they were \_\_\_\_\_ (3) to America, many things happened. Somebody died and a baby was born. There was a very bad \_\_\_\_\_ (4) and part of the ship \_\_\_\_\_ (5). At last they arrived in America but their \_\_\_\_\_ (6) did not stop. The first year was very \_\_\_\_\_ (7). The weather was awful and many people \_\_\_\_\_ (8) while they were building houses. After that \_\_\_\_\_ (9) year, however, the weather was fine. The Pilgrims were able to make farms and \_\_\_\_\_ (10) food. Every day they used to \_\_\_\_\_ (11) together and sing religious songs - and they said 'thank you' to their God with the festival of Thanksgiving. Thanksgiving has been a very special American \_\_\_\_\_ (12) since then.

**TASK 6: GRAMMAR**

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.

It was a warm summer afternoon, and my brother Jack and I were in our room, surfing \_\_\_\_\_ (1) Net. We wanted to do something more fun, so we decided to take a walk around \_\_\_\_\_ (2) town. As we were going past \_\_\_\_\_ (3) old house we heard someone saying, "Come in. Come in here now." We stopped and looked around to see \_\_\_\_\_ (4) was talking to us, \_\_\_\_\_ (5) there was no one there. We took a few more steps \_\_\_\_\_ (6) then the voice spoke again. "Come in the house now, boys!" We decided to go into the old house and check it out. When we got inside, we saw a strange beast. It was huge and had sharp claws and it was ready to jump \_\_\_\_\_ (7) us. Then suddenly, it disappeared. We ran \_\_\_\_\_ (8) of the house and we didn't stop running until we were home. We didn't know what that strange creature was, \_\_\_\_\_ (9) we felt glad \_\_\_\_\_ (10) we were now safe and far away from it!

**TASK 7: GRAMMAR**

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Dear Victoria,  
The holidays (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ and I (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ lots of plans. This time next week, I (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ Christmas presents for my family and friends. I will get everything in one day, so

that I can enjoy myself for the rest of the holidays. I (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ at home with my family on Christmas Day, but two days later I am leaving for Austria. Becky and I (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ a week there skiing. I'm sure we (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ a wonderful time. When I (7.) \_\_\_\_\_ back from Austria, I (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ a party, because it's my birthday on January 5th. I (9.) \_\_\_\_\_ nineteen! I hope you (10.) \_\_\_\_\_. Well, I must go now. I'm going to help my mother with the housework. See you soon!

Love,

Betty

1	A	are coming	B	is coming	C	was coming	D	were coming
2	A	is making	B	am making	C	was making	D	were making
3	A	was buying	B	is buying	C	has bought	D	will be buying
4	A	is staying	B	was staying	C	am staying	D	will be staying
5	A	is spending	B	are spending	C	was spending	D	were spending
6	A	would have	B	was having	C	were having	D	will have
7	A	come	B	comes	C	is coming	D	was coming
8	A	would have	B	is having	C	was having	D	will probably have
9	A	would be	B	was	C	will be	D	is
10	A	would come	B	will come	C	is coming	D	was coming

#### TASK 8: WRITING

The advertisement given below is taken from an online newspaper.

Read the advertisement and write an email to ask for more information about the details which are indicated.

#### ALEX SPORTS CLUB

For: young people 10-18.

**Play different sports:**

*Basketball, tennis, football volleyball etc.*

*Six- months season ticket: 400\$*

**Special Alex gift: T-shirt**

25 Kingstone Road

How/ get there?

Open/ weekdays?

Telephone number?

Dear Sir/Madam,

I read your advertisement in the online newspaper. \_\_\_\_\_

#### TASK 9: WRITING

Read the essay task and write between 100-120 words.

**“What makes you proud to be Georgian?”**

Do you agree or disagree with this opinion? State your opinion and support it with reasons and examples.

**TASK 1: LISTENING**

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Text One**

1. **Where are the speakers?**
  - A. at the travel agency
  - B. at an airport
  - C. at a restaurant
2. **How is the man going to travel ?**
  - A. by train
  - B. by plane
  - C. by bus

**Text Two**

3. **What kind of transport are the speakers talking about?**
  - A. a bicycle
  - B. a bus
  - C. a ferry
4. **How much does the man have to pay?**
  - A. it's free
  - B. 10 pounds
  - C. not much

**Text Three**

5. **Who is talking to Mr. Smith?**
  - A. a footballer
  - B. a doctor
  - C. a chemist
6. **When can the speaker play football again?**
  - A. in a month
  - B. not until tomorrow
  - C. after three months

**Text Four**

7. **What sport does Tony want to try?**
  - A. basketbal
  - B. speed skating
  - C. cricket
8. **What sport is more challenging?**
  - A. cricket
  - B. speed skating
  - C. boxing

**Text Five**

9. **What did Sarah lose when she went rock climbing?**
  - A. her knee pad
  - B. her helmet
  - C. her glove
10. **How long did it take for Sarah to heal her leg?**
  - A. a year
  - B. five days
  - C. five months



## **TASK 2: READING**

**Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F)**

Duncan needed a holiday and he decided to rent an old cottage out in the country. It belonged to an old farmer called Mr Trent.

When Duncan arrived, it was dark but he noticed that there was a light on in the house. There was a sign next to the door: Black Bob Cottage. The door was open. It was very cold inside the cottage. There was a man in one of the armchairs. He was a very fat man with long black hair and a huge black beard.

'Come in,' he said, when he saw Duncan. 'Have a drink.' Duncan noticed that the man only had three fingers on his hand. He took the glass and drank some of the beer. Then he sat down in the sofa. He suddenly felt very tired and he fell asleep. When he woke up, it was morning. He was still on the sofa. Someone knocked at the door and Duncan went to open it. 'Good morning, Mr Peters,' said the man at the door. 'I'm sorry I wasn't here when you arrived last night. Did you find the key all right?' 'The door was open,' said Duncan. 'There was another man in here.' The farmer looked surprised. 'What was he like?' he said. 'He was very fat,' said Duncan. 'And he had a big black beard.' 'That sounds just like Black Bob,' said the farmer and he laughed.

'Black Bob?' said Duncan. 'Is this his cottage?' 'Well, it was his cottage,' said the farmer. 'He lived here a long time ago.' 'Has he got only three fingers on one hand?' 'Yes, but how did you know that?' 'Well, he was here last night,' said Duncan. 'Oh, I can't believe that,' said the farmer. 'Black Bob died thirty years ago.'

**T/F**

1. It was dawn when Duncan arrived.
2. The house didn't belong to Mr Trent.
3. When Bob went in, he saw the farmer sitting in the armchair.
4. The man in the armchair had three fingers on one hand.
5. The man offered Duncan a drink of beer.
6. In the morning Duncan woke up in bed.
7. Mr Trent knocked on the door in the morning.
8. The farmer told Duncan that Black Bob still lived in the cottage.
9. Mr Trent was surprised that Duncan knew about the man's fingers.
10. Black Bob died many years before Duncan arrived at the house.

## **TASK 3: READING**

**Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question.**

**A.** \_\_ All fruit juices contain high amounts of sugar. Some juices have only very low amounts of fruit in them -and as much sugar as a glass of cola or a chocolate bar.

**B.** \_\_ It's true that salads are full of vitamins and minerals. Creamy mayonnaise-based salad dressings, however, can contain a lot of fat, sugar and salt. To enjoy a healthy, tasty salad at home, make a dressing by adding lemon juice or vinegar to a small amount of olive oil instead of using heavy mayonnaise.

**C.** \_\_ Food companies like using the words "fat-free" or "low-fat" on their labels. Unfortunately they often replace the fat in these "healthier" products with oil, and sugar to give them flavour. It's a good idea to read the whole label.

**D.** \_\_ People think chocolate is bad for them, but it has some benefits. Good quality dark chocolate helps protect your heart by lowering your cholesterol. Eating chocolate also has a positive effect on how we feel. All chocolate is high in fat, though, so you shouldn't eat it after every meal.

**E.** \_\_ Eggs are a good source of protein and vitamins. Frying an egg though, is less healthy than boiling them. A fried egg contains around 30% more fat than a boiled or poached egg. If you prefer fried eggs, try frying them in olive oil instead of butter.

F. Red meat such as beef can be part of a healthy diet. Including red meat in a meal a couple of times a week helps your body to get enough iron and protein. Just make sure you trim off the fat and buy only lean meat.

### Which paragraph...

1. suggests choosing the lighter option?
2. suggests removing the bad bits from the meat we eat?
3. says that we should ask ourselves what is in our glass?
4. could have the title "enjoy a sweet sensation"?
5. expresses the following idea: "we should always check ingredients"?
6. could have the title "Cook with a Healthier Fat"?
7. names some benefits of eating chocolate?
8. could have the title "Frying VS boiling" ?

### TASK 4: READING

Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.

In the sixteenth century only six million people spoke English all over the world. Most of them lived in England.

Today, most of speakers of English don't live in Britain. There are about four hundred million people who speak English as their native language. They live in countries such as The United States, The United Kingdom, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, Ireland and more than fifteen small countries in the Caribbean, Africa and Polynesia. But there are much more people who speak Chinese as a native language (more than one billion). About six hundred million people use English as an official, second language in about 20 countries such as India, Pakistan, Zambia, Kenya, Zimbabwe, Gambia and Nigeria. But at least two hundred million people in the world now study English as a foreign language. So altogether much more than one billion people can speak, write and understand English today. English has become an international language. People use English for international communication nearly everywhere.

English has the largest vocabulary of all the world's languages, so it's really difficult to learn. Spanish, French and Arabic are also spoken as a first language in more than 20 countries each.

Esperanto is the most famous artificial language and it's very easy to learn, but not many people can speak it.

**1. People in England speak English as their ...language.**

- |            |           |
|------------|-----------|
| A. third   | B. second |
| C. foreign | D. native |

**2. At present, about.... people can speak and understand English all over the world.**

- |                |                  |
|----------------|------------------|
| A. 200 million | B. 400 million   |
| C. 600 million | D. 1,200 million |

**3. In Georgia, a lot of children and adults learn English as a...language.**

- |             |           |
|-------------|-----------|
| A. official | B. native |
| C. foreign  | D. first  |

**4. English is an official, second language in**

- |             |            |
|-------------|------------|
| A. Ireland  | B. Poland  |
| C. Pakistan | D. the USA |

**5...is a native language in more than 20 countries of the world.**

- |             |            |
|-------------|------------|
| A. French   | B. Italian |
| C. Georgian | D. Russian |

**6. Choose the correct sentence.**

- A. Esperanto is easier to learn than English.  
B. Esperanto is a native language in only a few countries.  
C. 400 hundred years ago, only about 8 million people could speak English.  
D. The least of speakers of English live in Britain.

**7...has more words than any other language.**

- |            |            |
|------------|------------|
| A. Chinese | B. English |
| C. Spanish | D. Arabic  |

**8. More than a billion people all over the world can understand and speak...**

- |              |            |
|--------------|------------|
| A. Esperanto | B. Arabic  |
| C. Chinese   | D. English |

### TASK 5: VOCABULARY

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once. Two words are extra.

cleaned	(A)	free	(F)	town	(K)
horses	(B)	nothing	(G)	life	(L)
school	(C)	worked	(H)	lives	(M)
empty	(D)	night	(I)	happy	(N)
people	(E)	cars	(J)		

### MINERAL PARK - THE GHOST TOWN

Mineral Park is a town in the United States. It is called a 'ghost town' because no one \_\_\_\_\_ (1) there anymore. It was a different town in the past though.

In 1871, 700 \_\_\_\_\_ (2) lived in Mineral Park. There was a \_\_\_\_\_ (3), lots of shops, a post office, saloons, a doctor's, a hotel, a restaurant and even a weekly newspaper. It was a very busy town with lots of people but no \_\_\_\_\_ (4). People travelled by train and on \_\_\_\_\_ (5).

Lots of the people from Mineral Park, \_\_\_\_\_ (6) in the mines. After work they liked to spend their \_\_\_\_\_ (7) time in the saloons and restaurants. Everyone was \_\_\_\_\_ (8) and wealthy, but all that stopped.

After 1887 Mineral Park started to change into a quiet \_\_\_\_\_ (9). Many families moved to other towns and the shops closed down. Some people tried to stay but there was \_\_\_\_\_ (10) for them to do. By 1912, the town was nearly \_\_\_\_\_ (11). Today, there are only a few ruined buildings left. People still visit Mineral Park though to get an idea of what \_\_\_\_\_ (12) was like in the past.

### TASK 6: GRAMMAR

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.

#### Garden of gold

When Julia's mum asked her to help in \_\_\_\_\_ (1) garden last month, Julia wasn't very keen. The sun was shining and she wanted to go \_\_\_\_\_ (2) the beach \_\_\_\_\_ (3) her friends.

But where Julia lives there is always work to do. Their house is five hundred years old. In the 16th century poor farmers lived \_\_\_\_\_ (4) these small house \_\_\_\_\_ (5) they often had big families. Later, in the 19th century when farmers were earning more money. They made their houses bigger, \_\_\_\_\_ (6) 2006, when Julia's parent bought their house, nobody was living in it and the garden was a jungle.

When Julia started working in the garden, she noticed a lot of broken glass. 'I was putting the pieces in the bin when I saw a date,' she says. '1809! I took it to my History teacher \_\_\_\_\_ (7) school. She told me it was \_\_\_\_\_ (8) old bottle.' The next day Julia was digging in the garden again. This time her discovery was more exciting. She found some Roman coins and some very old gold jewellery. 'I couldn't believe it,' said Julia. 'It's better \_\_\_\_\_ (9) a History lesson at school. The objects tell us about normal families and how they were living hundreds \_\_\_\_\_ (10) years ago. I just hope I don't find any bones!'

### TASK 7: GRAMMAR

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Dear Maria,

I (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ to tell you good news. I (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ enough from my part-time job and at last I (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ a flower shop. My father (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ a shop years ago and he gave me some

advice and suggestions. He thinks that my shop (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ a success, because there is no other flower shop in the area. The shop isn't ready yet. My brother (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ inside of the shop and tomorrow he will paint the outside. I need to buy a new sign. My mother wants me to call the shop a "Rose", but I (7.) \_\_\_\_\_ about it. Anyway I just hope local people will like it. I (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ working next Monday. I (9.) \_\_\_\_\_ you next week if I (10.) \_\_\_\_\_ time. Wish me luck.  
Best wishes,  
Leon

1	A	am writing	B	was writing	C	will be writing	D	were writing
2	A	has saved	B	have saved	C	had saved	D	will save
3	A	is opening	B	was opening	C	am opening	D	were opening
4	A	owns	B	is owning	C	was owning	D	owned
5	A	would be	B	was	C	will be	D	is
6	A	has painted	B	is painted	C	had painted	D	is being painted
7	A	was still thinking	B	were thinking	C	will think	D	am still thinking
8	A	am starving	B	was starvig	C	where starving	D	will be starving
9	A	would phone	B	is phoning	C	were phoning	D	will probably phone
10	A	has	B	have	C	had	D	has had

#### TASK 8: WRITING

Read this note from your friend Robert. Write a note to him. Answer his questions.

*I really need my new CD player back! I am leaving for London tomorrow. When can you return it to me?  
Do you want to borrow it again next week?  
Roman.*

Write 35-50 words.

#### TASK 9: WRITING

Read the essay task and write between 120-150 words.

**"Clothes create an image of personality."**

Do you agree or disagree with this opinion? State your opinion and support it with reasons and examples.

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**TASK 1: LISTENING**

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Text One****1. Jenny and Elizabeth decided to go shopping ...?**

- A. on Monday
- B. on Tuesday
- ☒ C. on Wednesday

**2. What does Jenny want to buy?**

- A. another pair of shoes
- B. new dress
- C. a bag

**Text Two****3. Tony and Susan are meeting...?**

- A. at 15:15
- ☒ B. at 16:45
- C. at 17:45

**4. What day are they meeting?**

- ☒ A. on Sunday
- B. on Monday
- C. in a week

**Text Three****5. Where is Peter going now?**

- A. to school
- B. at the gym
- C. to his friends place

**6. Peter will use his dad's computer...**

- A. at 7am
- ☒ B. at 7:30 pm
- C. at 6:00 pm

**Text Four****7. Where does this dialogue take place?**

- ☒ A. hotel
- B. restaurant
- C. airport

**8. For how long does the man need the room?**

- A. a week
- B. for 2 days
- C. he hasn't decided yet

**Text Five****9. Sam thinks British people like to spend their free time...**

- A. making things for the house and the garden themselves
- B. working in the garden when the weather is good
- C. cleaning their houses when the weather is bad

**10. Why can't Sam help his dad now?**

- A. he twisted his ankle
- B. he cut his finger
- C. he has a headache



## TASK 2: READING

Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F)

### Climbing San Jacinto

Last summer my best friend and I went travelling in Nicaragua, in Central America. Nicaragua is a very beautiful country. People call it "the land of lakes and volcanoes". We visited some huge lakes, with lovely, clear, blue water. But what I really wanted to do was climb a volcano. We chose to climb a volcano called Telica. It's an active volcano, which means that you can see smoke and lava at the top. The nearest town is a little place called San Jacinto. There is no road from San Jacinto to the volcano. We found a friendly, local woman who could guide us to the top. "The climb isn't easy," she told us. "Make sure you bring lots of water and some warm clothes".

We left for the volcano just after midday. The sun was bright and the path was small and rocky. We were soon tired. Our guide was full of energy, though. The heat and the long walk were normal for her! After three long hours we arrived at the bottom of the volcano. I saw smoke at the top and I felt very excited.

After a short break, we began to climb again. It took another two hours to reach the top. My legs hurt a lot! When we finally arrived, it was magical! It was sunset and the sky was pink and orange. We could see tiny San Jacinto far away. Then, we walked to the edge of the volcano's giant crater and looked down. We saw a lake of orange lava 120 metres below us. My friend was terrified. I thought it was amazing.

That night we camped at the bottom of the volcano. Our guide made us a traditional Nicaraguan dinner of rice, beans and vegetables. The food was delicious. I saw many wonderful things while I was in Nicaragua, but my trip to Telica was the most spectacular!

### T/F

1. Nicaragua has some geographical features.
2. A lady from San Jacinto took them to the volcano.
3. The guide had problems with the hot weather.
4. They stopped for a rest on the way to the volcano.
5. When they reached the top, it was night time.
6. Inside the volcano's crater it was empty.
7. Going to the volcano was what the writer liked most.
8. They spent the night on top of the volcano.
9. They had a traditional English breakfast.
10. The volcano Telica is in Central America.

## TASK 3: READING

Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question.

*Every October, nearly a million chocolate lovers visit Perugia, a small Italian town. Why? It's time for Eurochocolate, Europe's most popular chocolate festival. So, what can you do at a chocolate festival? let's take a look...*

- A. In the centre of town, there is a chocolate market with 700 stalls. Chocolate makers from around the world come to sell hundreds of different types of chocolate. From chocolate covered bananas to chocolate pasta, there's something for everyone! There's even a special stand that sells chocolate for dogs!
- B. There is a lot of free chocolate to taste at the festival. Visitors can eat a little bit of some of the best and most famous chocolate in the world, completely free. It's a chocolate lover's dream.
- C. At the beginning of the festival, artists make huge chocolate sculptures. Some of them are one metre tall. At the end of the festival, everybody eats these delicious sculptures.
- D. The festival's chocolate cooking classes are always popular. At the class, you can learn how to make lots of delicious food using chocolate.

Next, you can see how a chocolate factory works. In Perugia there is a very famous chocolate factory. It is an interesting place to visit because you can see how cocoa beans become chocolate bars.

E. After all this, tired visitors can go to the chocolate spa. Here you can have a nice chocolate massage, or a warm chocolate bath. Even the beauty treatments here use chocolate.

F. There's more to Eurochocolate than food, though! All week, there are lots of theatre and dance performances. Musicians and DJs also play music in the streets, and lots of people dance. The whole town becomes a big party!

### Which paragraph...

1. describes a huge variety of chocolate to buy?
2. could have the title: "Delicious Artwork" ?
3. mentions the place where one can watch people making chocolate?
4. could have the title: "Relaxing with Chocolate?"
5. has information about a fun celebration?
6. states that you can try some delicious chocolate at the festival?
7. names the place where you can make your own chocolate?
8. suggests that Eurochocolate is more than only food?

### TASK 4: READING

Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.

Alison lives in a three-storey house, which stands at the mouth of a little river, facing the Isle of Arran across a narrow stretch of sea.

That day, Alison came back home from work. As usual, she had brought some work home from the travel agency. She wanted to have a quick bite to eat and then, after spending a few hours working, she was looking forward to watching her favourite soap opera.

She was just about to start preparing her dinner when there was a knock at the door. 'Oh, no! Who on earth could that be?' she muttered to herself. She went to the door and saw a man of about sixty who was standing there. It took her a moment before she realized who he was. He lived in the flat below, but they had never spoken before.

'I'm sorry to bother you, but there's something I'd like to talk to you about...' he mumbled. He had a long, thin face and two big front teeth that made him look rather like a rabbit. Alison hesitated, but asked him to come in. Then she noticed the dog. She hated dogs. This one was a very fat bulldog. The man had already gone into her small living room and sat down on the sofa. The dog followed him and climbed up on the sofa next to him.

The man coughed. 'Do you mind if I smoke?' he asked. Before she could ask him not to, he had taken out a cigarette and lit it. 'I'll tell you why I've come. I hope you won't be offended but.....' he began and then stopped. Suddenly his face went red. Then another cough exploded from somewhere deep inside him. Afterwards he put the cigarette back into his mouth and inhaled deeply. As he did so, some ash fell on the carpet.

The man seemed to have forgotten what he wanted to say. Alison looked at her watch and wondered when he would get to the point. She waited. 'Nice place you've got here,' he said at last.

#### 1. Alison lives...

- A. on the Isle of Arran                      B. by the sea  
C. on a rocky hill  
D. in a single-family detached house

#### 2. Alison felt...when she heard the knock at the door.

- A. afraid                                      B. delighted  
C. pleased                                    D. irritated

#### 3. Who was the man at her door?

A. A complete stranger.

B. A friend who needed advice.

C. Someone from work.

D. A neighbour she hardly knew.

#### 4....Alison could say to herself when she saw the dog.

A. I wish he wouldn't bring that dog in here.'

B. 'What's wrong with that poor dog?'

C. 'Oh, what a nice dog!'

D. I'm sure I've seen the dog before.'

**5. What happened after the man asked if he could smoke?**

A. He began to smoke but then put out the cigarette.

B. Alison offended him by asking him not to.

C. He began to smoke without waiting for an answer.

D. He took out his cigarettes but didn't light one.

**6. Alison wanted to...after doing her work.**

A. have something to eat

B. do something for the travel agency

C. watch a serial on TV

D. talk to her neighbour

**7. Choose the true sentence.**

A. The man showed Alison a rabbit

B. The man came in with his pet.

C. The man didn't have his front teeth.

D. The man had a rabbit with him.

**8. Why did the man want to talk to Alison?**

A. We are not told.

B. He wanted to tell her how nice her flat was.

C. He wanted to introduce himself.

D. She had done something to offend him.

## **TASK 5: VOCABULARY**

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once.

symbol (A)

strong (B)

building (C)

criminal (D)

place (E)

unpopular (F)

found (G)

know (H)

planet (I)

believed (J)

favourite (K)

sun (L)

school (M)

rocket (N)

A blue uniform, red boots, and a long, red cape. Tall, \_\_\_\_\_ (1), invisible. Kind, smart, just! Faster than a speeding bullet. More powerful than a train! Able to leap from \_\_\_\_\_ (2) to building! That's Superman, our most \_\_\_\_\_ (3) superhero!

Superman was created in 1933. His real 'parents' were high \_\_\_\_\_ (4) students Jerry Siegel and Joe Shuster from Cleveland, Ohio. Jerry and Joe were rather shy and \_\_\_\_\_ (5) at school, so they made up a superhero to live a life of fantasy through him!

As the story goes, Superman came from dying \_\_\_\_\_ (6) Krypton. His parents sent him to Earth in a \_\_\_\_\_ (7) in order to save him. The rocket landed in Kansas near a town called Smallville. A couple of farmers \_\_\_\_\_ (8) the boy, adopted him and named him Clark. As Clark grew older, he gained strength from the \_\_\_\_\_ (9). By the time he was an adult he was able to fly fire heat vision from his eyes and see through walls. From that point, he was Superman.

Superman is a \_\_\_\_\_ (10) of the American dream. He is a man who tries hard and succeeds. He is also a classical hero who fights \_\_\_\_\_ (11) and rescues the helpless. He is the superhero we all \_\_\_\_\_ (12) and love.

## **TASK 6: GRAMMAR**

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.

One sunny morning Joshua \_\_\_\_\_ (1) Steven went to the park to play football. The boys wanted to have a picnic, \_\_\_\_\_ (2) they took some sandwiches, fruit and juice with them. They enjoyed their picnic and decided to come \_\_\_\_\_ (3) home. Suddenly they saw two big black animals running towards them. The boys didn't know what to do. Joshua started shouting \_\_\_\_\_ (4) the animals. The animals were not frightened at all and the boys climbed \_\_\_\_\_ (5) a big tree.

Joshua and Steven sat in the tree. They were terrified. After some time, two men entered \_\_\_\_\_ (6) park carrying guns. They were zoo keepers \_\_\_\_\_ (7) finally caught the panthers. They returned the animals to the Zoo. The zoo keepers explained. "Next time we have to be more careful when we clean the cages. The panthers escaped."

The next day \_\_\_\_\_ (8) boys were on the front page of the local paper. The boys received a medal \_\_\_\_\_ (9) their help in catching the panthers. Everyone called them heroes. The boys said Heroes? How could we be heroes? We spent the whole time up \_\_\_\_\_ (10) tree!"

### TASK 7: GRAMMAR

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Greetings from London! We (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ here for 3 days but we (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ loads of sightseeing already! Yesterday, we (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ Buckingham Place, the National Art Gallery and the British Museum. Then we took a boat ride along the River Thames. We also (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ around London's historical centre and done some shopping on Oxford Street. Oxford Street (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ one of the busiest shopping streets in Europe. We (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ so many people! So far, both of us absolutely love London. Alex says it is the most exciting city he (7.) \_\_\_\_\_ to. The only bad thing is we (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ any sunny weather yet. It (9.) \_\_\_\_\_ raining since we (10.) \_\_\_\_\_ here! But you don't come to England for the weather!

See you when we get back.

Love

Alex and Kelly

1	A	have been	B	has been	C	was	D	is
2	A	has done	B	have done	C	is doing	D	was doing
3	A	visits	B	has visited	C	had visited	D	visited
4	A	has walked	B	was walking	C	have walked	D	has been walking
5	A	Is	B	was	C	were	D	will be
6	A	has never seen	B	had never seen	C	will never see	D	have never seen
7	A	had ever been	B	has ever been	C	was ever	D	will ever be
8	A	haven't had	B	hasn't had	C	didn't have	D	won't have
9	A	hadn't stopped	B	won't stop	C	wouldn't stop	D	hasn't stopped
10	A	gets	B	is getting	C	got	D	would get

### TASK 8: WRITING

The advertisement given below is taken from an online newspaper.

Read the advertisement and write an email to ask for more information about the details which are indicated.

**Welcome to Peter Dickson's Party!**  
 The first prize winner at our city Tennis Competitions!  
*Saturday, 4p.m.*  
**Blue Room in the Five Stars Restaurant**  
*Live music and disco!*

How to get there?

When / finish?

Telephone number?

Dear Sir/Madam,

I read your advertisement in the online newspaper. \_\_\_\_\_

### TASK 9: WRITING

Read the essay task and write between 100-120 words.

"Should the paparazzi be banned?"



**TASK 1: LISTENING**

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Text One**

1. **Where does this conversation take place?**
  - A. in the restaurant
  - B. in the car
  - C. in the street
2. **What did the man lose?**
  - ☒ A. wallet
  - B. passport
  - C. theatre ticket

**Text Two**

3. **Where does this conversation take place?**
  - A. In the supermarket
  - B. in the newsagent's
  - ☒ C. in the kitchen
4. **What did the man forget to buy?**
  - A. bread
  - ☒ B. newspaper
  - C. cheese

**Text Three**

5. **What is the weather like in the area the race takes place ?**
  - A. sunny
  - ☒ B. cloudy
  - C. windy
6. **The conditions in the mountains are...**
  - A. easy
  - ☒ B. difficult
  - C. are improving

**Text Four**

7. **The advertisement is about ...**
  - ☒ A. a place to leave your pet while you go on holiday
  - B. your grandmother who likes your pet
  - C. staying in a luxury hotel with your pet
8. **How about the price?**
  - ☒ A. not expensive
  - B. too expensive
  - C. very cheap

**Text Five**

9. **According to the conversation, mother...**
  - A. doesn't want to buy Philip a toy
  - B. thinks Philip should save more money
  - C. wants Philip to play with his old car
10. **Philip's mother doesn't want ...**
  - A. Philip to pay for his car
  - ☒ B. to pay her money on the car
  - C. Philip to have a piggy bank



## TASK 2: READING

Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F)

Jonathan Harker was a young lawyer working in London in 1800. His wife 'as a beautiful intelligent woman called Mina. They lived very happily together until one day Jonathan got a letter from someone called Count Dracula. Dracula wanted to buy a house and needed Jonathan's help to find one. He was paying a lot of money, so Jonathan travelled to Transylvania to meet him.

Count Dracula was a tall thin man who was always dressed in black. Jonathan arrived at his castle late at night and Dracula welcomed him and invited him to stay in his castle for a few days. Jonathan agreed, thinking of the money. Every day he walked alone around the castle and in the gardens. Dracula never appeared during the day. In the evening, Jonathan always wrote to his wife, had dinner in the beautiful dining room of the castle and then Dracula appeared and they had long conversations about the house in London.

A week later, Jonathan told him that he wanted to go back to England. Dracula got very angry. From that moment, Jonathan became Dracula's prisoner. He couldn't write to his wife any more, so Mina was getting more and more worried.

One day, as he was searching for a way out of the castle, Jonathan found Dracula's dead body. But the same night Dracula appeared alive again, so Jonathan thought there was something very weird about him. He was frightened. He then discovered that Dracula was a vampire; he wasn't exactly dead, but he wasn't alive either. He needed to drink people's blood to exist.

A month later, Dracula travelled to England. Many people died suddenly when Dracula visited and more were dying every day. Dracula was secretly in love with Mina, so he went to visit her. He told her that Jonathan was his prisoner. 'Come with me,' he said, 'and you and Jonathan will live forever.'

But Mina wasn't stupid. The next morning she went to the library and read about Dracula and vampires. She also found out how she could kill him. And the same evening, she killed Dracula and saved her husband's life.

Mina and Jonathan lived happily ever after.

### T/F

- 1 Dracula had a lot of money.
- 2 Dracula's castle was in Transylvania.
- 3 Dracula and Jonathan usually met in the morning.
- 4 Jonathan didn't want to stay at the castle for more than a week.
- 5 Dracula told Jonathan that he was a vampire.
- 6 Vampires drink blood.
- 7 Mina believed Dracula.
- 8 Mina read a book about Dracula.
- 9 Mina and Jonathan killed Dracula together.
- 10 Dracula killed Jonathan.

## TASK 3: READING

Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question.

A. \_\_ Last night, at about three o'clock in the morning, I heard a strange noise downstairs. I got out of bed and put on my dressing gown. With my heart beating fast, I slowly went to the top of the stairs. It sounded like there were people talking in the kitchen.

B. \_\_ I didn't know what to do. Finally, I decided to go downstairs. I made my way quietly down the stairs and listened at the kitchen door. A man asked: "Did you kill him?" and a woman replied: "Yes, I shot him." Then the man asked: "Why did you do that?" Suddenly I realised that there were not really any people in the kitchen. It was just the TV. But why did it turn itself on in the middle of the night?

C. \_\_ While I was standing in the kitchen wondering about the TV, I looked out of the window. It was dark, but I could see a figure outside. Someone was walking slowly across the garden! He whispered something. He was talking to another person! What were they doing in my garden?

D. \_\_ I was wondering what to do when they started walking towards the kitchen window. They were coming towards me! I didn't know what to do so I grabbed a knife and waited. They were getting closer and closer. I was so frightened. They came right up to the window, and I saw their faces. It was my neighbours, Alan and Liz!

E. \_\_ They obviously were not trying to break into my house, so why were they talking in my garden in the middle of the night? I opened the kitchen door and Alan and Liz came in. They sat down, and I made them both a cup of coffee. This is what Liz told me: "We were sleeping in our bedroom when we heard a loud noise coming from your kitchen. So Alan and I decided to investigate. We came down to your garden, but couldn't see any lights on."

F. \_\_ People were talking in the kitchen! So we thought that we should call the police. Just when you turned the light on in the kitchen, and we saw that everything was all right. So we were standing in the garden wondering whether to say hello to you or not, when you opened the kitchen window and said hello to us!" That explained almost everything. But I never found out why the TV came on in the middle of the night!

### Which paragraph...

1. could have the title: "unsolved mystery"?
2. describes night visitors?
3. has a detailed description of the anxious night?
4. could have the title : " a working TV set"?
5. mentions strangers in the garden?
6. tells us about the neighbours' decision to call the Police?
7. says that the author of the story was ready to defend himself?
8. presents Liz's part of the story?

### TASK 4: READING

Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.

Spaghetti is a very popular meal all over the world. Most people think it comes from Italy. But originally spaghetti comes from Asia. Close to the heart of Tokyo among the shops selling old books, there's a nice place to eat, called **Sabor** (a Spanish word for 'taste'.. It first opened its doors in 1955. **Sabor** serves the type of light meals you can find in a café. During the lunch hour this place is often crowded with students and office workers. Most of them come for the **spaghetti napolitan**. This is the most popular item on the menu. On some days more than 200 customers ask for this delicious meal.

The ingredients and recipe differ a little from chef to chef, but one ingredient that's always present is ketchup. The **Sabor's** cook cuts the ham, onion, green pepper and mushrooms into small pieces. He boils the spaghetti, adds the chopped ingredients and fries them lightly. After that he stirs everything in a sauce made from herbs, ketchup and tomato paste. When the spaghetti is ready for the table the cook puts some Tabasco pepper sauce and powdered cheese on it. "Soft spaghetti and ketchup?". "Italian pasta dish", you may say, but you will be wrong. The recipe doesn't come from Naples, Italy but from Yokohama, Japan!

Soon after World War II a chef at a Yokohama hotel decided to experiment and fried boiled spaghetti with tomato sauce and bits of ham and green pepper. However, tomato sauce comes originally from Naples, Italy, which explains the name, **spaghetti napolitan**.

#### 1. Spaghetti...

a. originally comes from Italy.

b. is very popular among all people around the world.

c. is thought to come from Asia.

**2. Sabor is...**

- a. far away from Tokyo.
- b. in the centre of Tokyo.
- c. near Tokyo.

**3. Students and office workers come to Sabor to have...**

- a. dinner.
- b. breakfast.
- c. lunch.

**4. Most people come to the restaurant because...**

- a. the cook is a genius.
- b. the menu is excellent.
- c. they like a particular dish.

**5. The ingredient that is always present is...**

- a. ketchup.
- b. ham.
- c. pepper.

**6. The Sabor's cook cuts...**

- a. ham, onion, red pepper and mushrooms
- b. ham, onion, green pepper and mushrooms
- c. ham, onion, tomatoes and mushrooms

**7. When the spaghetti is ready, the cook puts some ...on top of it.**

- a. peppers
- b. cheese
- c. ketchup

**8. The recipe for spaghetti napolitan comes from...**

- a. Japan.
- b. Italy.
- c. Naples.

**TASK 5: VOCABULARY**

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once.

days	(A)	world	(F)	red	(K)
amazing	(B)	terrible	(G)	building	(L)
historic	(C)	decorated	(H)	tallest	(M)
forget	(D)	visitors	(I)	restaurants	(N)
see	(E)	believed	(J)		

The Empire State Building is the \_\_\_\_\_ (1) building in New York. It is 443 metres high and has 103 floors. It was built in 1930 and took one year and forty-five \_\_\_\_\_ (2) to complete.

The ESB is one of the largest office spaces in the \_\_\_\_\_ (3), but it also has many shops and \_\_\_\_\_ (4) inside.

The Empire State Building has 73 super-fast lifts. The fastest of these travel from the ground to the 80th

floor in only 45 seconds! If you choose to walk to the top, you need to climb 1860 steps.

At the Empire State Building most \_\_\_\_\_ (5) go straight to the Observatory on the 86th floor.

The view is \_\_\_\_\_ (6). On a clear day you can \_\_\_\_\_ (7) for miles around. Looking at the Empire State Building from a distance is also great. The top floors are \_\_\_\_\_ (8) with beautiful lights. These change colours every day. Depending on the occasion, the \_\_\_\_\_ (9) can be white, green, blue, purple, \_\_\_\_\_ (10) or orange!

If you are ever in New York, don't \_\_\_\_\_ (11) to visit the Empire State Building. It offers the best view of New York, and it is one of the city's most \_\_\_\_\_ (12) buildings.

**TASK 6: GRAMMAR**

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.

The Battle of Flowers is a great parade \_\_\_\_\_ (1) is lots of fun. It takes place every year \_\_\_\_\_ (2) the second Thursday in August on Jersey Island \_\_\_\_\_ (3) the English Channel. It is a flower festival famous round the world. Local people wear colourful costumes. There are flower floats \_\_\_\_\_ (4) music bands playing happy music. Lots of visitors come to watch \_\_\_\_\_ (5) parade every year \_\_\_\_\_ (6) it is different from other festivals. People in the parade throw flowers \_\_\_\_\_ (7) the spectators and the spectators throw the flowers back at the people \_\_\_\_\_ (8) the parade. That's why the festival's name is 'The Battle of Flowers'. The local people think it is a lucky festival \_\_\_\_\_ (9) it is always sunny and never rainy on 'Battle Day'. So, see you \_\_\_\_\_ (10) Jersey!

**TASK 7: GRAMMAR**

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Last month my friend Jude and I (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ to go away for a weekend into the Tatra Mountains in Slovakia to ski. Well, we (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ about 60 kilometres when I looked in my bag and found that I (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ my passport at home! So we had to drive back to the city. It took us three hours because of the traffic jams. When we eventually arrived at the border, it (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ and there was ice on the road. At one o'clock exactly, our car (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ a tree by the side of the road, because Jude (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ asleep. The nearest village was eight kilometres away. We (7.) \_\_\_\_\_ of the car, walked to the village, and (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ a small hotel that night. Next morning, when we went back to the car we found that someone (9.) \_\_\_\_\_ our skis, our bags, everything! Nothing like this (10.) \_\_\_\_\_ to me.

1	A	decides	B	decided	C	would decide	D	has decided
2	A	has driven	B	would drive	C	had driven	D	will drive
3	A	has left	B	will leave	C	would leave	D	had left
4	A	was snowing	B	is snowing	C	has snowed	D	had been snowing.
5	A	has hit	B	hit	C	will hit	D	would hit
6	A	has fallen	B	fell	C	had fallen	D	would feel
7	A	get out	B	has got out	C	got out	D	will get out
8	A	stays	B	is stayig	C	has stayed	D	stayed at
9	A	has stolen	B	had stolen	C	steals	D	will steal
10	A	had happened	B	happens	C	will happen	D	has ever happened

**TASK 8: WRITING**

Read this note from your friend Martin. Write a note to him. Answer his questions.

**Jason**

*I'm coming to your party next week. What time does it start? Do you want me to bring anything? I was wondering if I could come with my sister as she has always wanted to meet all our friends.*

*See you, Martin*

Write 25-35 words.

**TASK 9: WRITING**

Read the essay task and write between 100-120 words.

**"What should a visitor to Georgia know about our customs?"**

Do you agree or disagree with this opinion? State your opinion and support it with reasons and examples.

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**TASK 1: LISTENING**

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Text One**

1. **Why is he giving the information?**
  - A. to tell people there is the problem on the train
  - ☒ B. to tell people they might be delayed on the road
  - C. to tell the people they might not fly today
2. **What is the reason of the problem?**
  - A. a traffic jam
  - B. slippery roads
  - ☒ C. accident

**Text Two**

3. **Who is the woman?**
  - A. the swimmer's mother
  - ☒ B. a new reporter
  - C. the swimmer's teacher
4. **Who helps the man with the money?**
  - A. his sister
  - B. his wife
  - ☒ C. his mother

**Text Three**

5. **What is the result of the conversation?**
  - A. the woman gives money to the charity
  - ☒ B. the woman doesn't give money to the charity
  - C. the woman will give money to the charity the following day
6. **What can we assume about the woman?**
  - ☒ A. she is not generous
  - B. she is too young
  - C. she's lazy

**Text Four**

7. **What are the two people doing?**
  - A. thanking
  - ☒ B. persuading
  - C. complaining
8. **How much money did they raise this tonight?**
  - ☒ A. more than 27 million
  - B. 30 million
  - C. less than 27 million

**Text Five**

9. **What is the result of the phone call?**
  - A. the customer books a table for Saturday
  - B. the customer books a room for Sunday
  - ☒ C. the customer doesn't book a table at the Thai Garden
10. **For how many people does the man need the table?**
  - A. three
  - B. four
  - C. two



## TASK 2: READING

Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F)

### MONA LISA

The world's most famous smile and the world's famous painting is Leonardo's Mona Lisa. But how much do you know about her? Who is the mysterious woman and why is her smile so special?

Leonardo began to work on this portrait around 1500 and spent many years working on it. According to the art historian Vasari is it the portrait of the young wife of a merchant from Florence, but Leonardo never gave him the picture. He kept it for himself.

Later the French king bought it and put it in the royal palace at Fontainebleau. Centuries later, French king Louis XIV moved the palace to Versailles and the painting moved too. For a while, Napoleon had it in his bedroom, but the Mona Lisa moved to Louvre when it became a museum. It has not moved since then, apart from a few years at the beginning of the twentieth century.

In 1911, the painting was stolen. It could not be found anywhere, but in 1913 the thief sent a letter to a gallery in Italy. He wanted to sell it. But why did the thief wait two years before returning it? During this time, many copies of the painting were made and sold to American collectors. Is the painting now in the Louvre also fake? Many people think that this is a real possibility.

Leonardo's painting is extremely life like, but many experts are not sure that it is a portrait of the woman from Florence. There are many theories, but perhaps the most interesting is that it is a portrait of Leonardo himself. An American expert has compared Leonardo's self-portrait and the Mona Lisa and she has found that many of the features are exactly the same.

The two most important features of a face are the corners of the eyes and the mouth. If you look at the painting, you will see that these features are blurred they are much less clear than the rest of the face. As a result, the viewer has to imagine what the Mona Lisa is thinking. The mystery of her smile is just a bit of clever artistic technique.

T/F

1. Leonardo painted the Mona Lisa about five hundred years ago.
2. He painted it very quickly.
3. The Mona Lisa is a portrait of Vasari's wife.
4. Louis XVI put the painting in the palace at Fontainebleau.
5. The Louvre has not always been a museum.
6. Some people think that the painting in Louvre is not the original.
7. The Mona Lisa is possibly a self-portrait of Leonardo.
8. An American expert was a man.
9. You can't see the Mona Lisa's mouth very well.
10. There are a lot of arguments about the secret of Mona Lisa.

## TASK 3: READING

Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question. Some paragraphs correspond to more than one statement.

A. It is officially said that smiling is not only the most charming signal a girl can give, it helps her live longer, have nice skin and live without stress. For most of us, every smile is as good as taking medicine. The physical mechanism of smiling 'feeds' our brains with pleasure-giving elements. American cardiologists are now saying that one sweet 60-second smile is worth 40 minutes of sleep.

B. "Happiness," says journalist Robert Holden, "is not only for lucky people. It's a talent everybody can develop." Robert Holden teaches laughter therapy as part of his course in Birmingham, UK. Each member of the group begins by practising smiling. "The brain cannot tell the difference between a real smile and not a real smile," says Holden, "Both create a feeling of happiness in the body."

C. American psychologist R. B. Zajonc believes that it is possible to cure people who are depressed. He cures them by teaching them special exercises for the face, like frequent smiling.

When a person smiles, many facial muscles work. This feeds our brains with pleasure-giving elements. This makes a person forget about his worries.

**D.** Smiling does more than just make you feel well. As you smile you use 13 facial muscles. The result of this is that the people who like smiling usually have better smooth skin than those who don't, because such people use 40 facial muscles every time they frown.

**E.** But hearty laughter is even better for your health than smiling. Hearty laughter makes the lungs larger and exercises the heart at least as much as running. And laughter as a natural medicine cleans our unhealthy system. French doctor Pierre Vachet showed that smiling is even better than running. His studies also proved that smiling also strengthens the immune system.

**F.** We should make a difference between smiling and laughing. Smiling is not a weak form of laughter. "It is a way of attracting attention," says scientist Desmond Morris.

That is why women, whose lips are on average bigger than men's, smile almost 50 per cent more. It is time to charm those men, take them by the hand and sit down to a 10-minute course of good smiling therapy. Smiling has one more good result. It releases what Holden calls a 'natural perfume', a love smell which is very attractive.

1. suggests that smiling is good for skin?
2. states that laughing is better than sports?
3. says that smiling is good for health?
4. could have the title: "Attracting Men" ?
5. gives the opinion that smiling can help depressed ?
6. could have the title: "Learning how to smile" ?
7. expresses the idea that smiling is not laughing?
8. compares smiling to running?

#### **TASK 4: READING**

Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.

**Marguerite** is from Cameroon. She gets up at five thirty and walks four kilometres to school. She has six lessons every day. She starts school at seven thirty and she finishes at half past three. After school, Marguerite helps her mother at home, works in the fields and does her homework. She needs ninety minutes to do her homework. Marguerite studies ten subjects and also three languages, French, English and German, which is her favourite subject.

**Carol** doesn't go to school. Her school 'The School of the Air', is in Alice Springs in central Australia and she lives on a farm 800 kilometres away! Carol studies eight subjects and is in a 'class' of ten students. Every day, she has one thirty-minute lesson on the radio and sometimes she has video lessons. She studies at home for six or five hours a day and she e-mails her homework to her teacher. Carol's teacher sometimes flies to her farm and meets her. Carol goes to Alice Springs for classes or for a sports camp twice a year.

**Pablo** is from Guadalajara in Mexico. In his school, some students go to school in the morning and some students in the afternoon. Pablo goes to school in the afternoon. Every day, he has seven lessons, from two o'clock to eight o'clock. He learns French as a foreign language at school. In the morning, he does his homework for two or three hours and then visits friends. On school days, he comes back home at ten o'clock at night. Pablo does nine subjects and his favourite subject is history.

**Martin** lives in a small town in Germany. He starts school at a quarter to eight. He has five lessons on Monday, seven lessons on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, and six lessons on Friday. In the afternoon he has a football training for two hours every day. Then he does his homework and meets his friends. He spends not more than an hour on his homework. He never helps his parents at home. Martin studies thirteen subjects, including two foreign languages, English and French.

1....doesn't have the same number of lessons at school every day.

A. Marguerite B. Carol C. Pablo D. Martin

**2. Marguerite has to learn...subjects at school.**

A. ten B. eleven C. twelve D. thirteen

**3... school is the furthest from home.**

A. Marguerite's B. Carol's  
C. Pablo's D. Martin's

**4... can't speak English at all.**

A. Marguerite B. Carol C. Pablo D. Martin

**5. Carol spends...on homework than Pablo every day.**

A. more time B. fewer hours  
C. as much time as D. many hours as

**6. Marguerite does her homework for....**

A. an hour and a half B. three hours  
C. at least five hours D. nearly an hour

**7. Choose the true sentence.**

A. Martin often helps his mum at home.

B. English is Marguerite's favourite subject at school.

C. Marguerite learns three languages at school.

D. Carol's lesson on the radio is ninety minutes long.

**8. Pablo...**

A. hates history at school

B. finishes school in the evening

C. meets his friends after school

D. does his homework at night

### **TASK 5: VOCABULARY**

**Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once.**

rooms (A)

buried (B)

pharaohs (C)

together (D)

covered (E)

museum (F)

River (G)

objects (H)

stolen (I)

jewellery (J)

pyramids (K)

small (L)

discovered (M)

robbers (N)

### **The ancient kings of Egypt**

The ancient kings of Egypt were called \_\_\_\_\_ (1). When pharaohs died, their bodies were \_\_\_\_\_ (2) with powder. Then they were dried. After that they were wrapped in bandages. Finally their bodies were \_\_\_\_\_ (3).

The first pharaohs were buried in \_\_\_\_\_ (4). Later, pharaohs were buried in tombs. The pharaohs' tombs were situated in a valley near the \_\_\_\_\_ (5) Nile. The name of the valley is the Valley of the Kings.

Tutenkhamen was one of the most famous pharaohs. He was king of Egypt from 1333 BC to 1323 BC.

His mummy was buried in the Valley of the Kings. His tomb was \_\_\_\_\_ (6) in 1922. After pharaohs died, \_\_\_\_\_ (7) broke into their tombs to steal gold and \_\_\_\_\_ (8). But Tutenkhamen's tomb was covered by rocks. His tomb was forgotten. Nothing was \_\_\_\_\_ (9) from his tomb. Tutenkhamen's tomb was discovered by Harold Carter. When Carter went into the tomb the \_\_\_\_\_ (10) were full of gold, furniture, clothes and other \_\_\_\_\_ (11). Carter also found tutenkhamen's mummy. The mummy was taken to a \_\_\_\_\_ (12).

### **TASK 6: GRAMMAR**

**Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.**

Red can be \_\_\_\_\_ (1) colour of danger. When traffic lights are red, they warn drivers \_\_\_\_\_ (2) pedestrians to stop. The red light is always \_\_\_\_\_ (3) the top of the lights where everyone can see it.

Red is also the colour for kings and queens. When royalty visit places, people roll out \_\_\_\_\_ (4) red carpet for them to walk on. This is a sign \_\_\_\_\_ (5) respect.

The red cross is a symbol of protection. It is the symbol of \_\_\_\_\_ (6) organisation \_\_\_\_\_ (7) gives help to those who need it. During a war, soldiers don't fire those \_\_\_\_\_ (8) carry the red cross symbol.

A red rose is a sign of romantic love. \_\_\_\_\_ (9) Valentine's Day people give each other red roses \_\_\_\_\_ (10) chocolates in red boxes that look like hearts.

## TASK 7: GRAMMAR

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Hi Jesse,

Greetings from Canada. I'm here with my cousins Bob and Lance. Canada is amazing. We (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ through most of the country. I (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ many photos since we got here. Bob (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ you some the other day. (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ them yet? Anyway, so far I (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ bungee jumping and skiing down some mountains.

Yesterday, Bob and Lance flew over Toronto in a helicopter. I (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ because I had a stomach ache. Tomorrow we (7.) \_\_\_\_\_ to Montreal. (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ there before? Well, Lance (9.) \_\_\_\_\_ this city so he's really excited. Natalie lives there and I (10.) \_\_\_\_\_ her since she visited me at Christmas, so I can't wait to go either!

Bye for now!

1	A	have already cycled	B	as cycled	C	is cycling	D	was cycling
2	A	has taken	B	ave taken	C	had taken	D	is taking
3	A	emails	B	has emailed	C	emailed	D	had emailed
4	A	had you seen	B	ehill you see	C	would you see	D	have you seen
5	A	has gone	B	have gone	C	went	D	is going
6	A	doesn't go	B	con't go	C	didn't go	D	wouldn't go
7	A	is going	B	are going	C	was going	D	will be going
8	A	have you ever been	B	has been	C	will be	D	would be
9	A	had never toured	B	never toures	C	is never touring	D	has never toured
10	A	hasn't seen	B	haven't seen	C	won't see	D	wouldn't see

## TASK 8: WRITING

The advertisement given below is taken from an online newspaper.

Read the advertisement and write an email to ask for more information about the details which are indicated.

### SANTA'S VILLAGE

Rout 2 Jefferson, New Hampshire, USA

Rides, slides, live animals.

Show and fun for everyone!

Snacks & meals at Snack Bar, Frosty Freezer's Ice Cream, Gingerbread Man Bake Shop

Telephone number?

Meet /Santa?

When/open?

Dear Sir/Madam,

I read your advertisement in the online newspaper. \_\_\_\_\_

## TASK 9: WRITING

Read the essay task and write between 100-120 words.

"Should animals be used to test new products?"



**TASK 1: LISTENING**

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Text One**

1. When does the afternoon section of the test begin?  
 A. at 12 o'clock  
 B. at 1 o'clock  
 C. at 3 o'clock
2. When will the student's have the test results ?  
 A. next month  
 B. next Monday  
 C. tomorrow

**Text Two**

3. Where is the woman going to fly tomorrow?  
 A. Tokyo  
 B. London  
 C. Los Angeles
4. Why is the woman nervous?  
 A. Tokyo seems a long flight  
 B. she has never flown before  
 C. the weather is terrible for flights

**Text Three**

5. What is the woman going to eat ?  
 A. Hamburger  
 B. Pasta  
 C. Chinese food
6. Why doesn't she like the Chinese Restaurant?  
 A. it's too noisy  
 B. it's has not a good choice of food  
 C. service is too slow

**Text Four**

7. What is the man allergic to?  
 A. the perfume  
 B. the candle  
 C. the cat
8. Why does the woman like to burn candles?  
 A. It makes the room comfortable  
 B. she likes the smell of candles  
 C. it helps her to relax

**Text Five**

9. What is the lady speaking about?  
 A. a school examination  
 B. a job interview  
 C. her previous job
10. How did the lady feel at the beginning ?  
 A. fine  
 B. confident  
 C. nervous



## TASK 2: READING

Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F)

Think of rock music – anything from Elvis Presley and the Beatles to Guns 'n' Roses – and you will think of one musical instrument – the electric guitar. Rock music was created by the electric guitar. The ordinary acoustic guitar has been played for centuries. It's easy to play. It's light and easy to carry. You can play it and sing at the same time. But the guitar has one problem – it isn't very loud. This problem was solved in 1931 when the first electric guitar was produced in the USA by Adolph Rickenbacker. It was very simple and it didn't look very exciting. In fact, people called it 'the electric frying pan.' But popular music was revolutionized by this simple instrument. In an electric guitar small microphones, or pickups, are placed under the strings. These pickups are connected to an amplifier and a speaker. There are controls for volume and tone on the guitar and on the amplifier. With modern electronics one guitar can be louder than a whole orchestra. Today millions of electric guitars are sold around the world. The two most popular types were both developed in the 1950s and they have changed very little since then. The LesPaul is made by the Gibson guitar company and it is greatly loved by heavy metal guitarists like Slash of Guns 'n' Roses. But the most popular guitar of all is the Stratocaster. It is made by Fender and has been played by many famous rock guitarists including Jimi Hendrix, Keith Richards of the Rolling Stones and Eric Clapton. Until 1980s more guitars were sold in the USA than any other instrument. Since then, however, the guitar has been overtaken by the electronic keyboard, and in the future more and more music will be produced by computers. But the electric guitar won't be replaced. Keyboards and computers are all right in the recording studio, but on stage they can't compete with the raw energy of the guitar. Stratocasters and Les Pauls will be seen and heard on the rock stage into the next century and beyond.

### T/F

1. A normal guitar is called an acoustic guitar.
2. Guitars are difficult to play.
3. The first electric guitar was produced in the 1930s.
4. The first electric guitar was called a Stratocaster.
5. In an electric guitar the strings are connected to the speaker.
6. Slash plays Les Paul.
7. The Stratocaster is made by the Gibson guitar company.
8. A lot of modern music is played on electronic keyboards.
9. On stage it is better to use a keyboard than a guitar.
10. Electric guitars won't be used in the future.

## TASK 3: READING

Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question.

- A. \_\_ Many people think that nothing happens when you sleep. But doctors who have studied sleep for many years, think that a lot happens when people sleep. Doctors say that there are five main kinds, or stages, of sleep. People may go through each stage about every 90 minutes. During the first two stages you sleep very lightly. If someone calls you or puts a hand on you, you wake up quickly. Your body rests quietly. You breathe more slowly than when you are awake. Your heart beats slowly.
- B. \_\_ During stages three and four, you sleep deeply. If someone puts a hand on you, you don't wake up. Your heart beats more slowly than in stages one or two. You don't hear sounds and you don't feel anything. Lights don't wake you up.
- C. \_\_ The last stage of sleep is called Rapid Eye Movement or REM. During REM sleep, you breathe faster, and your heart beats faster than in the first four stages. Your eyes move under your eyelids. All of this happens because you are dreaming. Doctors say that everyone dreams. Some

dreams are short, some are long. Some people are good at remembering their dreams, others forget theirs.

**D.** For some people, 4-5 hours' sleep a night is enough to get enough rest. Others may need 12 hours of sleep. Americans worry a lot about sleep. They spend at least 2.5 million dollars a year on sleeping pills. Many people do not know why they have difficulty sleeping. They take special pills to help them sleep. Sleeping pills may help you fall asleep, but when you wake up the next morning you don't feel rested.

**E.** Our living habits also affect our sleep. Busy people who are under stress during the day and get tired at their jobs may not be able to calm down and fall asleep at night. Eating just before going to bed may also keep you awake at night.

**F.** Doctors say that you will sleep more easily if your bedroom is used only for sleep. You shouldn't turn your bedroom into a room for meeting people, for watching TV, or for exercising. You should also establish a regular sleeping schedule. Try to go to bed at the same time every night and get up at the same time every morning. And if all this does not work, try counting sheep!

### Which Paragraph....

1. Presents the reasons for bad sleep?
2. Teaches us how to sleep well?
3. Could have the title: "People Worry About Sleep"?
4. Names the stage of dreams?
5. Describes the stages of deep sleep?
6. Could have the title: "Doctors study sleep"?
7. Mentions the effects of sleeping pills?
8. Has a detailed description of sleeping lightly?

### TASK 4: READING

Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.

Everyone knows that exercise is good for our bodies. But did you know that exercise actually gives you more energy, helps make you feel happy, and helps you do better at work or school? Experts say that young people need at least 60 minutes or more of exercise every day.

Take a look at some of the most important reasons.

Exercise helps both your mind and your body. When you exercise, your body sends chemicals to your brain that help make you feel happier and more peaceful. These chemicals also help you sleep better at night.

Exercise helps your body get rid of calories. If you take too many calories into your body and you don't exercise, you may gain weight. More weight can make you feel tired, or feel like you don't have a lot of energy. Doing even a little exercise every day, together with eating small, frequent meals, can help people lose weight and feel better.

Exercise helps make your body strong. A strong body gets sick less often than a weak body. We all know the old saying, 'An apple a day keeps the doctor away.' That may be true, but exercising frequently is another good way to keep your body healthy and strong.

As you get older, you can see that exercising helps keep your body young. Experts say that people who exercise often have fewer health problems as they get older than people who rarely exercise. Running, jumping, swimming, and playing sports can all help you feel younger.

It is never too early or too late in life to start exercising. Regular exercise can help people at any age. If you don't regularly exercise now, remember to start slowly. As you get stronger, you can try exercising longer. If you exercise now, your body will thank you later.

#### 1. Most people should try to exercise ....

- A. an hour a day    B. six hours a week  
C. an hour a week    D. six hours a day

#### 2. Regular exercise can actually give you ... energy.

- A. fresh    B. happy    C. total    D. more

3. The passage says exercising can make you do all of these EXCEPT ....

- A. do better at work B. have more friends  
C. feel happy D. do better at school

4. When you exercise, your body sends chemicals to your brain that make you ....

- A. sleep better and feel more peaceful  
B. wake up earlier in the morning  
C. want to sleep less  
D. feel happier when you sleep

5. Eating small, ... meals can help you lose weight when you exercise.

- A. frequent B. quick  
C. often D. rare

6. 'An apple a day keeps the doctor away,' means ....

- A. eating only apples will make you feel sick  
B. the doctor brings you apples if you are sick  
C. eating apples helps make you healthy  
D. doctors try to eat an apple every day

7. As people get older, exercise can help them feel ....

- A. their body B. health problems  
C. younger D. exercise

8. The passage says that a strong body ... a weak body.

- A. rarely exercises as often as  
B. doesn't get sick as often as  
C. sleeps more often than  
D. rarely feels as young as

### TASK 5: VOCABULARY

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once.

cleaned	(A)	rocks	(F)	years	(K)
tourists	(B)	higher	(G)	moved	(L)
special	(C)	giant	(H)	sight	(M)
local	(D)	gods	(I)	ago	(N)
summer	(E)	southwest	(J)		

Stonehenge is in the \_\_\_\_\_ (1) of England. It is visited by thousands of \_\_\_\_\_ (2) every year, mostly in the \_\_\_\_\_ (3).

The visitors are not usually allowed to go near the rocks. Why do people visit a circle of \_\_\_\_\_ (4)? What makes these rocks so \_\_\_\_\_ (5)? Well, they are not ordinary rocks.

First of all, they are huge. They're much, much \_\_\_\_\_ (6) than a tall man. Secondly, they were put there a very long time \_\_\_\_\_ (7). Stonehenge is about 4,200 \_\_\_\_\_ (8) old!

The rocks are not \_\_\_\_\_ (9) stone. They were carried over 200 kilometres from another part of England. The wheel was not invented yet. So how were the stones \_\_\_\_\_ (10)? And why?

Nobody really knows. Some people say Stonehenge was a \_\_\_\_\_ (11) calendar or a clock, and other people think it was built for the \_\_\_\_\_ (12). What do you think?

### TASK 6: GRAMMAR

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.

Young people today, especially teenagers, are spending more and more of their time meeting new friends online \_\_\_\_\_ (1) chatting with them \_\_\_\_\_ (2) hours. But is this always a good thing?

Talking to someone you have never met online, with or without a webcam, can be exciting. You can spend hours \_\_\_\_\_ (3) hours talking to people \_\_\_\_\_ (4) may be on the other side of the world. They can tell you a lot of things about cultures and countries \_\_\_\_\_ (5) are new to you. The best thing is that you don't even have to leave your bedroom. You can learn a lot \_\_\_\_\_ (6) foreign places just by using your computer!

On the other hand, chatting online \_\_\_\_\_ (7) people you don't really know is not always safe. Anyone can enter \_\_\_\_\_ (8) chat room, so you can't really know if \_\_\_\_\_ (9) person at

the other end is being honest with you. Also, some people spend too much time chatting online and they don't go outside and hang out with their friends.

Chatting online can be a nice experience if you are careful. Don't share your personal information \_\_\_\_\_ (10) people you don't know and don't forget to spend time with the friends who are near you.

### TASK 7: GRAMMAR

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Dear Mum and Dad,

The picture on the front of this postcard is of Patras, the third biggest city in Greece. If I come back to Greece, I (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ Patras again because everybody is so friendly. I don't know if you came to Patras when you were in Greece, but if you did, you (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ what a lovely city it is.

Do you remember when I was little how we caught fish in the lake when we (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ at Grandma's? Well yesterday I (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ fishing in the Ionian Sea but I (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ anything. I (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ again tomorrow! If I didn't have a return ticket I (7.) \_\_\_\_\_ longer. Dora's parents (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ me to stay for the rest of the summer! (9.) \_\_\_\_\_ ringing the travel agent and asking if I can change my ticket? You are the best mum and dad in the world and I miss you very much,

Love,

Zoe

PS. Please, (10.) \_\_\_\_\_ me some more money?

1	A	would visit	B	visited	C	will visit	D	is visiting
2	A	would remember	B	will remember	C	remembered	D	remembers
3	A	was staying	B	will be staying	C	is staying	D	were staying
4	A	has gone	B	will go	C	went	D	is going
5	A	doesn't catch	B	didn't catch	C	won't catch	D	wouldn't catch
6	A	is going	B	was going	C	were going	D	am going
7	A	would stay	B	will stay	C	is staying	D	was staying
8	A	has invited	B	have invited	C	will invite	D	would invite
9	A	did you mind	B	will you mind	C	do you mind	D	would you mind
10	A	would you send	B	did you send	C	have you sent	D	will you send

### TASK 8: WRITING

Read this note from your English teacher, Mrs Robinson and answer her questions.

**Ruth**

*You wanted to join our drama club. There is a part in the Shakespeare play now. When can you start? What days are you free? Let me know before Friday.*  
Mrs Robinson

Write 25-35 words.

### TASK 9: WRITING

Read the essay task and write between 100-120 words.

**"In disasters like the sinking of the Titanic, who should be saved first?"**



**TASK 1: LISTENING**

You are going to listen to five texts. For each of them answer the questions given. Mark the correct answer: A, B or C.

**Text One**

1. What does the man say about his new flatmate?

- A. he is very tidy
- B. he never goes out of the flat
- C. he eats all the food from the fridge

2. When does his flatmate leave the room?

- A. when he goes to the toilet
- B. when he wants to bring food
- C. when he wants to wash his clothes

**Text Two**

3. What is wrong with the man's shoes?

- A. they are too big
- B. they have holes
- C. they are too small

4. What size shoes does the man usually wear?

- A. 40
- B. 42
- C. 41

**Text Three**

5. What will the man do tomorrow ?

- A. he will work
- B. he will go camping
- C. he will go to the gym

6. Why doesn't he want to go camping?

- A. because he wants to stay home
- B. because he hates camping
- C. because of his ex-girlfriend

**Text Four**

7. What can you have a 50% discount on?

- A. shoes
- B. gloves
- C. jacket

8. What can you have a 25% discount on?

- A. hats
- B. gloves
- C. glasses

**Text Five**

9. What did Clara's father break?

- A. his leg
- B. his arm
- C. his hand

10. Who was injured in the accident?

- A. only Clara
- B. only his dad
- C. both Clara and his dad



## TASK 2: READING

Read the text. Then read the statements below and decide whether they are True (T) or False (F)

### GOING FOR GOLD

Pure gold is rare. It has been used for over 6,000 years, but there are still only about 110,000 tons in the world. It is usually mixed with other metals. The proportion of gold is shown in carats. Pure gold is twenty-four carat and the cheapest is nine carat. The word *carat* comes from the Greek word, *keration*, which means a carob seed. These seeds were used to weigh gold and diamonds.

Most gold today is found in South Africa and North America. About 83% of it is used for jewellery. Of the rest about 9% is used by industry, about 6% is used for coins and 2% is made into gold teeth. Gold is usually found in very small pieces or 'nuggets'. The largest nugget, the Holtermann nugget, was found in 1872 in Australia.

The largest reserves of gold are held in the USA in the Federal Reserve Bank and Fort Knox. The second biggest stores are held by the Bank of England and the Bank of France. Not all of this gold belongs to the governments of these countries.

The first gold coins were used in Turkey in 670 BC (Before Christ). But gold has always been accepted as money anywhere in the world.

Sailors, for example, used to wear a gold carring. If they were shipwrecked, they could pay to get home again. Gold is still given to military pilots for the same reason.

People have always been fascinated by gold. The gold of the Pharaohs was stolen from their tombs in the Pyramids. The Inca and Aztec empires were destroyed for gold. Hundreds of men died in the jungles of South America as they searched for the golden city of Eldorado. In 1849 thousands of people left their homes to join the California Gold Rush. Many were killed by Indians, outlaws and disease.

## T F

1. Twenty-four carat gold is the most expensive.
2. Gold is weighed with carob seeds.
3. Most gold is made into jewellery.
4. Most gold is found in Australia.
5. All the gold in Fort Knox is owned by the American government.
6. The first gold coins were produced over 3,000 years ago.
7. Military pilots don't wear gold earrings.
8. Eldorado was destroyed for gold.
9. Gold was discovered in California in 1849.
10. Gold Rush resulted in many deaths.

## TASK 3: READING

Read the questions (1-8) and try to find the answers to them in the text on the next page. Indicate the paragraph (A-F), in which you found the information, next to the question.

### For the love of books

A. \_\_It seems that books have always been in our lives. For centuries they have represented and reflected human culture. Nowadays books are indispensable in everyone's life. They broaden the mind and they are an important source of information and knowledge about the world.

B. \_\_When I was a child I loved reading, and I read anything I could find. But I detested sport, and even hated going for walks, so I spent most of my time with my nose in a book. I was the only girl in a family of five brothers, and I was quite quiet - but in the world of my books, I was strong, and beautiful - the lovely princess with the handsome prince, the girl who fights enormous monsters, the star...

C. \_\_As I grew older, books became my life. I didn't need to go out, or watch TV - I lived the highs and lows of my characters in their fight for success - I worried about the dancer who broke her leg, I

cried when the rider's favourite horse died and I was so happy when the doctor got through floods and thunderstorms to save the life of a sick child!

D. Of course, after time, I started to write my own stories. And of course, at first, I wasn't very good at it! I found it easier to write about sad things, so my first stories were full of disasters, accidents and deaths. My father read one story and couldn't quite understand why three characters died, a dog had an accident and a house burned down - and that was all before the end of the fourth page!

E. Then one day my aunt said I should write about my own life. I was in bed with a broken arm, and even I got bored of books after a while. My aunt came to visit and brought me some paper and a pen. 'Go on,' she said, 'write about your life with five brothers. Tell it like it is.' And so I did. (Luckily, my right arm wasn't broken, so I could still write!)

F. Ten years later, my first story was published. And I used those early childhood memories. The main character is a writer. And guess what? She breaks her arm falling out of a tree, and her aunt comes to visit - and then she becomes a very famous writer! And me? Well, I'm still waiting ...

**Which paragraph...**

1. could have the title: "Living Life Through Books"?
2. tells us about the author's decision to write a book about her own life?
3. could have the title: "Introduction"?
4. explains the advantages of reading books?
5. describes the author's imaginations in the world of books?
6. states that the author was a different child in the family?
7. has information about the author's first published story?
8. could have the title: "Unhappy Ending"?

#### **TASK 4: READING**

**Read the text and the questions below. For each question mark the correct answer: A, B, C or D.**

Can you imagine living and working in space for six months? That's what American and Russian astronauts on the International Space Station do. The space station is just like a house in space. It has living areas for eating, sleeping and exercise. It also has laboratories for science experiments, and 'parking' places for spacecrafts from Earth. Astronauts on the space station do a lot of experiments in biology, physics, astronomy and meteorology. The station can be seen from Earth without any equipment. It has been occupied since 2<sup>nd</sup> November 2000.

Life is very different in the space station because everything is weightless. People and things just float! Your feet can be on the floor, the ceiling or the wall! In space, people don't walk or use their muscles like they do on Earth. Instead, they have to exercise on special machines every day. There's no real night and day in space because the sun rises and sets every ninety minutes. It takes the station only 90 minutes to go round the earth! The astronauts just learn to cover their eyes when they sleep. They can't sleep in beds, either. They have sleeping bags that are stuck to the wall.

Cooking and eating in space are a bit different, too. Straps hold the food on the table, and there aren't any chairs because the astronauts float while they eat. All of the food is dried or in tins because there isn't a fridge, and it's all prepared on Earth. Making lunch or dinner is easy: astronauts just add hot water or heat the meal up! They don't do the washing up because they have to throw the food containers away. Astronauts don't wash their clothes, either. Inside the space station they all wear the same uniforms. After a few days, they throw them away. When they do a space walk outside the station, astronauts wear special space suits. The suits contain drinking water, a radio, and a lot of equipment for emergencies.

Life in space certainly isn't easy. Astronauts work very hard, but it's great fun! Astronauts experience amazing things, and the view of Earth from space is beautiful.

**1. You can see the International Space Station with ...from Earth.**

- A only special equipment
- B. binoculars only
- C. the naked eye
- D. GPS sensor

**2. Astronauts live on the space station to...**

- A. do lots of experiments
- B. be weightless
- C. become astronomers
- D. reach the Moon

**3. Astronauts have been on the International Space Station for...**

- A. ever
- B. ninety minutes
- C. two decades
- D. twelve years

**4. Astronauts have to use exercise machines because...**

- A. this helps them become weightless
- B. they must exercise their muscles
- C. they are too lazy to walk
- D. they walk too much in space

**5. Astronauts are supplied with ... to prepare meals on the International Space Station.**

- A. fresh vegetables
- B. food without water
- C. food prepared in space
- D. fresh meat

**6. Space suits used for being outside the station don't contain...**

- A. drinking water
- B. equipment for dangerous situations
- C. a radio
- D. tinned food

**7. The sun rises and sets every ninety minutes on the station because it orbits the earth ...times per day.**

- A. twenty-four
- B. three
- C. sixteen
- D. 3 hundred

**8. There aren't any chairs in the space station because astronauts ... during meals.**

- A. float
- B. stuck to the walls
- C. sit on the floor
- D. are held by straps

**TASK 5: VOCABULARY**

Read the text and fill the gaps with the words given below. Use each word only once. Two words are extra.

waited	(A)	message	(F)	computer	(K)
clever	(B)	typing	(G)	slow	(L)
carefully	(C)	laughed	(H)	surprised	(M)
pleased	(D)	winner	(I)	ran	(N)
nothing	(E)	rich	(J)		

Nick Barnes was nasty and proud and \_\_\_\_\_ (1) with himself. He was \_\_\_\_\_ (2) and always came top of his class.

Nick's family weren't \_\_\_\_\_ (3) and his computer wasn't very new. One day Nick was \_\_\_\_\_ (4) his story for the class English prize. When Nick typed the wrong letter he hit the machine and said, 'You're stupid and \_\_\_\_\_ (5). I should get a new computer.'

Suddenly a \_\_\_\_\_ (6) appeared on the computer screen: 'Hello Nick. I might be old but I am not stupid. And please don't hit me.'

Nick was scared. Then he \_\_\_\_\_ (7) and typed: 'Be quiet. Print my work, stupid.'

Nick took his story to the teacher. He \_\_\_\_\_ (8) for two days, and then the teacher said to the class: 'The \_\_\_\_\_ (9) of the prize is ...' Nick looked up and smiled. '... Ruth Rand.'

Nick was \_\_\_\_\_ (10). 'Ruth Rand?' he said to himself. 'How could she win? She isn't clever.'

After school Nick typed on the \_\_\_\_\_ (11): 'What did you do to my story?' There was a beep. Nick read the answer: 'I changed some words. You should read your work more \_\_\_\_\_ (12). You're not as clever as you think.'

**TASK 6: GRAMMAR**

Read the text and fill the gaps with one of the following: an article, a preposition, a conjunction or a relative pronoun. Note that in each space you should insert only ONE word.  
Do not copy the words from the text on the answer sheet.

## EXERCISING TIPS AND TRICKS

It's my fifth week \_\_\_\_\_ (1) exercising now and these things helped me a lot! Firstly, before you start your exercise, it's good to warm up your muscles, so that you don't damage them. You can walk, jog, \_\_\_\_\_ (2) skip for a few minutes and it's also good to do some stretching exercises. These will help you to move your arms and legs easily.

Then, when you exercise, it is necessary to think \_\_\_\_\_ (3) breathing. When you don't breathe well, your brain \_\_\_\_\_ (4) muscles don't get all the oxygen that they need. It's important to pay attention to breathing \_\_\_\_\_ (5) proper breathing will allow you to exercise longer and more efficiently.

After you finish your exercise, it's good to cool down your muscles, so that they don't get sore. Run slowly or walk \_\_\_\_\_ (6) a few minutes to prevent pain. Then do more stretching exercises. You also need to put back \_\_\_\_\_ (7) water that you lose in your sweat, so it's important to drink after you do exercise. And finally, remember to use the right equipment to protect your head \_\_\_\_\_ (8) body. When you do exercise outdoors \_\_\_\_\_ (9) the dark, people need to see you. That's why you should wear bright clothes \_\_\_\_\_ (10) use lights when you cycle.

## TASK 7: GRAMMAR

Read the text and put the verbs in brackets in the correct form.

Dear Tanya,

I (1.) \_\_\_\_\_ a great time here with my brother in the west of England. I think it is the most interesting place I have ever visited. As you know, Stephen is at university here and so I (2.) \_\_\_\_\_ with him. He (3.) \_\_\_\_\_ for three years and he (4.) \_\_\_\_\_ the town is not the same since he first (5.) \_\_\_\_\_ here and things have changed. He says that when he first came here, it was difficult to get around but over the years that has changed and now they have started new bus routes. As for my news, so far, I (6.) \_\_\_\_\_ the local museum and have learned a lot of things about natural history and wild animals. The paintings in the different rooms were wonderful too. And it (7.) \_\_\_\_\_ anything either. After walking around all the galleries, I (8.) \_\_\_\_\_ a soft drink and a snack. That was good too. I (9.) \_\_\_\_\_ any souvenirs yet, but perhaps I (10.) \_\_\_\_\_ some tomorrow. Anyway, that's about all for now.

A	is havng	B	was having	C	am having	D	were having
A	is staying	B	was staying	C	am staying	D	are staying
A	had been	B	has been	C	was	D	is
A	says	B	said	C	will say	D	would say
A	arrives	B	arrived	C	will arrive	D	would arrive
A	has visited	B	had visited	C	have visited	D	will have visited
A	doesn't cost	B	wouldn't cost	C	won't cost	D	didn't cost
A	has	B	will have	C	is having	D	had
A	hasn't brought	B	haven't bought	C	won't brought	D	hadn't brought
A	will get	B	would get	C	got	D	is getting

## TASK 8: WRITING

The advertisement given below is taken from an online newspaper.

Read the advertisement and write an email to ask for more information about the details which are indicated.



## Greenwich College

**London, GB**

In a fashionable district famous for Royal Observatory and Greenwich meridian  
7 days - 985 \$ 14 days-1355\$

**Residence:**

Breakfast, packed lunch, dinner

15 hours of English a week;

Modern classrooms, Sports facilities, swimming pool, disco, clubs.

1 full day excursion per week.

Address?

Type of accommodation?

Working months?

Dear Sir/Madam,

I read your advertisement in the online newspaper.

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### TASK 9: WRITING

Read the essay task and write between 10-120 words.

**"Surveillance cameras should be used in school."**

**Do you agree or disagree with this opinion? State your opinion and support it with reasons and examples.**

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## KEY

### TEST 1

- Task 1 1. A 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. B 6. B 7. B 8. C 9. C 10. A  
Task 2 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. F 5. F 6. T 7. F 8. T 9. T 10. T  
Task 3 1. B 2. C 3. D 4. F 5. A 6. D 7. E 8. F  
Task 4 1. A 2. C 3. A 4. A 5. C 6. B 7. A 8. B  
Task 5 1. B 2. E 3. A 4. J 5. G 6. I 7. L 8. D 9. F 10. C 11. N 12. M  
Task 6 1. In 2. The 3. And 4. An 5. But 6. For 7. The 8. Because 9. Who 10. The  
Task 7 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. C 5. D 6. A 7. B 8. D 9. A 10. C

### TEST 2

- Task 1 1. C 2. B 3. B 4. B 5. A 6. A 7. B 8. A 9. B 10. C  
Task 2 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. F 5. T 6. T 7. F 8. F 9. T 10. T  
Task 3 1. A 2. B 3. A 4. D 5. F 6. E 7. C 8. C  
Task 4 1. C 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. D 6. B 7. B 8. B  
Task 5 1. G 2. E 3. M 4. F 5. H 6. K 7. I 8. J 9. D 10. C 11. N 12. A  
Task 6 1. With 2. because 3. the 4. of 5. but 6. because 7. and 8. and 9. a 10. on  
Task 7 1. B 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. D 6. A 7. C 8. D 9. D 10. A

### TEST 3

- Task 1 1. B 2. B 3. C 4. B 5. C 6. C 7. B 8. A 9. A 10. A  
Task 2 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. F 6. T 7. F 8. T 9. T 10. F ✓  
Task 3 1. C 2. D 3. E 4. A 5. F 6. D 7. F 8. B ✓  
Task 4 1. B 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. C 6. B 7. A 8. C ✓  
Task 5 1. I 2. E 3. F 4. A 5. M 6. D 7. C 8. L 9. G 10. B 11. H 12. J  
Task 6 1. An 2. The 3. And 4. That 5. But 6. In 7. For 8. The 9. In 10. Who  
Task 7 1. B 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. B 6. A 7. D 8. B 9. A 10. D

### TEST 4

- Task 1 1. A 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. C 6. A 7. B 8. A 9. B 10. A ✓  
Task 2 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. F 6. F 7. T 8. F 9. F 10. T  
Task 3 1. B 2. C 3. E 4. D 5. F 6. A 7. C 8. E  
Task 4 1. C 2. C 3. A 4. D 5. D 6. A 7. C 8. B  
Task 5 1. C 2. D 3. L 4. E 5. A 6. B 7. M 8. J 9. H 10. F 11. G 12. I

- Task 6 1. And 2. For 3. Into 4. In 5. With 6. Or 7. About 8. Because 9. That 10. But  
 Task 7 1. B 2. C 3. A 4. D 5. B 6. B 7. C 8. C 9. A 10. D

### TEST 5

- Task 1 1. A 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. A 6. C 7. C 8. B 9. A 10. A  
 Task 2 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F 6. T 7. T 8. T 9. F 10. F  
 Task 3 1. B 2. F 3. C 4. E 5. F 6. A 7. D 8. A  
 Task 4 1. A 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. B 6. C 7. A 8. B  
 Task 5 1. G 2. J 3. I 4. F 5. A 6. L 7. N 8. C 9. M 10. N 11. H 12. B  
 Task 6 1. And 2. Because 3. That 4. To 5. In 6. With 7. To 8. The 9. But 10. For  
 Task 7 1. B 2. A 3. C 4. D 5. A 6. A 7. B 8. D 9. C 10. C

### TEST 6

- Task 1 1. A 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. B 6. C 7. B 8. C 9. A 10. A  
 Task 2 1. F 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T 6. T 7. F 8. F 9. T 10. T  
 Task 3 1. F 2. B 3. D 4. F 5. A 6. C 7. B 8. A  
 Task 4 1. D 2. D 3. C 4. D 5. A 6. A 7. C 8. B  
 Task 5 1. D 2. G 3. I 4. C 5. K 6. A 7. J 8. L 9. B 10. N 11. H 12. E  
 Task 6 1. And 2. In 3. The 4. Because 5. The 6. To 7. Away 8. For 9. In 10. The  
 Task 7 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D 5. D 6. C 7. A 8. B 9. C 10. D

### TEST 7

- Task 1 1. A 2. B 3. B 4. B 5. C 6. C 7. A 8. B 9. B 10. C  
 Task 2 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T 6. T 7. T 8. F 9. T 10. F  
 Task 3 1. B 2. A 3. E 4. F 5. C 6. E 7. F 8. D  
 Task 4 1. D 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. C 6. A 7. D 8. C  
 Task 5 1. M 2. I 3. D 4. K 5. A 6. J 7. B 8. F 9. L 10. H 11. C 12. E  
 Task 6 1. An 2. The 3. Of 4. At 5. In 6. On 7. For 8. For 9. And 10. And  
 Task 7 1. A 2. B 3. B 4. C 5. D 6. D 7. C 8. B 9. A 10. A

### TEST 8

- Task 1 1. C 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. B 6. A 7. C 8. A 9. C 10. B  
 Task 2 1. F 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. T 6. T 7. T 8. T 9. F 10. F  
 Task 3 1. F 2. A 3. C 4. E 5. D 6. A 7. B 8. D  
 Task 4 1. C 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. C 6. A 7. B 8. B  
 Task 5 1. N 2. E 3. D 4. G 5. L 6. F 7. B 8. K 9. I 10. A 11. H 12. C  
 Task 6 1. But 2. And 3. Or 4. From 5. With 6. At 7. A 8. The 9. The 10. And  
 Task 7 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D 5. B 6. C 7. D 8. A 9. B 10. D

### TEST 9

- Task 1 1. C 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. A 6. A 7. C 8. A 9. C 10. B  
Task 2 1. T 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. F 6. F 7. T 8. F 9. T 10. F  
Task 3 1. B 2. A 3. C 4. D 5. E 6. B 7. A 8. F  
Task 4 1. C 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. D 6. A 7. B 8. A  
Task 5 1. A 2. F 3. G 4. C 5. M 6. B 7. I 8. N 9. H 10. E 11. K 12. D  
Task 6 1. And 2. Who 3. The 4. The 5. On 6. For 7. To 8. That 9. Into 10. Or  
Task 7 1. A 2. C 3. C 4. D 5. A 6. B 7. D 8. A 9. B 10. C

### TEST 10

- Task 1 1. B 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. A 6. C 7. A 8. B 9. C 10. B  
Task 2 1. F 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. T 6. F 7. F 8. T 9. F 10. T  
Task 3 1. A 2. F 3. C 4. D 5. E 6. B 7. A 8. B  
Task 4 1. C 2. B 3. D 4. A 5. D 6. B 7. A 8. C  
Task 5 1. E 2. D 3. H 4. N 5. M 6. G 7. I 8. K 9. A 10. J 11. C 12. L  
Task 6 1. An 2. And 3. In 4. For 5. For 6. Because 7. And 8. The 9. In 10. The  
Task 7 1. A 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. D 6. D 7. A 8. B 9. C 10. D

### TEST 11

- Task 1 1. B 2. C 3. B 4. C 5. A 6. A 7. B 8. C 9. A 10. C  
Task 2 1. F 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T 6. F 7. F 8. F 9. T 10. F  
Task 3 1. B 2. F 3. D 4. A 5. B 6. E 7. A 8. C  
Task 4 1. B 2. A 3. B 4. D 5. C 6. C 7. D 8. D  
Task 5 1. D 2. C 3. I 4. E 5. A 6. H 7. J 8. K 9. L 10. N 11. F 12. B  
Task 6 1. The 2. Who 3. With 4. That 5. Because 6. The 7. Of 8. About 9. But 10. in  
Task 7 1. D 2. B 3. B 4. C 5. D 6. A 7. A 8. B 9. C 10. D

### TEST 12

- Task 1 1. C 2. A 3. A 4. B 5. B 6. B 7. C 8. C 9. B 10. A  
Task 2 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. F 6. T 7. F 8. T 9. F 10. F  
Task 3 1. D 2. E 3. B 4. A 5. C 6. F 7. D 8. A  
Task 4 1. B 2. B 3. B 4. C 5. D 6. B 7. B 8. B  
Task 5 1. G 2. H 3. I 4. L 5. J 6. A 7. F 8. M 9. C 10. B 11. K 12. D  
Task 6 1. Who 2. But 3. And 4. For 5. To 6. For 7. The 8. The 9. Of 10. A  
Task 7 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D 5. A 6. B 7. C 8. D 9. B 10. A

### TEST 13

- Task 1 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. B 6. B 7. A 8. C 9. C 10. A

- Task 2 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. F 6. F 7. F 8. T 9. F 10. F  
 Task 3 1. A 2. F 3. D 4. B 5. C 6. E 7. D 8. F  
 Task 4 1. B 2. A 3. B 4. C 5. A 6. B 7. B 8. C  
 Task 5 1. C 2. L 3. N 4. I 5. D 6. K 7. H 8. A 9. F 10. G 11. B 12. M  
 Task 6 1. The 2. Which 3. That 4. For 5. At 6. Of 7. And 8. In 9. But 10. The  
 Task 7 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D 5. A 6. B 7. C 8. D 9. A 10. D

#### TEST 14

- Task 1 1. B 2. C 3. C 4. C 5. A 6. B 7. A 8. B 9. C 10. A  
 Task 2 1. T 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. T 6. T 7. F 8. T 9. F 10. F  
 Task 3 1. A 2. D 3. F 4. A 5. D 6. C 7. E 8. B  
 Task 4 1. C 2. C 3. A 4. B 5. C 6. B 7. B 8. C  
 Task 5 1. A 2. N 3. J 4. C 5. G 6. F 7. B 8. M 9. K 10. L 11. E 12. H  
 Task 6 1. The 2. The 3. An 4. Who 5. But 6. And 7. On 8. Out 9. But 10. That  
 Task 7 1. A 2. B 3. D 4. C 5. B 6. D 7. A 8. D 9. C 10. B

#### TEST 15

- Task 1 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. A 5. B 6. C 7. C 8. B 9. A 10. C  
 Task 2 1. F 2. F 3. F 4. T 5. T 6. F 7. T 8. F 9. T 10. T  
 Task 3 1. B 2. F 3. A 4. D 5. C 6. E 7. D 8. E  
 Task 4 1. D 2. D 3. C 4. C 5. A 6. A 7. B 8. D  
 Task 5 1. M 2. E 3. C 4. J 5. B 6. H 7. F 8. N 9. K 10. G 11. D 12. L  
 Task 6 1. The 2. To 3. With 4. In 5. And 6. In 7. At 8. An 9. Than 10. Of  
 Task 7 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D 5. C 6. A 7. D 8. A 9. D 10. B

#### TEST 16

- Task 1 1. C 2. A 3. B 4. A 5. B 6. B 7. A 8. C 9. A 10. B  
 Task 2 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F 6. F 7. T 8. F 9. F 10. T  
 Task 3 1. A 2. C 3. D 4. E 5. F 6. B 7. D 8. F  
 Task 4 1. B 2. D 3. D 4. A 5. C 6. C 7. B 8. A  
 Task 5 1. B 2. C 3. K 4. M 5. F 6. I 7. N 8. G 9. L 10. A 11. D 12. H  
 Task 6 1. And 2. So 3. Back 4. At 5. Up 6. The 7. Who 8. The 9. For 10. A  
 Task 7 1. A 2. B 3. D 4. C 5. A 6. D 7. B 8. A 9. D 10. C

#### TEST 17

- Task 1 1. B 2. A 3. C 4. B 5. B 6. B 7. A 8. A 9. A 10. B  
 Task 2 1. T 2. T 3. F 4. T 5. F 6. T 7. F 8. T 9. F 10. F

- Task 3 1. F 2. E 3. A 4. B 5. C 6. F 7. D 8. E  
 Task 4 1. B 2. B 3. C 4. C 5. A 6. B 7. B 8. A  
 Task 5 1. M 2. A 3. F 4. N 5. I 6. B 7. E 8. H 9. L 10. K 11. D 12. C  
 Task 6 1. Which 2. On 3. In 4. And 5. The 6. Because 7. At 8. In 9. Because 10. In  
 Task 7 1. B 2. C 3. D 4. A 5. B 6. C 7. C 8. D 9. B 10. D

### TEST 18

- Task 1 1. B 2. C 3. B 4. C 5. B 6. A 7. B 8. A 9. C 10. B  
 Task 2 1. T 2. F 3. F 4. F 5. T 6. T 7. T 8. F 9. T 10. T  
 Task 3 1. D 2. E 3. A 4. F 5. C 6. B 7. F 8. E  
 Task 4 1. D 2. D 3. B 4. C 5. A 6. A 7. C 8. B  
 Task 5 1. C 2. E 3. B 4. K 5. G 6. M 7. N 8. J 9. I 10. A 11. H 12. F  
 Task 6 1. The 2. And 3. On 4. A 5. Of 6. An 7. Which 8. Who 9. On 10. Or  
 Task 7 1. A 2. B 3. C 4. D 5. B 6. C 7. B 8. A 9. D 10. B

### TEST 19

- Task 1 1. B 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. B 6. C 7. A 8. C 9. B 10. C  
 Task 2 1. T 2. F 3. T 4. F 5. F 6. T 7. F 8. T 9. F 10. F  
 Task 3 1. E 2. F 3. D 4. C 5. B 6. A 7. D 8. A  
 Task 4 1. A 2. D 3. B 4. A 5. A 6. C 7. C 8. B  
 Task 5 1. J 2. B 3. E 4. F 5. C 6. G 7. N 8. K 9. D 10. L 11. H 12. I  
 Task 6 1. And 2. For 3. And 4. Who 5. That 6. About 7. With 8. A 9. The 10. With  
 Task 7 1. C 2. A 3. D 4. C 5. B 6. D 7. A 8. B 9. C 10. D

### TEST 20

- Task 1 1. B 2. A 3. C 4. A 5. A 6. C 7. C 8. B 9. A 10. C  
 Task 2 1. T 2. T 3. T 4. F 5. F 6. F 7. F 8. F 9. T 10. T  
 Task 3 1. C 2. E 3. A 4. A 5. B 6. B 7. F 8. D  
 Task 4 1. C 2. A 3. D 4. B 5. B 6. D 7. C 8. A  
 Task 5 1. D 2. B 3. J 4. G 5. L 6. F 7. H 8. A 9. I 10. M 11. K 12. C  
 Task 6 1. Of 2. Or 3. About 4. And 5. Because 6. For 7. The 8. And 9. In 10. And  
 Task 7 1. C 2. C 3. B 4. A 5. B 6. C 7. D 8. D 9. B 10. A

Keys for Teachers only! ☺☺☺



საკონტაქტო ნომერი:

**577 38 89 44**



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